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PENNSYLVANIA.

A Decided Republican Majority in the City of Philadelphia.

McClure's Desperate Frauds Cannot Save Him.

Hartranft's Election Foreshadowed Beyond Doubt.

Early Returns of the Philadelphia Vote Anticipated.

The Present Aspect of the Situation Throughout the State.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—Returning here after a three weeks' tour through the interior counties of the State, I find the Philadelphia Republicans no less confident of an overwhelming victory for their State ticket on Tuesday next than they were when I left. They claimed 15,000 majority in this city then, and they claim it now, with a possible and probable addition of 1,000 or 2,000 more. It is very likely to reach 17,000, and, in any event, can hardly fall below 18,000. McClure, the Chairman of the Liberal State Committee, whom I met at Harrisburg, conceded them a majority of 15,000 in Philadelphia, and even then he claimed that, by some mysterious process which I could not comprehend, and he could not explain, Buckalew would be elected Governor. He was probably relying on the frauds he intended to perpetrate in Luzerne, Carbon, Clarion and other counties; but fortunately that trick has been discovered in time to be frustrated, and it is next to impossible for the coalition to concoct new schemes of fraud during the next twenty-four hours that will suffice to overcome the known majorities they have got to contend against. News reached here last night that a gang of 1,500 men were on their way to Luzerne County from Maryland and Delaware to swell the list of Democratic voters, and detectives were at once dispatched from this city and Harrisburg to look after them. The Democrats will doubtless succeed in polling a considerable number of illegal votes in the border counties, but not by any means enough to secure the success of their ticket. Making due allowance for all the frauds they will be able to perpetrate, and granting them all the increased majorities they claim in Democratic counties, and all the decreased majorities they hope for in Republican counties, yet it will be found impossible for them to bring Buckalew to Philadelphia with 500 majority over Hartranft. Unless all the indications that have appeared on the surface during the campaign in Pennsylvania are misleading; unless all calculations based on the previous vote of the State for the last four years are erroneous, there is no possibility that Buckalew can be elected Governor on Tuesday, or that Hartranft can fail to succeed by at least 9,000 majority. The Democrats and soreheads, however, are calculating largely on some miracle, and must win, if they win at all, by means of it. Everywhere they talk of the large number of voters who are publicly ranked as Grant and Hartranft men, but who intend, when the time comes, to vote for Greeley and Buckalew. That there are a few such is undoubtedly true, but that they are sufficient in number to practically affect the result, I do not believe. The outward appearance of strength and enthusiasm on the Republican side was never greater than it has been in this campaign. The Republican mass-meetings, even in Democratic counties, have uniformly been more largely attended and more enthusiastic than those on the Democratic side; the organization of the party is better, and it surpasses its opponents in all the elements that ordinarily insure success.

A judicial investigation of the Democratic frauds in issuing forged naturalization papers will be had here to-morrow, and it would not be strange if some of the leaders of the coalition should find themselves in prison before election day. The Democracy is all split up and disorganized in this city, and its organs complain that the factions in various wards are putting themselves up at auction and offering their votes to the highest bidder. The better class of Democrats, it is said, are so disgusted with the forlorn and demoralized condition of their party that they will not go near the polls at all on Tuesday. They refuse to go Greeley for the Presidency, in any event, and, as Buckalew declines to say whether he is a Greeley man or not, they feel indifferent about his election, and will take no part either in the State or Presidential canvass.

A very large Republican mass-meeting was held in Chester last evening, which was addressed by Gen. Hartranft and others. They had the largest torch-light procession ever seen in Chester County. Several meetings were also held in this city, and a very large crowd assembled at the Wigwam to listen to Gen. Sigel, of New-York, who, however, failed to make his appearance, much to the disappointment of the audience. Ex-Gov. Curtin addressed a full house at Concert Hall, repeating in substance the reasons which he assigned for his apostacy at Bellefonte and Lewisburg. The only answer people give to the appeal is: "Too late, Andy."

The Pennsylvania Election law authorizes a count of the votes every hour in this city, so that the result will be known very soon after closing the polls. Voting continues till 7 P. M., but a statement of the condition of the vote will be made at 10 A. M., and another at 3 P. M. The full vote of the city for Governor ought to be known in New-York by 9 o'clock Tuesday evening.

Grand Republican Demonstration in Reading.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

READING, Penn., Oct. 6.—A monster torch-light procession took place in this city on Saturday evening, which was the largest political demonstration of the present campaign. The procession was composed entirely of home organizations, 2,500 men being in line, of whom 500 were mounted, and the procession occupied half an hour in passing. The houses of citizens were illuminated, and brilliant displays of fire-works were made at many points. There was an outpouring of the entire populace, and the streets of the city were never before so crowded. There was the greatest enthusiasm along the route. After the parade an immense meeting was organized in Penn-square, which was addressed by Major George W. Curry and J. A. Smith, colored, of Philadelphia, and F. A. Doney, of Mauch Chunk. The Republicans of this county are enthusiastic in their support of Gen. Hartranft. They have been working might and main, and expect on Tuesday next to show a large reduction in the heavy Democratic majority of this district.

Republicans Confident—Democratic Roughs Attacking Republican Processions—The McClure and Randall Frauds—A Proclamation Against Obstructing Elections.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Oct. 6.—The Republican prospects have improved here very much in the last four or five days. The enthusiasm continues intense in all the western portion of the State. Within a day or two reports have come in from several counties so favorable as to surprise the Republican leaders, who have expected from them no more than the usual majorities. The Republican meetings, addressed by home speakers almost exclusively, are attended by immense multitudes of people. The masses are aroused as never before, and are thoroughly in earnest. A full vote will be polled.

The great business meeting in favor of Hartranft last Friday had much influence, and many new converts to the State ticket are known. The minimum majority for Hartranft claimed in Alleghany County by the Republicans is 7,000. One of the most experienced and cautious Republican politicians said to-night that he should be much surprised if the majority did not rise to several hundred above 7,000. The conduct of the coalition crowd is doing much to consolidate and enlarge the Republican vote.

From the very beginning almost every Republican gathering and procession has been insulted by robust ruffians of the Greeley party. Several times processions have been attacked. Awhile ago these Northern Kuklux, who are demanding reconciliation and good feeling, got behind a fence and stoned a club of colored men. Last night they fired into the Republican procession, and one man was killed. From some houses over the river a shower of paving stones were thrown into the procession. Men from the procession retaliated by entering the houses and throwing out the furniture, but no personal violence was attempted. On the other hand there has not been a single instance of disturbance or violence when Democratic processions have been marching. It is only because of the strength of the local government in the State that the Kuklux of Pennsylvania is not as lawless and monstrous in its outrages as the Kuklux that has just been operating for the Greeley ticket in the State of Georgia. The law here commands still some slight respect and fear. It is on this account that the exposures of the cheating schemes of McClure and Sam. Randall will prevent their execution in any alarming extent.

The rumors of the prosecution and arrest of those ranting reformers has already spread terror among the agents they had sent out. The following, which appears in an editorial of the *Commercial* to-morrow morning, will not calm their fears, for they know the execution of the law is in vigorous hands. The *Commercial* says: "The discovery of the plot arranged by McClure and Randall was most fortunate. Fraudulent voters rallied on to execute it scattered throughout the State should take warning. With their chiefs arrested, if not looking through prison bars, their own safety becomes the matter of greatest concern. Not all will escape. A part at least will pay the penalty of becoming the dupes of McClure and Randall and the prospect is that a numerous company of reformers will become tenants of institutions which the State has provided for criminals." It further remarks: "Aleck McClure, looking through prison bars, would be a pleasant sight to the honest citizens of the State. That there is some prospect of it is of itself a gratifying fact, though there is too much reason to fear that he may, in the end, escape through the expedients which he will be able to adopt. But it will not be so with his deluded victims who attempt to vote on forged naturalization papers. They will be left to their fate, and the Penitentiary, in part, at least, will claim its own."

The Democratic Committee of this city prepared and privately gave their election officers a list of more than a hundred frivolous questions to be asked of men whose votes should be challenged. The design was to challenge every negro, and cause so much delay by subjecting them to a long examination as to prevent most of their votes from being polled. One of these catechisms was captured, and the United States Attorney for this district, Mr. Swope, has prepared a proclamation under the authority of the Enforcement law, which gives obstructors of the election to know that the provisions of that law will be promptly and energetically enforced, and proper, usual and lawful questions only will be permitted.

All the general work of the canvass is ended. To-morrow will be wholly spent in arranging all the details of work on the succeeding day in the several voting precincts. The Democrats are perceptibly less boastful than last Monday morning when they first began to pay out the New-York contributions, and Republicans have no doubt of carrying the State.

Republican Prospects Daily Improving—Failure of Schurz and McClure to Alienate the Germans—The Democratic Schemes of Fraud.

From Our Special Correspondent.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Saturday, Oct. 5, 1872.

On returning to this city after an absence of two weeks I found that the condition of the political canvass is, on the whole, rather improved for the Republicans than otherwise, not only in Alleghany County, but throughout the western part of the State. The campaign has been vigorously pushed from the beginning, and the enthusiasm has steadily increased. Underlying the public demonstrations an unusual amount of work has been quietly done through the organizations of the party, which are in a very effective condition.

THE GERMANS FOR HARTRANFT.

It was claimed loudly in the central part of the State last week, that Mr. Schurz had carried the entire German vote of this city away from Hartranft. I could not find any confirmation of the truth of that claim when in Harrisburg, and inquiries here are met with strong replies to the contrary. There is no reason to believe that Hartranft will lose a large portion of the German vote here, but there is reason to expect that he will have nearly the whole of it. The Germans are largely in the Republican organizations. They are in the Hartranft clubs. They turn out in force to attend Republican meetings in the city, and they go by hundreds, on the shortest notice, and of their own accord, to meetings outside the city. Only a very few are in the Buckalew clubs. If, under these circumstances, they go quietly and vote against Hartranft, as McClure claims they will, they are a most remarkable class of men and politicians.

ANOTHER SLANDER DISPROVED.

A loud cry was made after the Soldiers' Convention that Hartranft went among the lager-beer saloons and drank with the Germans, to gain favor and votes. The Democrats thought in this way to turn the temperance men of the community against him, and in their mistaken zeal, did not count upon the effect their slander would have on the Germans themselves. It is true that Gen. Hartranft did, while here, go among the Germans freely. He went upon invitation of a committee composed of the best Germans here. He visited, by their invitation, some of the German gardens. But he did not drink. When the glasses were filled the General did not insult his hosts by refusing to drink. But in the manner of a true German gentleman, understanding their ways, he simply touched the glass and set it down unemptied. The fact that he did not drink was noticed by the Germans, and his compliment to them in complying with their peculiar customs was the more appreciated. They were more pleased with his abstinence than they would have been with excessive drinking, and his manner among them made many friends. The wholesale charge that he and the Germans got drunk together had the effect to make them angry, and especially their best men, who knew the story was a falsehood. Several influential Germans soon after the publication declared themselves for Hartranft, though they had before opposed him. The temperance people, when they learned the truth, had a higher regard for him than ever.

ESTIMATED MAJORITIES.

The table of estimates which you published yesterday of the majorities in the counties of this State allows but five thousand in this. Instead of that Hartranft may possibly have ten thousand. He is believed to be sure of seven thousand, but the elements which would make it three thousand more are claimed by the Greeley party, and the concession can be afforded by Republicans.

THE BUSINESS MEN'S MEETING IN PITTSBURG.

In this city an immense amount of capital, as everybody knows, is invested in the manufacture of iron and steel, and in kindred industries. There are more wealthy manufacturers and merchants and business men here than in any city of its size in the country. This immense business interest is substantially united in support of Grant and Hartranft. A most remarkable meeting of business men was held here on Friday night. The Academy of Music was filled and overflowing. Five hundred of the most prominent business men of the community signed the call for the meeting. They had been aroused and brought together through the influence of business men, and not by the action of the politicians. The meeting was to this city what the great reform meetings of last year were to New-York. The indorsement of Hartranft was the strongest that could be made. Men of wealth and standing in the community who have never held an office and never wanted one, who had never made a speech in public and never expected to, who had never before participated in a public political meeting, declared in brief, strong sentences their faith in the Republican tickets, State and national, and their intention to vote for both. The meeting continued with unabated interest and enthusiasm till 11 o'clock. It will have great influence on the result here and all over the western portion of the State, where the men who made these declarations are known.

DEMOCRATIC FRAUDS.

Everything is done that can be done to defeat the Democratic frauds. Our people have been unusually successful in discovering their plans in advance, and it is extremely improbable that they can manufacture voters enough to change the result. The end is awaited with hope and confidence.

Pool-Selling on the Pennsylvania Election.

A lively business was done at Johnson's pool-rooms, corner of Twenty-eighth-street and Broadway, on Saturday evening, in the sale of pools on the Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio elections. Twenty-five dollars was offered for first choice in the first pool offered. Hartranft was chosen. Buckalew sold for $17 in this pool. Five other pools were then quickly sold at the same rates. Friends of Buckalew became reluctant to bet, and before the close of the evening $100 to $60 was offered on Hartranft.

Why Yerkes was Pardoned.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* says: "The pardon of Charles T. Yerkes was granted for the following reasons, and for these only: It was asked for by thousands of the most prominent and respectable business men of Philadelphia without respect to party; by nearly 150 members of the bar, among whom were Democrats of high standing in the party; by Col. Thomas A. Scott; by A. J. Drexel, an eminent banker and a Democrat, and even by Mr. Alexander K. McClure himself. The pardon was granted because these men requested it; because two of the five Judges of the Court in which Yerkes was convicted, one of them a Democrat, declared that the conviction was not according to law. There was a total absence of anything like partisanship in the entire movement, as the record plainly shows, and it is, therefore, utterly preposterous for the Democracy, especially while McClure's name is on that very petition, to assert or pretend that party politics or the interests of any candidate had anything to do with the matter."

ILLINOIS.

Senator Logan at Mount Pulaski—20,000 Republicans Turn Out.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 6.—Yesterday there was an immense Republican mass-meeting at Mount Pulaski, about twenty miles from this city. Not less than 20,000 people were assembled. Senator Logan made an eloquent and able speech in the afternoon, which was listened to with profound attention and was enthusiastically applauded. In the evening there was a fine torch-light procession, composed of nearly 4,000 tanners. The Senator also addressed a very large audience in this city on Friday evening, and was the principal speaker at a barbecue and mass-meeting at Mechanicsburg, in this county, on Thursday. These three meetings were among the most satisfactory of the campaign.

The soreheads attempted to have a mass-meeting in this city yesterday, and although it had been thoroughly advertised, and ten of their leading speakers were on the bills, the meeting was an utter failure, both as regards numbers and enthusiasm. The coalition is continually losing ground in this State.

THE WASHINGTON TREATY.

Payment of the Award and What to Do With It—The San Juan Case.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—It is anticipated in official circles that the award made by the Geneva Tribunal will be paid before the expiration of twelve months from the time of its announcement, this being the treaty limit. The money will be paid to the Department of State, and as there is no law concerning the disposal of it, legislation by Congress becomes necessary for that purpose.

The only official information concerning the San Juan arbitration is that a decision would be made early this month.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Business in Honolulu was dull Sept. 25. Exchange ruled at three per cent.

The steamer Idaho arrived at San Francisco from Honolulu last evening.

The Utah Territorial Fair, at Salt Lake City, closed its three days' session on Saturday.

The President has recognized P. H. Hartmann as Vice-Consul of Sweden and Norway, at Cincinnati.

No appointment of Minister to Sweden is contemplated until the Senate shall be in session to confirm it.

In Providence, R. I., on Saturday, William S. Loomis and James Hill, copartners, were examined on a charge of firing their own store, and held for examination.

There are now ninety cadet midshipmen at the Naval Academy, from the June and September examinations, including one Japanese and one colored boy.

The forty-second semi-annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, commenced yesterday, in Salt Lake City, and will continue until Friday.

A bill had been introduced in the Legislature of New-Zealand empowering the natives to sell land instead of the Government. The natives were quiet.

The great summit crater of Manaloa in the Island of Hawaii is again in eruption. There is no flow of lava yet. At a distance of seventy-five miles the sight is magnificent.

A large number of miners have returned to San Francisco from the Arizona diamond fields, their expedition being unsuccessful. They denounce the diamond excitement as a fraud.

The Court-house at Kenkakee, Ill., was burned on Saturday, causing a loss of $50,000; insurance is $30,000. The records were all saved. An ex-convict was arrested on suspicion of firing the building, which caught in the cupola.

The whaling schooner E. H. Hatfield, of Provincetown, Mass., arrived at Newport, R. I., Saturday night, with 140 barrels of oil. The mate, Mr. R. F. Craig, of South Boston, and George L. Stone, of Athol, Mass., were killed by a whale.

Minister Nelson has informed the Department of State that there is a prospect of the Mexican Government soon appointing a Commissioner, in order that the business before the United States and Mexican Claims Commission may be resumed.

The steamer Zodiac came in collision with an unknown schooner, on Saturday night, off Five Fathom Light, Lewes, Del., sinking the schooner. The crew were saved. The steamer is now being repaired at Lewes, and will probably proceed to New-York today.

OHIO.

The Republican State Ticket to be Elected.

Thirteen to Fifteen Administration Congressmen Counted on.

Probability of a Very Fair Vote Being Brought Out.

Enthusiasm and Energy of the Republicans.

Disgust and Demoralization of the Democrats.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct 6.—Ohio will, on Tuesday, elect the Republican State ticket by a reduced majority from last year, and thirteen, possibly fifteen, out of twenty Republican members of Congress. It is conceded by the best judges that the majority will fall off from last year from four to eight thousand, owing, as you have already been apprised, to the failure to organize the canvass in time to get out the reserve vote. There are some very well informed men, good judges of the State, who believe that the vote will be out, and that the majority of last year will be repeated. But I must confess that of the vim and snap and energy which get out the votes, I have seen more in the coalition committees, and in the papers of that side, than among the Republicans. The temper of the Republicans is splendid—what the canvass has lacked has been the executive utilization of the organization already at hand. The responsibility for this failure I will not attempt to locate. I find it is shifted back and forth between the State and National Committees, and I leave them to settle it. I only state these facts now to prevent any one from being surprised if the Republican majority is not up to high-water mark. The State is safe. With all their activity and boasts there is no such thing as a surrender to the corrupt coalition in Ohio, but the majority now seems more likely to be 10,000 than to go higher. There are certain indications that it will go considerably higher, just such as we saw before the election in Maine, but they are not of a character to be safely taken into account. If they amount to anything, it will be so much clear gain. The element of Democratic disgust at the coalition generally is very strong in this State, but it is not likely to do more than refuse to vote for Greeley. We count on all their votes for the Democratic State ticket next Tuesday. The Liberal Republicans have also needed a great deal of driving and coaxing to induce them to vote this ticket, which is purely Democratic, and many of them will not. But under threats from the Democrats that Greeley will be punished in return for such recalcitrant conduct, most of them will probably come up to the disagreeable work. So it is safe to calculate only upon their voting, what there are of them, according to the bargain. One thing must be remembered. Here, as in Maine, local prejudices affect the State ticket. The aggregate majority on Congress will be greater by several thousand, probably, than that on the State ticket. This will be a truer test of the strength of the national candidates.

CYMON.

THE WESTERN RESERVE.

The Condition of the Republican Canvass—What the Loyal Region will Do—Faithful Ever—An Analysis of the Several Counties—Probable Republican Majority on the Reserve 18,500.

From Our Special Correspondent.

PAINESVILLE, Ohio, Thursday, Oct. 3, 1872.

It is among the loyal Republican counties of the Western Reserve that the Liberals tell you their great strength lies. I have never believed a tithe of their boasts, and yet have preferred personal investigation prior to expressing an opinion based even upon unimpeachable information from well-informed men in the various counties. The Reserve counties are Ashtabula, Trumbull, Mahoning, Portage, Geauga, Lake, Cuyahoga, Summit, Medina, Lorain, Huron and Erie. They comprise the Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth Congressional Districts, and also part of the Tenth and Seventeenth, as now constituted, Erie and Huron being in the Tenth and Mahoning in the Seventeenth. The greatest number of Liberal Republicans, by far, to be found in the district, are in the Cities of Cleveland, Akron and Sandusky, where there are more or less Germans. Outside of these places it is of very small consequence, and will be easily overcome if the Republicans get out their vote. This is the great danger, that the full vote will not be out, because the canvass has not been made hot enough to enthuse thoroughly this strong Republican region. The condition of the several counties is this: Ashtabula will probably fall off slightly from her majority of October, 1868, from lack of sufficient energy in the canvass of the county, although it has been very active there this week, and a quiet means has been taken to secure a full vote, which may be even more effective than meetings. Fifty picked men were selected last Saturday, and went into the townships to arrange exclusively for getting to the polls every Republican voter. The Republican majority in 1868 (October) was 4,256; last year it was 3,057. This year it will be somewhere about 3,500. There are about 300 Liberal Republicans in the county, out of a Republican vote of 6,000. Lake County is wide awake, and will poll her full vote. The meeting here yesterday, and the meetings at Madison and Willoughby today render it certain that she will poll very nearly her majority of 1868, viz., 1,881. Geauga and Portage will fully equal last year—more likely to go above it than under it—viz., 1,721 and 831 respectively. Mahoning is closely worked up, it being the residence of both the candidates for Congress in the Seventeenth District. A very full vote will be polled, and the Republican majority of last year—485—will be fully maintained. Of Cuyahoga I have previously spoken, but since the great demonstration on Tuesday it is rendered certain that the majority on the State ticket, which was 2,797 in 1868, will this year be increased from 800 to 1,000. Owing to the very bitter contest on Congress, a heavy vote will be polled. Bets on 2,000 majority for Parsons are freely offered. Summit County has some German disaffection at Akron, but as it did poorly last year, her Republicans promise to make that majority of 815 at least 1,200, and it ought to be 1,500. Medina County has been splendidly canvassed by the Republicans, and will come square up to her majority of 1,090 in 1868. Lorain County has not been so actively worked up, and the Liberals claim to have the names of 400 Republicans. They can't produce 150 who will vote the Democratic State ticket next Tuesday. Lorain's majority of 2,265 last year can hardly be reduced, and that is within 48 votes of as much as she gave in 1868. Huron County has 100 apostates. She gave 1,219 majority last year, 1,600 in 1868, and will next Tuesday give the State ticket 1,400, and Charley Foster for Congress, 1,500. When November comes, she will match every Greeley Republican with two Democrats who will not swallow "crow." Erie County is very vacillating in her majorities, and there is some disaffection in Sandusky. She gave 676 majority last year, and I look for about 600 this year. Foster will get about 300, as Sloane, his opponent, lives in this county, and will buy all he can. This completes the Reserve, and my estimate of the Republican majority in these counties is 18,500. This is 997 less than last year, because of the enormous and exceptional majority of Cuyahoga, which cannot be reached this year by 2,600. But, in fact, I have left margin enough to bring the majority fully up to last year, and I expect to see all that is lost in Cuyahoga recovered by the other Reserve counties. This is a fair showing of Northern Ohio, after looking over the field carefully, aided by nearly a week of personal investigation. I shall be disappointed if this estimate is not confirmed, and it must be admitted by even the most sanguine "Liberal" that if they are going to carry the State they must break down this majority largely.

CYMON.

THE TENTH DISTRICT.

Foster vs. Sloane—A Bitter Contest—Foster's Election Assured—Sloane in the Role of a Greeley Reformer—A Great Speech by Judge Bingham.

From Our Special Correspondent.

CLYDE, Ohio, Friday, Oct. 4, 1872.

The Tenth District is, outside of its limits at any rate, regarded as doubtful. But not, apparently, by the Republicans inside of it. An exceedingly sharp contest is being waged on Congress between Hon. Charles Foster, present Republican member, and his opponent, Rush R. Sloane, which is intensified by that bitterness which apostacy always begets. The five counties of Huron, Erie, Sandusky, Seneca and Hancock have been very thoroughly canvassed, and there is no danger but that the vote will be fully out in all this quarter. Foster has badly damaged his unscrupulous opponent within the past two weeks, and will be elected by not less than seven hundred majority, which will be better than last year. He will get 1,500 in Huron, and 300 in Erie. He will very nearly tie Hancock, leaving Sloane 1,100 in Seneca and Sandusky. There have some things been done by Sloane which should have the benefit of the TIMES wide circulation, because they furnish another instance of the qualities which it takes to make a "Greeley Reformer." He is a conspicuous instance of the apostate, and one of the first things proven upon him was the fact that he sold his influence, as an officer of the United States—special mail agent—for money. He figured in a transaction, *a la* Doolittle, but with far less circumlocution. During this canvass he has used the property of the stockholders of the Cleveland, Sandusky and Cincinnati Railroad Company for his personal benefit in the most unscrupulous manner. He has refused to furnish excursion trains for Republican meetings, and has at the same time run *free* excursion trains filled with his own retainers by the thousand. Yesterday he even refused to haul two car loads from Sandusky to this place on one of his regular trains. Even after the Republicans, who wanted to attend the great meeting here, had secured the cars from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The outrageous conduct of this man warrants every shipper of freight and the traveling public as well, in putting the Cleveland, Sandusky and Cincinnati Railroad on their black list until his stockholders and directors bring him to his senses.

Hon. John A. Bingham filled Congressman Frye's appointment here yesterday, addressing over two thousand persons in the open air, and making one of the grandest speeches the eloquent old man ever uttered. It went straight home to the hearts of Republicans, confounded the Democrats and Liberals, and will increase Foster's vote materially. The Tenth District is safe. It need no longer be classed among the doubtful.

CYMON.

THE GENERAL SITUATION.

Improved Prospects—The Work of Six Days—No Doubtful Congressional Districts Outside of Hamilton County—Hayes and Eggleston—A Vile Purpose of a Vile Coalition.

From Our Special Correspondent.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1872.

Returning to this central point after more than a week's absence in search of the weak spots on our side and the devices of the enemy, I find the general situation materially improved, and the belief that the State is safe by a handsome majority well fortified by fresh facts. A great deal of work has been done in the past six days. The Republican canvass has improved, while that of the coalition has fallen off. The Republican meetings have been the most numerous and the most largely attended, and have shown the most spirit. It is greatly to be regretted that the spirit on the Republican side, now evoked, could not have been aroused two weeks ago. Had that been done, the State would have been swept by twenty thousand majority next week. As it stands now it will fall much below that, simply because, take it all in all, the canvass has not been animated enough, nor early enough in its inception, to bring out the full Republican vote.

Nevertheless, there is no longer a doubtful Republican Congressional District outside of Hamilton County. I have already given you the condition of the Reserve and of the Tenth District. The Fifteenth District, heretofore considered doubtful, is now safe. Attorney-General Williams has awakened a magnificent spirit in Southern Ohio, and there will be no falling off there. Mr. Sprague will be returned. In the Fourth District, which the Greeleyites imprudently claimed, there has been a constantly increasing Republican furore, ending at Dayton, on Thursday night, with a splendid ovation to Senator Wilson, the like of which has not been seen for many years. Poor old Mr. Winans will have added to all his other misfortunes that of being the worst defeated candidate for Congress in the State. The Third District is also all right, though the canvass has not been so active as elsewhere. A regular Bourbon is running for Congress there, and will poll several hundred votes in Butler County, where the Democrats don't eat crow "worth a cent."

The two Hamilton County districts are in doubt, and render it possible that the next delegation from this State in Congress may stand thirteen Republicans to seven Democrats, in place of fourteen Republicans to five Democrats, as now. Ohio gains but one by the new apportionment. The prospect is, however, that Gen. Hayes will carry his district. Six or eight prominent and influential Democrats are openly at work for him. Eggleston's district is in the greatest doubt, and if either is lost it will be this. But Ben is working like a beaver, and, as a politician, he is hard to beat. The chances for his success are about even with those for his defeat.

The liquor-dealers—that is, the saloon-keepers and retailers, who want to be at liberty to incite murder without being responsible for it—have marked for slaughter Hon. John Welch, Republican candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, and Mr. Dodds, Democratic candidate for the short term vacancy for Congress in the Second District. They have demanded this at the hands of the striped coalition State Central Committees, as a reward for the contributions that have been levied upon them, and a special fund of money is being spent for this purpose. A beautiful party, indeed, to champion reform! Mr. Greeley's attention is needed to the practices of some of his followers. What will the virtuous old man say when he learns that his success in this State is sought to be assured, and, in fact, mainly depends upon the contributions of money levied upon the retailers of rum, the keepers of brothels, and other sinks of iniquity where poor liquors are sold. And if a man dare raise his voice in protest against the license of these faithful protégés of the Liberal-Democratic coalition, he is marked for defeat, be he Democrat or Republican.

CYMON.

A Bequest of $100,000 to Dartmouth College.

From the Boston Journal, Oct. 5.

Mr. Benjamin D. Emerson, who died at his residence in Jamaica Plain, on Tuesday, will be remembered chiefly for his active interest in the cause of education in connection with his brother, Mr. Frederick Emerson, who died some years ago. The brothers were both engaged at one time in the publication of *Emerson's Arithmetic*, a work which has been extensively used in our schools. Mr. Benjamin D. Emerson was born in New-Hampshire, and after graduating at Dartmouth College he followed the profession of schoolmaster in that State for many years. He left an estate valued at about $250,000, and according to the provisions of his will the bulk of the property is to be devoted to religious and educational purposes. To Dartmouth College he gives $100,000, and a considerable sum is left to establish a library in his native town. A number of private bequests are also made in the will.

CHICAGO.

The Bricklayers' Strike—Anniversary of the Great Calamity.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 6.—The bricklayers on strike here sent several of their number last evening to visit other cities and prevent workmen from coming here. They have also passed resolutions to the effect that no union man shall work for any contractor in this city unless said contractor shall have first signed an agreement to pay $4 for eight hours' work.

In a number of churches today the discourses were based upon the terrible calamity which befell the community a year ago, and the progress made in the restoration of the burned city. Workmen are busy day and night upon the Chamber of Commerce, a number of banks and similar buildings, in order to have them ready for occupancy and formal opening on the 9th inst., the anniversary of the fire.

AMERICAN REFORM PARTY.

Alleged Secret Political Organization—Statement of One of its Members.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 6.—The *Democrat*, today, gives a long account of a secret political organization called the American Reform Party, information of which was derived from a gentleman holding a high office in its ranks. The report says the organization first formed in 1867; it had only a feeble existence, being confined to a few Eastern States, until the New-York riots of 1871, when it broke out anew. Shortly after that agents were sent through all the States to form the nucleus of the American Reform Party, and now the organization ramifies the whole country. In Missouri alone there are 280 clubs and a State Council. In St. Louis there are twelve club councils, which hold meetings almost nightly, and claim to have 5,000 voters in this county.

The principal features of their platform of principles are a declaration for a perpetuation of federalism, in that Americans must rule America. Nevertheless, persons born abroad of American parents, and foreigners coming to the United States when under twenty years of age, should be entitled to all the rights and privileges of native-born citizens; that no person should be selected for a political station, whether native or foreigner, who recognizes any allegiance or obligation to any foreign Power whatever; the unqualified recognition and maintenance of the reserved rights of States; non-interference by Congress with purely State questions; opposition to any union between Church and State, and no interference with any religious faith or worship, and no test oath for office; thorough investigation of all alleged abuses of trust by public officers, and strict economy in public expenditures; enforcement of all laws constitutionally enacted until they are repealed or declared void by competent judicial authority; that all children are entitled to education at the public expense, free from sectarianism, and that there should be no division of the school funds for other than school purposes.

The party claims to have already influenced some elections in the New England States. The position of the party is not aggressive, but defensive, the object being to defend the laws and principles of popular government, and compel every man in this country to be American.

The closing words of the *Democrat's* informant are: "We have in our Order persons of all nationalities and religions, and we only ask that they shall all be Americans in principle and feeling. We are not against any man's nationality or religion, but we say no monarchical principles shall be engrafted upon the political system of America."

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 7—1 A. M.—The barometer has risen on the upper lakes and southward to the Ohio Valley, and eastward over Michigan and Lake Erie, with heavy rains and northerly winds on the lower lakes, and lighter rains in the Ohio Valley. On the entire Atlantic coast southerly to easterly winds and clear weather prevail, with cloudy weather and easterly winds on the Gulf.

PROBABILITIES.

On the lower lakes the barometer will probably rise, with northerly to westerly winds and clearing and cooler weather on Monday, extending over the Middle States by the afternoon, and during Monday night over New-England; in New-England and the northern portion of the Middle States, cloudy weather and areas of rain with southerly to westerly winds; in the Upper Mississippi and on Lake Michigan clear and cool weather extending southward to Kentucky on Monday. Telegraphic reports have not been received from the North-west, the South-west, and most of the Gulf States.

City Meteorological Report.

The following observations show the temperature, &c., yesterday, at the Central Park Mineral Springs, as recorded by Schultz & Warker:

Temperature.	7 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 P.M.
Degrees Fahrenheit	60	73	75	70
Stand of barom. in inch	30.18	30.18	..	30.10

The following record will show the changes in the temperature yesterday, with the average for the same, as indicated by the thermometer at Dickinson's drug-store, No. 3 Park-row: 3 A. M., 63°; 6 A. M., 64°; 9 A. M., 68°; 12 M., 74°; 3 P. M., 75°; 6 P. M., 72°; 9 P. M., 68½°; 12 P. M., 65°. Average temperature yesterday, 68¾°.

Sixty Persons Poisoned in Waterford.

From the Troy Times, Oct. 4.

Last night Waterford was the scene of the wildest alarm and the greatest confusion. From the facts that come to our knowledge, it seems that Robert Waldron yesterday had manufactured for his market a large lot of headcheese. As it was the first of the season, the citizens bought liberally, and many of them partook heartily of it yesterday for their evening meal. At about 9 o'clock last night the alarm was first given, the proprietor and inmates of the Howard House, one after another, being taken alarmingly ill. Physicians were summoned in hot haste, and from that time until morning the greatest panic prevailed. Among the list of sufferers we notice the names of Thomas Howard, of the Howard House; his son, Adelbert Howard, and his daughter, Miss Rosa Howard, Mrs. David Vanderwerken, Miss Pease, Lewis Smith, A. T. Hawley, I. N. Vischer, W. H. Telfair, J. C. White, Chas. Ducharm, Henry Durham, Oscar S. Kenworthy, all guests of the hotel, and Mary Fogarty, Bridget Kenny and Andrew McAuliff, domestics. The above are all doing well, with the exception of Mrs. Vanderwerken and Mr. Howard and daughter, who are yet very sick. Among the sufferers in other portions of the town are Mrs. John Ward and daughter, Miss Irene Webster, Messrs. Robert and Mitchell Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. Geer, Mrs. Patrick McCarty, a son of Wm. Wolf, and a servant of E. Collins, besides many others. Altogether about sixty persons were poisoned. It is but fair to state that no blame is attached to Mr. Waldron. It is a mystery how the cheese became impregnated with the poison.

Typical Straight-Out Democrats.

The Sing Sing *Republican* says that the Democrats of that town seem to be either unwilling or unable to swallow Greeley, and many declare that they will not vote for him. One very decided person has caused the following placard to be painted on either side of his wagon: "Sold at Baltimore, but not delivered. Betrayed to Greeley, redeemed by O'Conor. For President, Charles O'Conor, of New-York; for Vice-President, John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts."....The Portland (Me.) *Press* learns that one of the earliest converts to Greeley among the Democrats of that State has so far recanted that he is amazed that he should so lose his wits as to go in for Mr. Greeley, whom he now speaks of somewhat disrespectfully as a "white livered old fool." Friend after friend departs.

Plymouth Church and the Coming Anniversary Festivities.

Plymouth Church was densely crowded yesterday at the morning service. In announcing the programme for the coming week, Rev. Mr. Beecher spoke of the festivities to commence this afternoon to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of his connection with the church. He expressed a regret that owing to the limited accommodation all comers could not be accommodated, and a preference should be given to those who were invited for the occasion.

INDIANA.

Republicans Firm and Confident of Success.

Infamous Plots of the Greeleyite Desperadoes.

Discovery that the Imported Negroes Were Democrats.

Democratic Reliance Upon Fraud to Elect Hendricks.

Probability of a Complete Failure of Their Plans.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 6.—On Saturday the Republican meetings, like all their predecessors, were large and enthusiastic, especially that which greeted Senator Wilson at Evansville. On the other hand, the Democratic demonstration at Terre Haute, for Gratz Brown, was a signal failure. If a coming event ever cast its shadow before it, a decided Republican victory is certain on Tuesday, and even if by stupendous frauds the Democrats should succeed in electing Hendricks, the State is sure for Grant. It is evident they have given up all hope of electing Hendricks by honest means, and there is hardly an hour now that does not reveal some new Democratic devise for defrauding the people.

They have flooded the State with spurious Republican tickets, having the name of Hendricks instead of Browne, and they have scattered broadcast the instructions of their State Committee as to how fourteen different frauds upon the ballot-boxes can be committed. Their last infamous scheme, however, has been to drive over some negroes from Kentucky, and pretend they were Republicans, and getting them here, to cause their arrest for intending to vote illegally. A farcical examination was concluded yesterday by discharging the negroes, and they have made statements which fully criminate these Democratic conspirators. In addition, the officials of the railroad by which they were brought here declare they were constantly in the keeping of Democrats en route, and that Democrats paid their fare. The object was to have some evidence that the Republicans are importing negroes, both as a cover to their own importations and to turn honest votes against the Republicans. As a means to the latter they have printed thousands of copies of circulars containing their version of the affair, which will be scattered over the State to-morrow.

It was like all their devices and gamblers' tricks, and has been exposed by Col. Foster, who to-night sent a special to every town in Indiana, giving the true story of the case and warning the Republicans to be on their guard against these canards which are intended as a cover to Democratic frauds.

Letters received today from all parts of the State show that the Republicans everywhere are fully organized, confident and determined to do their whole duty. The work of the campaign is now all done, save that which can be done only on election day, and none of that will be neglected. Never was a party better prepared for battle, and never one more hopeful of success. Every hour the signs of promise increase, and now it seems almost certain Voorhees will be defeated in the Sixth District, and Niblack in the Second. Greeley is already politically a corpse in Indiana; his supporters are in a morbid condition, and unless all the attainable proofs of the drift of popular sentiment fail, Tuesday will end their anxieties forever.

E. C.

Activity of the Republicans—How the Campaign has been Carried On—Facts and Speculations.

From Our Special Correspondent.

INDIANAPOLIS, Thursday, Oct. 3, 1872.

It is becoming difficult to keep pace with the grand sweep of the Republican lines on to a victory unparalleled in its history, except in the notable contest of 1864, when the Democratic Party was chiefly found in the lodges of the traitorous Sons of Liberty. Now, as then, the Republicans see their country in danger, and, abandoning their usual pursuits, are devoting themselves wholly to their public duty. I do not exaggerate when I say that during this week there are comparatively few Republicans in this whole State who are not in some way engaged in the great work of aiding to secure that victory which they already deemed assured, but nevertheless do not mean to leave to any chance. It is not only the leaders—not only those who expect office from the triumphs of the Republican Party—who are straining every nerve to secure that triumph, but the whole body of the party working, not only in public meetings, but constantly in neighborhood gatherings. Whenever two farmers meet upon a lonely road, wherever two mechanics rest for a moment beside their benches, there the battle of Republicanism is being fought, if one of the two happens to be a Republican. Every farm-house, every shop and store in every town and village is a forum of political discussion, and through all the length and breadth of the State there is not an idler in the Republican ranks and not a worker who is not flushed with the consciousness of coming victory. Indiana is gridironed with railroads, but you cannot ride upon any train without hearing politics talked all about you, and thus even the traveler merely passing through the State sees how completely the people are absorbed in the pending issues.

THE REPUBLICAN RALLIES.

Every county of the ninety-two in the State has had at least one grand rally and some of them have had several, and in every case the population has turned out en masse. The meetings are always held at the county town, and on the appointed day it early presents a gala appearance. Every Republican in some way decorates his premises, and early in the morning the farmers begin to arrive from the surrounding country on horseback, or in wagons. There are always hundreds of men in some sort of uniform, always wagons handsomely festooned and filled with young girls in gala costumes, always several bands of music, and always a large number of flags of all dimensions. These meetings are usually held at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and at that hour thousands are congregated around the speaker's stand, which is erected in the Court-house-square, or in some grove adjacent to the town, and is always handsomely decorated with evergreens and portraits of Republican chiefs, generally Lincoln and Grant. From this stand the speeches are delivered, and are listened to with the greatest attention, no matter how long they may continue.

ACTIVITY OF REPUBLICAN VOTERS.

I have mentioned these facts in this general way because I could thus most clearly show how entirely the Republicans of Indiana are engrossed by their political duty. It seems like exaggeration to declare that the majority of a million and a half of people are neglecting their personal affairs to attend to those of their country, but this is only the simple truth. Men, women and children on the Republican side are thus engaged, but I cannot say the same for the Democracy. Never did political leaders undertake such a hopeless task as to get up Demo cratic enthusiasm for Greeley, and never did leaders fail in any undertaking so miserably. Just after Voorhees delivered his philippic in Congress against Greeley after his nomination at Cincinnati, the Democrats met in many of the townships of the Sixth Congressional District, and indorsing the sentiments of that speech, resolved they never would support Greeley. They were sufficiently prompt and fervent in that proceeding, but they have heart in nothing since their leaders swallowed all the professions of their lives and presented Greeley as a Democratic candidate. Their meetings have been almost invariably small and spiritless, and their speakers, from the necessities of their false position, reduced to personal abuse of Gen. Grant as their sole stock in trade. A party based upon slander has a most infirm foundation, as these leaders have already found to their cost. It makes no converts, but loses old adherents who were attached to it from principle, and there is something pitiable in the present plight of many of the prominent Democrats of Indiana. Until this campaign it was the forte of Mr. Hendricks to be considered "respectable," to be thought a high-toned gentleman, and it was his pride to have tributes paid to his personal worth by political opponents. But in this campaign he could say nothing in favor of his candidate whom he has publicly called an "old codger," and having, therefore, been reduced to abuse of the opposing candidate, he has of necessity descended to clumsy and unmitigated falsehood, and has lost his character as a gentleman. The silly lie about Gen. Grant accepting one hundred thousand dollars within a few days of his inauguration, which had no better basis than changing the date of a letter from 1866 to 1869, he was the first to bring into general circulation, if he did not invent it, and this one fact has been sufficient to earn him the contempt of all honorable men, especially as he has persisted in retailing the lie, notwithstanding it has been proved over and over again to be a lie. But he also originated a charge of land jobbery against Gen. Grant, of which he was himself guilty, if reproach by attached to any one, as he voted for the bills which Gen. Grant refused, despite his assertion to the contrary, for the very good reason that one was passed under Mr. Lincoln and the other under Mr. Johnson.

THE DEMOCRATIC STRUGGLES.

With the two parties in these relative conditions, it is not surprising that the prospects of a Republican victory become brighter every day. The Democrats seem now to have given up all hope of carrying the State, and to be devoting themselves to colonizing their voters in the close counties, with a view to obtaining control of the Legislature and saving the United States Senatorship from the general wreck. To this end, and as a cover for their own operations, they are concocting all sorts of charges of intended fraud against the Republican Party, the most notable instance of which was the Lafayette canard of which I telegraphed an account last night. There is no doubt that this scheme was arranged at Democratic head-quarters, and the wretch Beard, who is now in jail for confessed perjury, was hired, with his companion not yet arrested, to make affidavit that he had been approached by Mr. Henry Taylor and other honorable gentlemen of Lafayette to vote at every station along the railroad to Attica. This infamous scheme was so promptly exploded by the vigor and courage of the gentlemen aspersed that the despairing Democracy will hardly make a second experiment of the kind. They will, however, go on with their colonizing to as great an extent as possible, and will undoubtedly secure three or four members of the Legislature in this way. But even with this addition to their strength they cannot succeed in their chief object. The Republicans, on Tuesday, will secure the Legislature as well as everything else by their victory, and the Democracy will get poor old Greeley and nothing else in exchange for their principles. E. C.

Latest Notes—Complete Organization of the Republicans—What Has Been Accomplished.

From Our Special Correspondent.

INDIANAPOLIS, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1872.

With only two days of this exhausting campaign remaining, a sense of relief comes upon this whole people. I doubt if there is a Democrat or Republican to be found in all Indiana who is not heartily glad that the bitter strife is almost over, and the decision of the people about to be rendered.

THE REPUBLICAN ORGANIZATION.

The great work of organization and preparation which was commenced upon the Republican side Feb. 22, immediately upon the adjournment of the State Convention which nominated the State ticket, so that practically the work has been in progress seven months, and a fierce battle has been raging all over the State since the Democratic State ticket was nominated on the 12th of June. In this time a vast amount of work has been done by Col. Foster, Chairman of the Republican State Committee. There have been about 1,500 large public meetings, and altogether, including township and school district gatherings, there have not been less than 15,000 speeches delivered in support of the Republican cause. Thousands of telegraphic messages have been sent and received, and there have been 10,000 letters received and answered at head-quarters. In addition to all this, the Chairmen and leading Republicans of nearly all the counties have frequently been in this city in consultation with Col. Foster, whose daily labors in this campaign have commenced at 7 o'clock in the morning and ended late in the evening, and during the same hours Mr. Jerome C. Burnett, the Secretary of the Committee, with two and often several clerks has been kept constantly occupied. Nor have these been alone in the vast labor necessary for the redemption of Indiana. Senator Morton has traveled thousands of miles and made about fifty speeches, while Gen. Tom. Browne, the candidate for Governor, who has been longer in the field than any one else, has been in every county in the State, and will close the campaign on Monday, after having delivered 163 speeches. Hon. Godlove S. Orth and Hon. William Williams, candidates for Congressmen at large, have each spoken about eighty times; the other candidates on the State ticket almost as frequently, and such volunteer State orators as Senator Pratt, Col. Thompson, Gen. Ben. Harrison, Major Gordon and many others hardly less often. In addition to all this the candidates for Congress in the several districts, Mr. Hillman, in the First; Dr. Vogles, in the Second; Mr. Herod, in the Third; Judge Wilson, in the Fourth; Gen. Coburn, in the Fifth; Gen. Hunter, in the Sixth; Judge Cason, in the Seventh; Mr. Tyner, in the Eighth; Gen. Shanks, in the Ninth; Major Saylor, in the Tenth, and Gen. Packard, in the Eleventh, have been in their several ways impressing upon the people the necessity of continued Republican supremacy, and most of them have been constantly upon the stump for several weeks. All this work of canvassing for the State generally has been under the direction of Col. Foster, and, except the unfortunate failure to get Secretary Boutwell to Terre Haute on Tuesday night, every speaker has been promptly on hand at the appointed time and place until within the past few days, when Senator Morton was detained at home by the illness of his wife, and some of those from abroad, like Gov. Jewell and Gen. Butler, were called suddenly away by duties elsewhere. On the other hand, in no case have the speakers failed to meet large and enthusiastic audiences; and looking back now upon the labors of the last one hundred days, it seems incredible that so much has been done with so few untoward incidents. Nor has the work of enlightenment been confined to public speaking, for the State Committee has sent out over one million of documents, exclusive of the copies of Republican newspapers which have been distributed.

THE CONDITION OF THE STATE.

This vast amount of labor, now happily accomplished, was undertaken and persisted in because it was absolutely necessary. Said Col. Foster, today: "If we should be beaten by five votes on Tuesday, we would have been beaten by thirty thousand without the work which has been done." In the remark is the recent political history of the State. There is no doubt that Indiana, always a close State since it became Republican, had been retrograding into Democracy. The public are familiar with the statistics of the elections of the last eight years, and how the Republican majority of 20,000, in 1864, dwindled away until it was entirely lost in the Democratic majority of 2,500 in 1870. But for the fact that during all this time the Republicans have had executive control of the State, and nearly all the time have had possession of the legislative power, their party would have been utterly destroyed by the partisan use the Democrats would have made of these prerogatives. Last Spring it required a very strong faith in things unseen to believe that the Republican Party of Indiana could have a chance for victory this year. It was lifeless, except in its quarrels within itself; purposeless, except to encourage its enemies; and disintegrated to such an extent as to leave only a basis for reorganization and hardly that. In this condition the Liberal movement came upon it, and being followed by the "Greeley craze," it was difficult to foresee what effect they would have. The effect they did have was the first encouraging sign the party gave its friends, for, of all Republicans of Indiana who had ever had much prominence of any kind in the State, only Geo. W. Julian, John D. Defrees, Thomas W. Stillwell, and two or three others, went over to the enemy. These defections were not startling in themselves, and it was speedily found that they were not indicative of a stampede from the party lines. On the contrary, as soon as danger threatened, these lines closed up, and the petty quarrels in such heavy Republican counties as Delaware, which had grown out of local issues, utterly ceased. With the party in this condition, the work of enlightenment which has been sketched began. And with what result? Every Republican county, with the possible exception of La Porte, promises to do as well, and many of them far better, than in 1868, and the Democratic counties cannot do any worse than in former years. Such heavy Republican districts as Delaware, Wabash, Wayne, Marion, St. Joseph, promise to give larger majorities than ever before, and some of the close counties, like Clay, will be revolutionized unless all present signs prove false. In previous letters I have, however, spoken of the present prospects in sufficient detail, and it is my purpose now only to refer to them in connection with a statement of the causes to which they are due. It is enough to add that this labor has not been in vain; that the party has been strengthened, instead of weakened, by the events of the past six months, and that it never was so confident of victory upon the eve of an election as it is today. That a fair vote and an honest count will give them a decided triumph no one of them doubts. They name very different figures as their majority, the most cautious sinking to fifteen hundred and the more sanguine rising to ten thousand. The general opinion, however, halts between three thousand and five thousand, and the Republican Party which can do even this in Indiana is achieving a great deed to be gratefully remembered by the nation.

THE OUTLOOK.

In taking leave of this campaign, however, as I practically do with this letter, I am bound to say that the Democrats reach very different conclusions, or pretend to do, and that they have worked and are working very hard, so far as the leaders are concerned, to make good their boasts. They began by nominating as their candidate their presumably strongest man. Thomas A. Hendricks was known as a man of great ability, as well as large experience in public affairs, and when nominated was admitted, even by his opponents, to be a gentleman without a stain upon his personal character. He was, therefore, a formidable candidate as opposed to Gen. Browne, who was comparatively unknown, but he speedily fell into the Greeley slough and instantly lost all his advantage. A life-long bitter Democrat, standing upon the Cincinnati platform and supporting Horace Greeley, he was driven to personal abuse of the opposing candidate as his sole political weapon, and of course soon descended to reckless falsehood, as in the case of the letter with an altered date. It was the fault of his unfortunate political condition, perhaps its inevitable consequence, but Mr. Hendricks soon lost his character for firmness and earned the contempt of honorable men. As with him so with all his party, and the campaign upon their side became one of slander and abuse just as it has in other States. Lies hatched beyond Indiana did equal service with those manufactured within its borders, and there were none so atrocious as not not be constantly used. Making but little headway among the people by this warfare, the Democrats were forced to rely to a much greater extent than their opponents upon quiet work through their county organizations, and it is solely owing to this that they will make a respectable showing on Tuesday. Their discipline is perfect, and thousands will go to the polls and vote for Hendricks with intense disgust, because they know it is a vote for Greeley, but they will vote nevertheless. Knowledge of this fact is one basis of Democratic confidence, and another is the assumption that there is a large silent Liberal vote of which the Republicans are unaware. Unless men have gone about among their fellows with lies upon their lips for months there can be nothing of the sort, for this campaign has been so exciting as to draw from almost every voter in the State an expression of his political status. But the Democrats pretend to believe there is such a vote, and boldly claim that in consequence of it they will have fifteen thousand majority on Tuesday. Some of the leaders undoubtedly expect to reach that figure by wholesale frauds, but in this, too, they will be disappointed, as the ballot boxes were never so closely guarded as they will be on Tuesday.

The situation, then, now that the election is only two days distant, and it cannot be materially changed, is, that both parties claim the victory, but every honest chance with the Republicans. There will be about 360,000 votes cast, and, as there are about forty names upon the ticket, it will be late on election night before returns commence to come in. Unless, however, the contest should be very close, enough will be known by midnight to enable us to make a very close approximation to the result. E. C.

Bishop Harris on Church Prosperity.

Rose Hill Methodist Episcopal Church, East Twenty-seventh-street, was yesterday morning reopened for Divine worship, and the services were attended by a very large congregation. During the recess the church has been remodeled and renovated, a rich-toned organ having been built in the north-eastern portion of the gallery, the eastern part of which has been set apart for the choir, which yesterday was unusually large, and under the direction of Mr. John Stevenson. Rev. John Dickinson, the pastor, having made the usual announcements, called the attention of the congregation to the church improvements, but added that the object of such improvements was merely to make the congregation more comfortable during the time they were seeking for spiritual advantages. He then introduced Bishop Harris, who, before commencing his sermon, alluded to the fact that during the past twelve years he had often been with that congregation, and was pleased to meet them again in their renovated temple. He took for his text the 118th Psalm, twenty-fifth verse: "O Lord, I beseech thee, send now prosperity." True prosperity, he said, was not generally understood, being often viewed in a worldly aspect; but the Church was not prosperous unless the end for which it was established could be secured. Numbers did not always constitute prosperity in a Church. Wealth is not always prosperity; for the Church at Laodicea, although rich in worldly goods, were poor in spiritual things. History has proven that in the days when the churches had the most wealth they had the least moral power. It is difficult to retain a hold on things spiritual, when the luxuries of the world are easily attainable. It was a grave mistake of congregations to think themselves prosperous merely when they had a popular preacher or a beautiful temple. He urged the necessity of religiously educating the children; early training being of the greatest importance, not only in the Sabbath-school, but also at home. A lively interest in the spiritual welfare of others, and in benevolent enterprises, had a tendency to promote prosperity in a church; but, above all, the presence of the Holy Spirit was needed in their hearts. The preacher closed his discourse with an exhortation that they would at all times make the Psalmist's prayer their own. During the afternoon a reunion of the members took place in the church for the purpose of getting together the membership and Christian unity somewhat broken by the long recess.

Fourth Anniversary Sermon of Rev. Isaac Riley, Pastor of the Thirty-Fourth-Street Reformed Church.

The Thirty-fourth-street Reformed Church was unusually well attended yesteryad morning, when Rev. Isaac Riley delivered the fourth anniversary sermon of his installation as pastor. He took his text from the one hundred and twenty-second Psalm, first verse: "I was glad when they said unto me, let us go into the house of the Lord." The reverend gentleman delivered an excellent discourse, observing that the first year was marked by no surprising Providence, nor had they suffered any great calamity. The church had gone on smoothly in its various departments, and the Sunday-school and other religious gatherings were well attended. He maintained that that particular church in which they worshiped God should be the object of their special care, and he regretted that each individual member did not put forward greater efforts to counteract the evil effects of the five hundred grog-shops in the Ward. The prospects of the coming year looked brighter than those that preceded it, and he made a powerful exhortation to each member of the congregation to take a livelier interest in the progress of the church, and the result would be both gratifying and astonishing.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 5.

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

100	Consolid'n Coal..	41	100	New-Jersey Cen..	99¾
1400	West. U. T..b. c.	71⅛	20	Chi. & Rock I.	110½
1100	do.	71	100	do..bet. call.	110
1000	do.	70⅞	200	do....ex-div.	106
400	do.	70⅞	50	Chi., Bur. & Qu...	133¾
200	do.	70⅞	1200	C. & N. W...b. c.	70½
800	do.	70⅞	200	do.	70⅝
200	do.....s3.	70⅞	800	do.	70⅜
2600	do.	70⅞	1400	do.	70⅝
200	do.	70⅞	200	do.	70⅜
200	do.	70⅞	400	do.	70⅝
200	Clev. & Pitts. Gd.	87⅛	300	do.	70⅝
800	do..bet. call.	87⅛	100	do.....c.	70⅝
100	Am. M. Union Ex.	65⅝	700	do.	70⅝
300	do.	69	900	do.	70⅝
12	do.	69¾	100	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	86⅛
100	Pacific M..b.c.b3.	75⅜	7	do.	86⅛
100	do.....s3.	75⅛	100	do..bet. call.	86⅛
1000	do.	75⅛	100	Ohio & Miss..b.o.	43⅛
1300	do.	75⅛	100	do.	42⅞
2300	do.	75⅛	100	New-Jersey So.	20
50	Atlantic M.S.S Co.	20	500	Union Pac....b.c.	38
100	do.	20⅛	100	do.....s3.	37⅞
400	do..bet. call.	20⅛	300	do.	37⅞
100	do.	20⅛	200	Hannibal & St.Jo.	32
100	Mil. & St. Paul R.	54	100	Del., Lack. & W..	94½
500	do..bet. call.	53⅞	10	do.	95
200	Morris & Essex...	90	300	do..bet. call.	94⅞
100	Erie Railway.b.c.	49⅛	200	Bos., H. & Erie...	7⅞
100	do.	49⅛	100	do..b. c...b3.	8
100	do.	49⅛	100	do.	7⅞
200	L.S. & M. So..b.c.	87⅛	100	do.....b3.	8
100	do.....b3.	87⅛	100	do.	8
300	do.	87⅛	400	Col., C. & I. C.b.c.	33⅞
380	do.	87⅛	200	do.	33⅞
100	do.	87⅛	100	do.....b3.	33⅞
200	do.	87	300	Quick. Pf..b.c..c.	54
200	do.....c.	87	200	Mariposa Pf.	2⅜

MONDAY, Oct. 7, A. M.

The weekly averages of the Associated Banks, Local and National, reporting through the Clearing House for the week ending Saturday last, Oct. 5, compare as follows with the previous week, and also with the corresponding week last year. To which we add the Gold and Currency balance in the New-York Office of the United States Treasury at these dates respectively:

Decrease in Loans	$2,483,500
Decrease in Specie	2,019,600
Increase in other Legal Tenders	3,067,100
Decrease in Deposits	9,299,800
Decrease in Circulation	130,900

	Oct. 7, '71.	Sept. 28, '72.	Oct. 5, '72.
National Capital	$73,181,000	$71,783,500	$71,783,500
Local Capital	15,244,600	15,532,200	15,532,200
Total	$88,425,600	$87,315,700	$87,315,700
Loans	298,156,200	272,293,800	269,810,310
Gold and Gold Notes	10,276,100	11,963,500	9,943,500
Other Legal Tenders	54,596,100	44,982,800	41,915,700
Deposits	222,583,100	195,450,000	186,150,200
Circulation	30,260,100	27,735,100	27,604,260
In Sub-Treasury	74,363,984	72,515,557	72,999,747

The Bank return published this morning exhibits the relative strength of the movement in respect to the lawful money held, as against the Circulation and Deposits, to which we add the position of the movement the week before, and also of the movement of the corresponding week last year:

	Sept. 28, '72.	Oct. 5, '72.	Oct. 7, '71.
Deposits	$195,450,000	$186,150,200	$222,583,100
Circulation	27,735,100	27,604,200	30,260,100
Total	$223,185,100	$213,754,400	$252,843,200
Required 25 ₱ ct..	$55,796,275	$53,436,100	$63,210,800
Actual basis	56,946,300	51,859,600	64,872,200
Excess	1,150,025	*$1,576,500	$1,661,400
Rate of money	7 ₱ ct.	7 ₱ ct.	7 ₱ ct.

*Deficiency.

The Bank return, though weaker than the previous averages, is no worse than the free withdrawal of Greenbacks, by certain Wall-street parties, to make Money as stringent as possible and to depress Stocks, foreshadowed early in the week. The "lock up" appears to have affected the Greenback average about three million of dollars, while the Gold Notes are down two millions, mainly through the Customs payments with the Treasury Office. These exceed the sales of Gold by the Treasury nearly a million and a half of dollars. Gold was scarce and Money dear throughout the week, and the Foreign Exchanges, so essential at this season of the year to the Export movement of Cotton and other Domestic Produce, were depressed, and Merchant Bills difficult to place at 106@106½ ₱ cent. on London, and Bankers' Bills could not be readily sold better than 106⅞@107 ₱ cent. This particular interest was more affected by the Gold corner, and the manner in which it is used to exact large bonuses for the daily use of Gold, as well as to create financial distrust (in connection with the lock-up of Greenbacks) generally. But we have reason to believe that these embarrassments about reached their worst on Saturday, and that in a day or two the Banks will have a better supply of both Gold Notes and Greenbacks. The Treasury, this week, will make extra sales of Gold, and leave the proceeds with the National Banks to the credit of the United States Treasurer, and will also make extra purchases of United States 5-20s (within the usual limit as to price, to wit, the equivalent of Gold) for the Sinking Fund, paying therefor in Greenbacks now in the Treasury.

Both operations should sensibly strengthen the Lawful Money Averages at Bank, and through these Averages promote the general movement of the Money market, besides relieving the interests connected with our Foreign Trade and Exchanges from the pestilent Gold corner which has been annoying them for several weeks past.

The ample Gold surplus of the Treasury is well understood. Its Greenback resources, we are glad to know, are very much larger, immediate and discretionary than the public had heretofore been led to suppose. The Secretary is thus able to make extra sales of Gold, according to the needs of the market and the liberality of the bidding, without drawing the Currency proceeds from the Banks, and to make extra purchases of United States 5-20s for the Sinking Fund, according to the disposition of holders to part with them under the existing dearness of Money, and to pay for them from his own store of Greenbacks.

The Import Entries in New-York, embracing Foreign Dry Goods and General Merchandise, for the week past, were $8,644,238, against $7,033,388 for the corresponding week last year. The exports of Domestic Produce, other than Gold and Silver, were $4,716,438, against $5,558,596 same week in 1871. The export of Gold and Silver, $2,101,404*, against $500,127 same week in 1871. The Customs in Gold paid into the New-York Office of the United States Treasury for the week were $2,353,301.

*Including Scrip since divided.

The Gold values of the Import Entries of Foreign Merchandise at New-York, exclusive of Foreign Specie, since Jan. 1, 1872, are as follows, the figures being official to Aug. 1, and since semi-official from the Custom-house:

January	$35,637,174	Aug. 17	$10,139,106
February	38,028,442	Aug. 24	9,162,526
March	38,227,070	Aug. 31	11,692,938
April	46,388,319	Sept. 7	8,969,052
May	42,483,217	Sept. 14	8,086,094
June	30,609,828	Sept. 21	9,071,590
July	30,024,381	Sept. 28	8,387,201
Aug. 3	7,378,540	Oct. 5	8,644,238
Aug. 10	9,254,068		
Total since Jan. 2			$358,346,243
Same time last year			308,679,238
Increase since last year			$49,667,105

The Currency value of Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign Goods re-exported from New-York, since Jan. 1, is as follows:

January	$18,950,004	Aug. 14	$4,967,118
February	17,975,009	Aug. 21	3,906,951
March	16,539,019	Aug. 28	4,695,445
April	17,079,784	Sept. 4	4,406,670
May	15,889,947	Sept. 11	4,909,999
June	20,691,560	Sept. 18	5,228,000
July	20,060,988	Sept. 25	4,860,218
Aug. 7	5,278,242	Oct. 2	4,716,438
Total since Jan. 1			$169,513,347
Same time last year			179,322,278
Decrease since Jan. 1			$9,808,931
Gold, Oct. 5, 1872			114⅛ ₱ cent.
Gold, Oct. 7, 1871			114⅜ ₱ cent.

The exports from New-York of Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion since Jan. 1 are as follows:

January	$1,540,362	Aug. 17	582,185
February	972,657	Aug. 24	374,190
March	2,713,604	Aug. 31	387,569
April	4,490,713	Sept. 7	374,433
May	14,850,500	Sept. 14	336,216
June	12,538,202	Sept. 21	315,358
July	17,248,688	Sept. 28	406,627
Aug. 3	1,653,289	Oct. 5	2,101,404
Aug. 10	377,326		
Total since Jan. 1			$61,143,254
Same time last year			58,027,503
Increase since Jan. 1			$3,115,751

The following are the Customs receipts of Gold, and the interest paid on the Public Debt, in Gold, at the New-York Office of the United States Treasury since Jan. 1, 1872:

	Customs.		Gold Interest.
January	$13,698,496	January	$15,184,500
February	14,941,959	February	2,582,182
March	14,388,876	March	3,894,594
April	14,329,278	April	685,266
May	11,836,504	May	12,077,892
June	7,403,684	June	2,303,835
July	7,683,216	July	16,951,456
August	19,960,753	August	3,675,098
Sept. 7	3,660,749	Sept. 7	962,526
Sept. 14	3,568,107	Sept. 14	381,122
Sept. 21	3,056,000	Sept. 21	218,406
Sept. 28	2,970,794	Sept. 28	142,903
Oct. 5	2,353,501	Oct. 5	290,480
Total, 1872..	$119,529,941	Total, 1872...	$59,361,321
Total, 1871..	125,752,279	Total, 1871...	65,754,791

The close Money market, and the difficulty of getting the use of Gold, had their influence upon the Customs payments of the week. There was a falling off from the previous week of $617,000.

*Nearly all Mexican Silver in transitu.

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE—THE WEEK.

		Oct. 7, '71.
American Gold	113⅝@115⅛@113⅜@114⅛	114⅜
U. S. 5-20s, '65, May and Nov.	115@115⅜	115⅜
U. S. 5-20s, '67, Jan. and July	113⅝@114	114⅞
U. S. New 5 ₱ cents	110⅜@111@110⅜	....
Central Pacific 6 ₱ cents	100@99⅜	102⅜
Union Pacific 6 ₱ cents	88@87⅛	89⅛
New-York Central	93⅞@91⅜@93	92⅜
Rock Island	110⅜@106xd.	109⅞
North-west Common	71⅛@68⅜@71	69⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	42⅛@43	42⅝
St. Paul Common	54⅛@53⅞	62⅛
St Paul Preferred	75@74⅛	81
Toledo and Wabash	69@69	62⅛
Union Pacific	39@37⅛@37⅞	27⅛
Erie	48⅛@49⅛@48⅞	30⅛
Western Telegraph	69⅜@71@69⅛@71	66⅛
Pacific Mail	74⅛@78@74⅛@75⅞	52⅛
Lake Shore	88@85⅞@87⅞	*109⅞

The extreme fluctuations in Gold during the week were about one per cent. The speculators, who have made a practical corner on the Cash Gold, bought the $1,000,000 sold by the Treasury last Thursday, and made the most out of their control of the market by charging round differences, day by day, for the use of the Gold. These differences varied from ⅛ to ⅜@1 per cent a day. On Saturday the highest bonus was a sixteenth under ⅛ per cent.

The Public Funds left off firm on Saturday, and the speculative Railroad, Telegraph, and Pacific Mail Shares were generally strong, in the face of an unfavorable Bank return and high rates paid through the day to carry over Stocks until Monday. While some of the fluctuations of the market in the course of the week were quite violent, 2@3 ₱ cent., the final prices on Saturday, were in the main about equal to the closing figures of the week before.

Mr. Warren E. Greenleaf has been admitted a partner in the Stock Exchange firm of Messrs. Greenleaf, Norris & Co., No. 66 Exchange-place.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ BANKING HOUSE OF FISK & HATCH,
No. 5 NASSAU-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 18, 1872.

DEPOSITS received, on which we allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum. Special arrangements made with Savings Banks and others depositing large amounts.

We issue CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT available in all parts of the country, and bearing interest in case of special deposit.

We make COLLECTIONS for merchants and others in all parts of the country.

Orders for INVESTMENT STOCKS and BONDS executed at the Stock Exchange, on commission, for cash.

We deal in GOVERNMENT and other FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES, such as CENTRAL PACIFIC and CHESAPEAKE and OHIO BONDS.

The small amount of CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO BONDS remaining in the hands of the Company, will be disposed of by us at private sale, giving investors an opportunity to purchase this favorite security upon terms which should insure an advance upon the completion of the road and their introduction at the Stock Exchange.

FISK & HATCH.

☞ THE CHICAGO AND CANADA SOUTHERN

First Mortgage Sinking Fund Thirty Years 7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS,

We recommend to investors as a *Safe and Profitable* security. Present price, 90 and accrued interest. Interest payable April and October, at the Union Trust Company, *Coupon or Registered*. This road is the western end or link of the Canada Southern, which together form *the new trunk line from Buffalo to Chicago*, running directly into Chicago on its own line; is *straight and level*, and the *shortest* line now built, or that *can be built*, between Chicago and Buffalo. The great accumulation of freights at Chicago and Toledo, even *now*, beyond the capacity of the present Trunk Line, renders the speedy completion of the road an *absolute necessity*. Pamphlets and all information furnished by

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
Bankers, No. 27 Pine-st.
LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
Bankers, No. 10 Wall-st.

☞ HOUSTON AND TEXAS CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY'S

FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, secured by a large and valuable Land Grant, and a Sinking Fund of 2 Per Cent. of the earnings. For sale at 90 and accrued interest in Currency, yielding over 9 per cent. interest. William E. Dodge, of New-York, President. This Road will be entirely completed by the first of January next, and we confidently recommend the bonds as a perfectly safe investment.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON, No. 59 Wall-st.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 5—11½ A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅛ for money, and 92⅜ for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds of 1865, old, opened at 93⅛; United States Bonds of 1867, 92⅜; 10-40s, 88; new 5s, 89⅝. Erie opened at 39.

1½ P. M.—Consols closed 92⅛ for money, and 92⅜ for the account. United States Bonds closed: 5-20s of 1865, 93⅛; of 1867, 92⅜; 10-40s, 88; new 5s, 89⅝. Erie closed 39.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—Rentes opened at 53f. 27c., and closed at 53f. 27c.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 5—11 A. M.—Cotton opened strong. Sales for the day are estimated at 15,000 bales.

Sales of 4,000 bales were made yesterday after the regular closing, making the sales of the day 22,000 bales.

1 P. M.—Cotton closed active and firm. The sales for the day were 20,000 bales, of which 6,000 bales were for speculation and export. Middling Uplands, 9⅞d.; Middling Orleans, 10⅛d. Sales were made of Middling Uplands for October at 9⅝d.; do. for November at 9½d. Breadstuffs closed quiet and steady. Lard, 40s. ₱ cwt.

Evening.—Common Resin, 11s. 6d. ₱ cwt.

LONDON, Oct. 5—Evening.—Linseed-oil, £35 15s.@£36 ₱ ton. Spirits of Turpentine, 42s. 6d.@43s. ₱ cwt.

Reopening of St. John's Church, in Varick-Street.

The old church of St. John's, in Varick-street, has recently been redecorated and painted by the Trinity vestry. The nave has been thoroughly repaired, and the old white decorations have given place to beautiful colored designs and fathoms of every hue. The seats have also been repainted; in fact, everything has been done to make the edifice comfortable and more church-like than it has ever been heretofore. The chancel, as a matter of course, excels the nave in the splendor of its adornments. Over the altar is a beautiful painting of St. John, the patron saint of the church, while every niche and pillar is emblazoned with bright colors and drawings of Christian symbols, the whole being set off with a sky-blue ceiling, mingled with gold decorations. The organ and the pulpit are also decorated to harmonize with the other portions of the church. The services yesterday throughout the day were well attended, and were of a highly devotional character. There is a surplice choir, and their singing will compare with any of the up-town churches. The rendering of the "Jubilate Deo" and the anthem "As Pants the Heart" were excellent, the solo in the anthem being sung exquisitely by a chorister boy to all appearance not more than ten years of age. The sermon was preached by Rev. W. H. Cooke, who took for his text the fifth and sixth verses of the ninth chapter of St. Matthew, a portion of the Gospel for the day, from which he delivered an eloquent and instructive discourse.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Oct. 5, 1872.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pks.	40	Oil, bbls.	50
Cotton, bales	1,162	Beef, pks.	60
Eggs, bbls.	1,690	Pork, pks.	236
Flour, bbls.	18,387	Cut-meats, pks.	197
Meal, bbls.	1,374	Lard, pks.	102
Meal, bags	40	Lard, kegs	50
Wheat, bushels	123,462	Stearine, pks.	100
Corn, bushels	248,783	Butter, pks.	3,103
Oats, bushels	63,432	Cheese, pks.	9,450
Malt, bushels	650	Oil-cake, pks.	519
Barley, bushels	13,886	Rice, pks.	106
Peas, bushels	620	Starch, pks.	1,450
Beans, bbls.	100	Tobacco, hhds.	113
Hemp, bales	100	Tobacco, pks.	62
Hops, bales	22	Tea, half chests	5,057
Hides, bdls.	8	Whisky, bbls.	65
Leather, sides	3,565	Wool, bales	8
Resin, bbls.	354		6

CEMENT—Rosendale has been in demand on the basis of $1 60 ₱ bbl.

COAL—Has been quite firm and in rather active demand, including Liverpool Gas Cannel at $15@$16; House do., $20@$22 ₱ ton of 2,240 lbs.; Anthracite, $4 50@$8 50 ₱ ton for cargoes.

COCOA—Has been lightly dealt in, with Maracaibo quoted at 29c.@30c., Caracas, 16½c.@17½c.; Guayaquil, 13c.; San Domingo, 7½c.@8c., gold, in bond, ₱ lb.

COFFEE—Rio has been dull, here, within the previous nominal range. At Baltimore, sales were made of 4,000 bags Rio, by the Traveler, and 2,500 bags do., by the Zamoyden, on private terms. Other kinds inactive.

COTTON—With limited offerings, and a good demand for early delivery, prices have again advanced ⅛c. ₱ lb on sales of 1,654 bales (of which 700 bales were to arrive,) including 1,083 bales to shippers, 649 bales to spinners, 22 bales to speculators, and 100 bales in transit. For forward delivery, a brisk inquiry prevails at a further improvement, with sales reported of 24,550 bales, (5,600 bales last evening and 18,950 bales today,) basis of Low Middling, with October contracts closing at 18¾c.; November at 18 9-16c.; December, 18 11-16c.; January, 19 3-16c.; February, 19⅜c.; March, 20⅛c.; April, 20⅝c.; and May, 21c. The receipts at this port today were 1,162 bales including 1,117 bales from Charleston, 45 bales ₱ railroad. The week's exports reached 10,371 bales.

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	16	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
Good Ordinary	18⅜	18⅝	18⅞	18⅞
Low Middling	19	19⅛	19⅜	19⅜
Middling	19⅜	19⅜	19⅝	19⅞
Good Middling	20⅛	20⅜	20⅞	20⅞

EGGS—Have been moderately sought after, within the range of 27c.@31c. Offerings fair.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has attracted less attention, and prices have favored buyers. The chief call for lines has been from shippers, whose bids have been less satisfactory, as a rule. Sales have been reported since our last of 16,250 bbls., including inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $5@$6 00, chiefly at $6 20@$6 50; inferior to good Extra at $7@$7 50, chiefly at $7 10@$7 40; good to fancy at $7 50@$8 10; poor to good shipping Extra Western at $7@$7 50; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Ohio at $7 10@$7 60 ₱ bbl.; and trade and family extras at proportionate rates.

Southern Flour has been quiet, and rather weak in price. Sales have been reported since our last of 840 bbls. at $6 10@$8 35 for very inferior to very good, and $8 35@$12 for very good to very choice Extra, ₱ bbl. Rye Flour has been in moderate demand at from $3 50@$5 35 for very inferior to choice, ₱ bbl.; sales, 450 bbls., chiefly at $5@$5 25 ₱ bbl. Corn-meal has been less active at $3 30@$3 70 for Yellow Western; $3@$3 50 (nominally) for White do.; $3 60 for Marsh's Caloric; $3 55@$3 70 for Jersey, and $3 90@$3 95 for Brandywine; the reported sales were 500 bbls., in lots.

GRAIN—Desirable lots of Spring Wheat have attracted more attention, and have been quoted a shade stronger, on less urgent offerings. The demand has been mainly for shipment. Winter Wheat very quiet within the former range. Sales have been reported since our last of 101,500 bushels, at $1 63 for Prime No. 1 Milwaukee Spring; $1 56@$1 58 for fair to strictly Prime No. 2 do.; $1 51@$1 53 for No. 2 Chicago and North-west Spring; $1 42@$1 45 for fair ordinary to very good No. 3 Spring; $1 46@$1 48 for No. 2 and 3 Spring, mixed, in lots; $1 30@$1 40 for rejected Spring; $1 50@$1 70 for very inferior to choice Red Western, and $1 70@$1 75 for Amber do....There has been a fairly active movement reported in Corn, which opened a shade easier, but closed with rather more firmness. The export demand was good, and the trade call fair. Sales have been reported since our last of 222,000 bushels at 63½c.@64c. for fair to prime sailing-vessel grades of Mixed Western, afloat, closing at 64c. for prime; 64½c.@65c. for High mixed do.; 61c.@63c. for Ordinary to choice steamer grades of New Mixed Western, afloat; 65c.@65½c. for Yellow Western; 65c.@68c. for White Western, 57c @61c. for damaged Mixed do., in lots, ₱ bush. Forward deliveries attracted less attention, and were quoted nominally as before....Of Western Rye, 2,000 bushels, in store, sold at 82c.; and of Barley Malt, 3,000 bushels four-rowed at $1 26....Nothing really new in Barley....Oats have been quoted a shade firmer on a fair trade inquiry, chiefly for new stock. Sales have been reported since our last of 76,000 bushels at 42c.@45½c. for ordinary to choice prime new Mixed Western, chiefly at 44c. for good new No. 2 Chicago; 40c.@42c. for inferior to good Black and Dark Mixed; 43c.@48½c. for poor to choice new White Western, and 55c. for fancy White State. For prime old Mixed Western, in store, there were bids of 45c., with 46c.@46½c. asked. The week's exports of Breadstuffs included 5,451 bbls. Flour, 374,711 bushels Wheat, 637,903 bushels Corn, and 16,395 bushels Rye.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been slow of sale, including Bags at 14c.@14½c.; Bagging at 12c.@12½c., and Domestic Bagging at 13c. Sales, 150 rolls Domestic Bagging on private terms.

HAY—Bale Hay has been moderately sought after on the basis of $1@$1 05 for shipping, and $1 20@$1 50 for local use, ₱ 100 lbs. Straw inactive at from 65c.@$1 05 for the range of quantities, Short and Long, ₱ 100 lbs.

HEMP—Sales, 500 bales Jute Butts at 2c. ₱ lb.; market unchanged.

HIDES—There has been a fair inquiry for desirable lots at firm prices. The week's receipts have been 26,287 Hides; sales, 44,450 Hides and 245 bales do., the latter including, according to Messrs. Hull & Co., 4,000 Dry Buenos Ayres, 22@28 lbs., at 25c.@25½c.; 250 Dry Buenos Ayres Kips, 11 lbs., at 26½c.; 4,400 Dry Entre Rios, 21@23 lbs., at 24½c.@25c.; 9,850 Dry Montevideo, 20@22 lbs., at 25c.; 4,440 Dry Rio Grande, 20@21 lbs., at 24½c.; 1,350 Dry Rio Grande Kips, 12 lbs., at 26½c., gold, selected; 2,200 Dry California, 21½ lbs., on private terms; 2,250 Dry Central American, 20@22 lbs., at 21@21½c., gold, selected; 1,600 Dry Tobasco, &c., 18@22 lbs.; 2,000 Dry Texas, (to arrive,) 22 lbs.; 4,300 Dry Texas and Mexican Kips, 9@11 lbs., on private terms; 2,410 Wet-salted Rio Grande Cows, 51 lbs., at 13½c., gold, selected; 3,500 Wet-salted Texas and New-Orleans, 38@60 lbs., at 12¾c.@13¼c., currency; 500 Wet-salted Western, 59 lbs., on private terms; 1,400 Wet-salted City Slaughter, 70@75 lbs., at 12½c., currency; 131 bales Calcutta Buffalo; 114 bales Calcutta Cows, on private terms. The stock on hand is 215,750 Hides and 1,370 Bales, (same time last year 115,400 Hides and 1,330 Bales.)

LATHS—Eastern have been in demand and steady at $2 90 ₱ thousand.

LIME—Rockland has been moderately inquired for, including Common at $1 35, and Lump at $1 75 ₱ bbl.

LUMBER—There has been a good trade call for the leading kinds of stock, with more firmness in prices.

MOLASSES—Of Porto Rico, 200 hhds. sold at 38c. Other kinds neglected. Values nominally unchanged.

NAVAL STORES—Resin dull, but steady; sales, 500 bbls. common to good Strained at $4 40@$4 55; 350 bbls. No. 2 at $4 70@$4 80, and 200 bbls. Pale at $5 50 ₱ 280 lbs....Nothing new in Tar....Of Spirits Turpentine, 300 bbls. changed hands at 64c. ₱ gallon; market unchanged.

PETROLEUM—Crude sold to the extent of 1,500 bbls., in bulk, at 13½c. ₱ gallon; market firm....Refined again advanced, on free dealings, in the local market; sales, 15,000 bbls., October deliveries, at 26c.@26½c., and 2,000 bbls., buyer November, at 26c.@26½c. At Philadelphia, dull, but firm at 25¾c.; sales, 2,500 bbls....Refined, in cases, quoted at 31c.@31½c.... City Naphtha held at 20c.; Western do., 18½c.

PROVISIONS—A more confident inquiry prevailed for Pork, mostly for Mess, at a further improvement in prices, closing buoyantly. Sales have been reported of 1,670 bbls., in lots, at $14 40@$14 62½ for full and job lots of new Western Mess, $13 62½@$13 75 for old do.; $13 50@$13 75 for Prime Mess; $11 50 for Extra Prime, ₱ bbl. For forward delivery the demand has been quite active at much firmer rates, with sales reported of about 5,000 bbls. Western Mess, seller October, November, chiefly seller October, at $14 37½@$14 50 ₱ bbl....Dressed Hogs unchanged.... Cut-meats steady and in demand, with sales reported of 2,600 Pickled Hams, in bulk, at $14¼c.@14½c.; 1,000 Pickled Shoulders, in bulk, at 8c.@8¼c., and 20,000 lbs. Pickled Bellies, in bulk, at 8¾c. ₱ lb....Bacon has been in very moderate supply and fair request at firm prices; sales, 400 boxes Long Clear, in lots, at 8¾c.; 250 boxes Short Clear, January delivery, at 8c.; 600 boxes do., December to February, on private terms; and 100 boxes do., February, on private terms....Western Lard, in light demand, for early delivery, at about previous prices. City, rather more sought after and quoted stronger. Sales reported of 915 tcs. and bbls., for early delivery, at 8½c. for prime old Western Steam; 8⅝c. for new do.; 9c. for very choice old do.; 9½c. for choice Western Kettle-rendered; 8¼c.@8⅜c. for City; 8¼c. for No. 1, and 9½c.@9¾c. for Refined. For forward delivery, sales were made of 1,000 tcs. prime Western Steam, seller November, at 8⅝c....In barreled Beef there has been more activity, chiefly in low-grade stock, within the previous range, mostly at $3 75@$4 for inferior Mess; sales 600 bbls....Tierce Beef, dull at old figures....Of New Beef Hams, there were 20 bbls. sold at $27 50 ₱ bbl....The week's exports included 125 bbls. Pork, 518 pks. Beef, 7,692 tcs. Lard, 2,954 boxes Bacon, 1,091 pks. Butter, and 27,372 boxes Cheese.

SKINS—There has been more call for stock, and prices quoted about as before. Of Deer, sales were reported of 30,000 lbs. Porto Cabello, &c., 6,500 lbs. Sisal, 6,000 lbs. Central American, and 2,000 lbs. Para, on private terms. Receipts have been 42 bales Sisal and Vera Cruz, and 4 bales Southern and Texas. Of Goat, sales were made of 380 bales Mexican, 250 bales Curacoa, 90 bales Rio Hache, and 20 bales Cape. Receipts have been 338 bales from Curacoa, 49 bales from Maracaibo, 28 bales from Calcutta, 8 bales from Vera Cruz, and 8 bales from Savanilla.

SUGARS—Have been quoted steady on the previous basis, with a moderate demand noted, mostly from refiners. Sales, 643 hhds. and 250 boxes, including 608 hhds. fair to fully fair refining Porto Rico at 9c.@9¼c.; 18 hhds. common refining Cuba at 8½c.; 17 hhds. Demerara at 10¾c.; and 250 boxes Clayed Havana at 9½c. Refined quiet but unchanged.

TALLOW—Has been quiet but steady. Sales, 75,000 lbs. at 8⅝c.@9⅛c. for ordinary to very choice, chiefly at 9⅛c.@9⅛c. ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Has been sold to the extent of only 150 bbls., in lots, at 92c. per gallon; market unaltered.

FREIGHTS—Berth-freights have been comparatively tame, owing, partly, to the scant supply of room available; rates have been well maintained. In the chartering line a rather more urgent inquiry was noted for vessels for the grain trade at firmer rates, with a moderate demand for vessels for Petroleum and general cargo at the ruling figures....For Liverpool, the reported engagements were, by sail, 70 bales Cotton, at ¼d. ₱ lb.; and, by steam, 7,800 bushels Grain at 12½d. ₱ bushel; and 30 bales Gunnies at 30s., measurement; 10,000 Staves, 2,300 bbls. Apples, 100 bales Wool, and 150 bbls. Potatoes, on private terms. Also, an American ship, (now at an out-port,) with a full cargo of Cotton, from Mobile, at ⅝d., with privilege of Continent at 11-16d. ₱ lb....For London, by steam, 23,000 bushels Wheat at 12d. ₱ bushel. Also the British steam ship Helvetia, of the National line, with general cargo....For Bristol, by sail, 500 bbls. Resin on private terms. Also a British bark, 757 tons, with general cargo on private terms....For a direct port in the United Kingdom, a British brig, 200 tons, and a British schooner, 230 tons, with Oil-cake, from Philadelphia, at 35s.@36s....For Glasgow, by steam, 50 tons Oil-cake at 40s.; also 7,800 bushels Grain (relet room) on private terms....For Cork and orders, a Norwegian bark, 328 tons, hence, with 2,200 quarters Grain at 9s.; another, 471 tons, with about 3,000 quarters do.; another, 397 tons, with about 2,800 quarters do., and another, 480 tons, with about 3,100 quarters do., (all three recharters,) at 9s.; a Norwegian bark, 352 tons, with about 2,100 bbls. Petroleum from Philadelphia reported at 7s. 3d. ₱ bbl....For Penarth Roads and orders, an Italian brig, 393 tons, hence with about 2,600 quarters Grain at 8s. 4½d., or, if direct, at 8s. 1½d....For Antwerp, 600 bags Coffee at 42s. 6d., 150 tcs. Lard at 40s., 800 pks. Mdse. at 30s....For Hamburg, 20 boxes Bacon at 27s. 6d., 80 pks. Mdse. at 27s. 6d....For Bremen, by steam, 3,100 bushels Rye on private terms, 500 tcs. Lard at 40s., 939 bales Cotton at 1¼c., 800 pks. Tobacco on the basis of 30s. for cases, and 200 pks. Mdse. at full market rates....For Rotterdam, by sail, 200 tcs. Lard at 40s., 26 hhds. Tobacco on private terms...For Stettin, by steam, 4,000 tcs. Lard, 2,000 bbls. Resin, and 1,100 pks. mdse., at full rates....For Cadiz, an American bark, 496 tons, with Staves, at an advanced rate.... For Gibraltar and orders, an American bark, 455 tons, with about 3,000 bbls. Petroleum, reported on private terms....For the River Platte, a bark, with 300,000 feet Lumber, from St Mary's, at $24....For Barbadoes, two brigs, with general cargo, from Philadelphia, at 60c.@62½c. ₱ bbl....For the Windward, an American bark, with Staves, from Norfolk, at $2,900. ....For Sagua, a brig, 400 hhds. capacity, from Philadelphia and back, at 50c....For Laguayra, an American brig, 3,600 bbls. capacity, from Philadelphia, at 65c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and unsettled; No. 1 Spring, $1 20; No. 2 do., $1 12¾, cash; $1 12⅛ October; No. 3 do., 98c.@99c.; Rejected, 87c. Corn dull and lower; No. 2 Mixed, 32½c., cash or October; 33¼c. November; Rejected, 30c. Oats quiet and weak; No. 2 at 21c.; Rejected, 18c.@19c. Rye dull and lower; No. 2 at 52½c. Barley quiet and weak; No. 2 Fall, 54c. Provisions quiet and unchanged; nothing doing in any article; prices nominally unchanged. Whisky steady at 89c. Lake Freights—Corn to Buffalo higher, 1⅞c. Receipts—5,000 bbls. Flour, 124,000 bushels Wheat, 104,000 bushels Corn, 66,000 bushels Oats, 6,500 bushels Rye 55,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—7,000 bbls. Flour, 101,000 bushels Wheat, 311,000 bushels Corn, 45,000 bushels Oats, 3,000 bushels Rye, 153,000 bushels Barley. Cattle—Receipts, 1,402 head; market very quiet, and for good shipping Natives nearly nominal, as there are scarcely any on sale; Texans sold at $1 80@$3 20; a lot of stockers at $4; shipments, 798 head. Hogs—Receipts, 2,388 head; the market opened dull and closed steady at about 5c. decline; New-Yorkers at $4 40@$4 60; heavy grades, $4 65@$4 70; shipments, 8,274 head.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 5.—Flour in fair demand and firm at $7 50@$7 75. Wheat in fair demand and firm; Red, $1 50@$1 55. Corn dull and lower; sales at 42c.@43c. Rye firm at 71c.@73c. Oats steady; Old, 35c.@40c.; New, 30c.@35c. Barley unchanged and quiet. Butter in good demand; Choice, 24c.@28c. Mess Pork firm; sales, over 1,000 bbls. at $13 50. Lard steady; Summer, 7⅝c. bid, 7¾c. asked; sales Steam at 7⅝c., and more wanted; sales Kettle at 8c. Bulk Meats steady; Shoulders, 6⅛c.; Clear Rib Sides, 10⅛c.; Clear Sides, 10½c.@10¾c.; offerings light at these quotations. Bacon steady; Shoulders, 7½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 11½c.; Clear Sides, 11¾c. for jobbing sales. Sugar-cured Hams, 17½c.@19c. for Summer and Winter. Hogs quiet at $4 40@$4 75. Whisky firm at 89c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Lake Imports—9,400 bbls. Flour, 34,900 bushels Wheat, 93,450 bushels Corn, 42,000 bushels Oats, 16,419 bushels Barley. Canal Shipments—157,703 bushels Wheat, 95,700 bushels Corn, 67,395 bushels Barley. Railroad Shipments from elevators—11,350 bushels Wheat, 21,660 bushels Corn, 42,000 bushels Oats, 12,100 bushels Barley. Canal Freights—Wheat, 11⅛c.; Corn, 10c.; Oats, 7c. Flour quiet; Western Spring, $7 25@$7 50; Bakers', $8@$8 50; Amber, $8 50@$8 75; White, $9@$9 50. Wheat quiet; sales, in small lots, at $1 42. Corn steady; sales 30,000 bushels at 54c. Oats dull; held at 37½c.@38c. The balance of the market is unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 5—Noon.—Groceries active; Cuba Sugar, 9c.@9½c.; do. Molasses, 22c. Petroleum firmer and higher; Crude, 18⅛c.; Refined, 25⅜c.@25½c. for spot and deliverable within the month. Flour quiet and steady; Superfine, $4 50@$5; Extra, $5 75@$6 25; Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania Family Extra, $8 12½@$8 75. Wheat quiet and steady; unchanged. Corn—Business small; quotations lower; Yellow, 68c.@69c.; Mixed High, 66c.@67c. Oats firmer; White New, 43c.@44c.; do. Old, 50c.; Mixed, 38c.@42c. Whisky steady, 94c.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 5.—Flour in good demand and firm; Extra Family, $6 50@$7. Wheat dull and unchanged; fair to choice Red and White, $1 40@$1 60. Corn firm at 53c.@57c. for Mixed and choice White, sacked. Oats quiet; 33c.@37c. Rye quiet but firm; 65c.@70c. Provisions firmer; Mess Pork, $13 75. Bacon—Shoulders, 7½c; Clear Rib Sides, 11⅛c; Clear Sides, 12c., packed. Bulk Meats—Shoulders, 6⅛c., loose; Sugar-cured Hams, 18½c.@19c. Lard, 9½c.@11c.; on orders, ¼c. higher. Whisky, 89c.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 5.—Flour unchanged and quiet. Wheat dull and unsettled; No. 1 at $1 21¾; No. 2 at $1 14¼. Corn dull and nominal; No. 2 Mixed, 34¼c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2 at 23½c. Rye quiet and weak; No. 1 at 54c. Barley dull and lower; No. 2 Fall, 66½c. Lake Freights—Wheat to Buffalo, 14¼c.; to Oswego, 25c. Receipts—5,000 bbls. Flour, 124,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—5,000 bbls. Flour, 200,000 bushels Wheat.

DETROIT, Oct. 5.—Flour unchanged. Wheat steady; Extra, $1 74; No. 1 White, $1 61; Amber Michigan, $1 44@$1 45. Corn steady at 45c.@46c. Oats in good demand at 34c. Barley, $1 70@$1 75 ₱ cental.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 5.—Spirits Turpentine quiet at 59c. Resin firm at $4 05 for Strained; $4 25 for low No. 1; $4 50 for No. 1; $5 25 for low Pale. Crude Turpentine steady at $3 50 for Hard; $5 69 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Tar steady at $3 30.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Wheat—Nothing doing. Rye quiet and unchanged. Corn in limited demand. Barley steady and firmly held; sales five cars No. 2 Canada West at $1 08, and one car No. 2 six-rowed State at $1. Oats quiet and unchanged.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 5.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and declined 2c.; No. 1 Red Winter is offered at $1 55; No. 2 do., $1 39. Corn dull and unchanged. Oats weaker; offered at 34c. Petroleum—Refined in good demand and firm; car lots at 23c.; trade lots at 24½c.@25c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 5.—Cotton active; prices higher; Good Ordinary, 18¼c.; Low Middling, 18⅞c.@18¾c.; Middling, 19½c.; net receipts, 4,798 bales; gross, 5,378 bales; exports to the Continent, 1,801 bales; sales, 3,000 bales; last evening, 3,200 bales; stock, 52,750 bales.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 5.—Cotton firm; Ordinary, 16½c.@17c.; Good Ordinary, 17½c.; Low Middling, 17¾c.; Middling, 18c.; net receipts, 1,710 bales; exports, coastwise, 561 bales; sales, 600 bales; stock, 15,154 bales.

GALVESTON, Oct. 5.—Cotton firm; Good Ordinary, 16¾c; net receipts, 911 bales; sales, 500 bales; stock, 15,605 bales.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, Aug. 1, 1872.

TO THE SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK:

SIR: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that, at the General Election to be held in this State on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Governor, in the place of John T. Hoffman.

A Lieutenant-Governor, in the place of Allen C. Beach.

A Canal Commissioner, in the place of William W. Wright.

An Inspector of State Prisons, in the place of Fordyce L. Laflin.

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Thirty-five Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States.

A Representative in the Forty-third Congress from the State at large.

A Representative in the Forty-third Congress of the United States for the Fifth Congressional District, composed of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Fourteenth Wards of the City of New-York and Governor's Island.

A Representative in the Forty-third Congress of the United States, for the Sixth Congressional District, composed of the Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards of the City of New-York, and that portion of the Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards of said City lying east of Third avenue.

A Representative in the Forty-third Congress of the United States, for the Seventh Congressional District, composed of the Tenth and Seventeenth Wards of the City of New-York, and that portion of the Eighteenth Ward of said City lying west of Third-avenue.

A Representative in the Forty-third Congress of the United States, for the Eighth Congressional District, composed of the Ninth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards of the City of New-York, and that portion of the Twenty-first Ward of said City lying west of Third-avenue.

A Representative in the Forty-third Congress of the United States, for the Ninth Congressional District, composed of the Twentieth and Twenty-second Wards of the City of New-York.

A Representative in the Forty-third Congress of the United States, for the Tenth Congressional District, composed of the Twelfth and Nineteenth Wards of the City of New-York, and Blackwell's, Ward's and Randall's Islands.

CITY AND COUNTY OFFICERS—Also to be elected for said City and County:

Twenty-one (21) Members of Assembly.

A Mayor, in the place of A. Oakey Hall.

A District-Attorney, in the place of Samuel B. Garvin.

A City Judge, in the place of Gunning S. Bedford, Jr.

A Coroner, in the place of William Schirmer.

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

A Justice of the Supreme Court, in place of William H. Leonard, appointed in place of Albert Cardozo, resigned.

A Justice of the Superior Court, in place of John H. McCunn, deceased.

Fifteen (15) Aldermen.

Twenty-one (21) Assistant Aldermen.

The attention of Town and City Election Boards, Inspectors of Election, and County Canvassers is respectfully directed to Chapters 700 and 757, laws of 1872, herewith printed, as to their duties under said acts:

CHAP. 700.

AN ACT to supply deficiencies in former appropriations and to pay the indebtedness of the State on account of the canals, which deficiencies and indebtedness have been changed into liabilities for money borrowed to pay them, or into certificates of indebtedness on which the State is now paying interest, and to pay the floating indebtedness of the State and the estimated liabilities for the present fiscal year not yet provided for by law, and to raise money therefor, by an issue of the bonds of the State, and to provide for submitting the question thereon to the People.

PASSED May 15, 1872: three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. To supply deficiencies in former appropriations, and to pay the indebtedness of the State on account of the canals, which deficiencies and indebtedness have been changed into liabilities for money borrowed to pay them, or into certificates of indebtedness on which the State is now paying interest, and to pay the floating indebtedness of the State, and the estimated liabilities for the present fiscal year not yet provided for by law. The following amounts are hereby appropriated: The sum of fifty-five thousand eight hundred and one dollars and ninety-five cents, to pay for deficiencies unprovided for in full by act, chapter seven hundred and sixty-eight of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy. The sum of two hundred and sixty-nine thousand two hundred and thirty-four dollars and eighty-four cents, to pay for deficiencies in appropriations under act, chapter seven hundred and sixty-seven of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy. The sum of one hundred and forty-four thousand three hundred and fifty-nine dollars and fifty-seven cents, to pay for deficiencies in appropriations under act, chapter nine hundred and thirty of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-one. The sum of sixty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to meet and pay the interest on the money borrowed, or certificates of indebtedness issued, to meet the deficiencies enumerated in the three foregoing items of deficiencies. The sum of three hundred and ninety-three thousand seven hundred and fifty-five dollars and fifty-one cents, for outstanding certificates of awards of canal damages made by and expenses attending cases heard before the canal appraisers in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-one now on interest. The sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to meet and pay the interest on the certificates in the last foregoing item mentioned. The sum of twenty-five thousand four hundred and thirty-one dollars and ninety-nine cents, the amount of certificates on interest now outstanding for work done on the eastern division of the Erie canal in excess of any appropriation therefor. The sum of sixty-one thousand six hundred and eleven dollars and thirty-one cents, the amount of certificates on interest now outstanding for work done on the Champlain Canal improvement in excess of any appropriation therefor. The sum of two thousand five hundred and sixty dollars, the amount of certificates on interest now outstanding for work done on the Black River Canal in excess of any appropriation therefor. The sum of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the amount of certificates on interest now outstanding and for work done on the Chenango Canal extension in excess of any appropriation therefor, a portion of which was specially excepted from payment out of the appropriation of such Chenango Canal extension made by chapter nine hundred and thirty of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-one. The sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and now due and unpaid for work done and performed on the Oneida Lake Canal, in excess for any appropriation therefor. The sum of forty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to meet and pay the interest on the last four foregoing items. The sum of two hundred and thirty-one thousand four hundred and thirty-four dollars and forty-six cents, to pay the sum of awards for damages and extra compensation made by the Canal Board in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-one. The sum of seventy-one thousand nine hundred and sixty-four dollars and sixty-eight cents, to pay the sum of awards for damages and extra compensation and expenses attending the same, made by the Board of Canal Commissioners in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-one. The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the interest on the last two foregoing items. The sum of three hundred and fifty-six thousand seven hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-five cents, to supply the deficiency in the canal debt sinking fund, to meet the requirements of section three, article seven of the Constitution of the State, for interest on the Canal debt, which was due September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-one. The sum of five hundred and fifty-seven thousand one hundred dollars, to supply the canal debt sinking fund with means to pay interest on the thirtieth day of September, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, as required by section three, article seven of the Constitution of the State. The sum of one hundred and twenty-four thousand four hundred and fifteen dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, due and to be paid on final settlement of contracts for money heretofore retained by the State to secure the performance of contracts. The sum of four millions fifty-one thousand one hundred and fifty-nine dollars for the present acknowledged deficiency, and the estimated liabilities of the general fund up to the thirtieth day of September, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, for the payment of which no appropriations have been made, but which such indebtedness has been incurred and such liabilities created, according to the report of the late Controller, transmitted to the Legislature January second, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

SEC. 2. To provide the means of paying the said appropriation for the canals under the provisions of this act, and to pay the floating indebtedness of the State, and the estimated liabilities for the present fiscal year not yet provided by law, a debt of this State is hereby authorized, which debt shall be for the single object of raising the money to pay the appropriation herein named.

SEC. 3. The debt hereby created shall not exceed the sum of six millions six hundred thousand dollars; and there shall be imposed, levied and assessed upon the taxable property of this State a direct annual tax to pay the interest on said debt as such interest falls due, which said direct annual tax shall be sufficient to pay such interest as it falls due. And there shall also be imposed, levied and assessed upon the taxable property of this State a direct annual tax to pay, and sufficient to pay in the space of twelve years from the time of the passage of this act, the whole of the debt created under and by the provisions of this act. Of the debt to be created under and by virtue of the provisions of this act, the principal of one-third part thereof shall be paid in four years from the passage of this act, the principal of one-third part thereof shall be paid in eight years from the passage of this act, and the principal of one-third part thereof shall be paid in twelve years from the passage of this act.

SEC. 4. To obtain the money necessary for the purposes contemplated by this act, the Controller is authorized to issue the bonds of the State in such sums each as shall seem meet to him, with coupons thereto attached, for the payment of the interest on such bonds, at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, half yearly, on the first days of July and January in each year until the principal is payable, at such place in the City of New-York as shall seem meet to him. One-third part of such bonds shall be payable in four years from the passage of this act, one-third part of such bonds shall be payable in eight years from the passage of this act, one-third part of such bonds shall be payable in twelve years from the passage of this act, and the whole principal shall be payable in such place in New-York City as the Controller shall deem meet. The Controller shall, before disposing of said bonds or any of them, advertise the proposals for the same, and shall open the proposals, and award the same to the highest bidder at a rate not less than par, which advertising and disposition shall be according to the provisions of law now existing.

SEC. 5. This act shall be submitted to the people at the next general election to be held in this State. The inspectors of election in the different election districts in the State shall provide, at each poll on said election day, a box in the usual form for the reception of the ballots herein provided; and each and every elector of this State may present a ballot, which shall be a paper ticket, on which shall be printed or written, or partly written and partly printed, one of the following forms, namely: "For the act to create a State debt to pay the canal and general fund deficiencies," or "Against the act to create a State debt to pay the canal and general fund deficiencies." The said ballots shall be so folded as to conceal the contents of the ballots, and shall be indorsed, "Act in relation to canal and general fund deficiencies."

SEC. 6. After finally closing the polls of such election, the inspectors thereof shall immediately and without adjournment proceed to count and canvass the ballots given in relation to the proposed act, in the same manner as they are by law required to canvass the ballots given for Governor, and thereupon shall set down in writing and in words at full length, the whole number of votes given "For the act to create a State debt;" and the whole number of votes given "Against the act to create a State debt," and certify and subscribe the same, and cause the copies thereof to be made, certified and delivered, as prescribed by law in respect to the canvass of votes given at an election for Governor; and all the provisions of law in relation to elections, other than for military and town officers, shall apply to the submission to the people herein provided for.

SEC. 7. The Secretary of State shall, with all convenient dispatch, after this act shall receive the approval of the Governor, cause the same to be struck off and printed upon slips in such numbers as shall be sufficient to supply the different officers of this State concerned in notifying or in holding elections, or in canvassing the votes, and shall transmit the same to such officers.

SEC. 8. Sections five, six and seven of this act shall take effect immediately upon its passage, but the second, third and fourth sections thereof shall not become a law until it is ratified by the people in pursuance of the Constitution and the provisions thereof.

SEC. 9. This act shall be chapter seven hundred of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

CHAPTER 757.

AN ACT to perfect an amendment to the Constitution relative to the Court of Appeals and for the extension of the services of the Commissioners of Appeals.

Passed May 17, 1872, three-fifths being present.

Whereas, The following amendment to the Constitution of this State was agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each branch of the Legislature, for the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one; and the said amendment was duly entered on the journals of each branch of the Legislature, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators; and was duly published for three months previous to the time of making such choice in pursuance of the thirteenth article of the Constitution of this State; and whereas, said amendment was also agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each of the said branches of the Legislature for the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, pursuant to the said thirteenth article; which said amendment is in the words following, to wit: "Relative to the Court of Appeals and for the extension of the term of service of the Commissioners of Appeals." Resolved, (If the Assembly concur,) That the sixth article of the Constitution of this State be amended by adding thereto the following section:

SEC. 28. The Court of Appeals may order any of the causes, not exceeding five hundred in number, pending in that Court at the time of the adoption of this provision, to be heard and determined by the Commissioners of Appeals, and the Legislature may extend the term of service of the Commissioners of Appeals for a period not exceeding two years. Now, therefore, for the purpose of submitting the proposed amendment to the people of this State:

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The inspectors at each poll in the several towns and wards of this State, at the general election to be held in this State on the fifth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, shall provide a box to receive the ballots of the citizens of this State, in relation to the said proposed amendment; and each voter may present a ballot on which shall be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, one of the following forms, namely: "For the proposed amendment relative to the Court of Appeals," or "Against the proposed amendment relative to the Court of Appeals." The said ballots shall be indorsed, "Proposed amendment relative to the Court of Appeals," and shall be so folded as to conceal the contents of the ballot and exhibit the indorsement. And all the citizens of this State entitled to vote for members of Assembly in their respective districts shall be entitled to vote on the adoption of the said proposed amendments, during the day of election, in the several election districts in which they reside.

SEC. 2. After finally closing the poll of such election, the inspectors thereof shall count and canvass the ballots given relative to the said proposed amendment, in the same manner as they are required by law to canvass the ballots given for Governor, and thereupon shall set down in writing, and in words at full length, the whole number of votes given "For the proposed amendment relative to the Court of Appeals," and the whole number of votes given "Against the proposed amendment relative to the Court of Appeals," and shall certify and subscribe the same, and cause copies thereof to be made and certified and delivered, as prescribed by law in respect to the canvass of votes given at an election for Governor.

SEC. 3. The vote so given shall be canvassed by the Board of County Canvassers, and statements thereof shall be made, certified and signed, and recorded in the manner required by law, in respect to the canvassing the votes given at an election for Governor, and certified copies of the said statements and certificates of the County Canvassers shall be made, certified and transmitted by the County Clerks, respectively, in the manner provided by law in cases of election for Governor. The said certified copies transmitted by the County Clerks shall be canvassed by the Board of State Canvassers, in the like manner as provided by law, in respect to the election of Governor, and in like manner they shall make and file a certificate of the result of such canvass, which shall be entered of record by the Secretary of State, and shall be published by him in the State paper.

SEC. 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
G. HILTON SCRIBNER,
Secretary of State.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, NEW COURT-HOUSE,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, Aug. 1, 1872.

I certify the above to be a true copy of the Election notice received by me this day from the Secretary of State.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN,
Sheriff of the City and County of New-York.

Publishers of newspapers will not insert this notice without due authority. See laws 1860, chap. 480.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Sheriff.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.
JOHN F. WALTER
to No. 21 Clinton-place, 8th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

A GIRL LATELY LANDED, WHO has had considerable experience in general house-work in the old country, wishes a situation; no objection to a boarding-house; is strong and active. Call or address No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS, or First-class Waitress.—A young woman with four years' City reference from last employer; can cut and fit children's clothes, &c.; is a good chamber-maid, or can take a first-class waitress' situation; is ready for an engagement. Inquire for A. O'C., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID AND FINE WASHING.—A Protestant young woman, who is a good chamber-maid and understands fine washing, fluting, puffing, &c., wishes an engagement; is neat, active and obliging; can furnish the best of City references. Inquire for A. G., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A PROTESTANT woman as chamber-maid and plain seamstress; has had a great deal of experience in all kinds of house-work; those who are seeking for a steady, competent, reliable servant will do well to call for A. H., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable girl, not long in the City, wishes a situation as chamber-maid and waitress and to make herself generally useful in any way; is willing, intelligent and obliging. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE girl wishes a situation as chamber-maid and to assist with washing, or would take a position as laundress; is highly efficient in either capacity; excellent reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE, competent girl wishes a situation as chamber-maid; would have no objection to assist in the care of growing children in a small family and make herself otherwise useful; excellent references. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID AND LAUNDRESS.—A respectable girl wants a situation as chamber-maid and to do the fine washing; is expert at getting up fineries in good style; excellent reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A RESPECTABLE competent girl wishes a situation as chamber-maid, and to assist in waiting or other domestic duties, either in a private family or boarding-house; good references. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A FIRST-CLASS chamber-maid, with many years' reference from former employers, wishes a situation; is thoroughly reliable and efficient. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL wishes a situation as cook, washer and ironer in a private family, or to cook and assist with washing in a boarding-house; good reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES a situation as cook; is a good baker, and will assist with washing and ironing, and make herself otherwise useful; willing and obliging; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK AND CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—Two protestant women desire situations together; one as good cook and laundress; the other as chamber-maid and waitress, and to assist in the washing and ironing; both can give the best of City references for character and capacity. Inquire for M. McG. and M. S., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK AND CHAMBER-MAID.—TWO competent servants desire situations together; one as good cook and assist in the washing and ironing; the other as chamber-maid and waitress; both have the best of City references. Inquire for S. and B. O. N., at 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK AND CHAMBER-MAID.—TWO first-class servants wish to procure situations together; one is a very good cook and laundress, the other a chamber-maid and waitress, or seamstress, or fine washing and ironing; unexceptionable City reference from last employer. Inquire for E. Y. and A. Mc., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—AN EXCELLENT FAMILY COOK, who is expert at all kinds of English, French, and American cooking; a first-class bread and pastry baker; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—A THOROUGHLY EFFICIENT WOMAN wishes a situation as cook; understands boning, larding, &c., and is expert at pastries and desserts of all kinds; no objection to a first-class boarding-house. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—A FIRST-CLASS COOK WHO UNDERSTANDS her business perfectly in all its branches, and has lived with the best City families, to whom she refers, wishes a situation in a private family only. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—AN AMERICAN EPISCOPALIAN young lady, capable of teaching French, German, music and fancy work, desires a situation as governess; the best of references can be given. Inquire for H. E. L., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

LADIES,

If You Want Any Kind of Good

SERVANTS,

You can be promptly suited by leaving your order

AT ODELL'S,

No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

We have on hand about 500 for all capacities, Protestants and Catholics.

References investigated.

You CAN DO BETTER by LEAVING YOUR ORDERS, as we are very much crowded.

HOUSE-WORK.—AN ACTIVE GIRL, WHO is neat, tidy and intelligent, wishes a situation to do house-work for a small private family; is a good cook, washer and ironer; unexceptionable reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

HOUSE-WORK.—AN INTELLIGENT, neat girl, not long in the country, wishes a situation to do general house-work; is willing to make herself generally useful; no objection to a short distance in the country. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

HOUSE-WORK.—AN EXPERIENCED woman, who is a good cook and first-rate washer and ironer, wishes a situation to do the house-work of a small family, or would go as cook and assist with the washing, or small boarding-house; good references. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

LAUNDRESS.—A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE a situation for her laundress, whom she can recommend as first-class in every particular; she has no objection to a short distance in the country. For further information, inquire for M. C., No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

LAUNDRESS.—A YOUNG WOMAN WITH her present employer desires a first-class laundress' situation; she is capable of doing all kinds of fine laundry-work; best City reference. Apply at No. 109 West 34th-st.

NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL NOT long in the City, wishes a situation to take care of young children, or would take a waitress' situation and assist with chamber-work; willing, obliging and tidy. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A COMPETENT girl wishes a situation as nurse and seamstress; is kind and fond of children; is a good plain seamstress, and thoroughly capable of taking charge of children's wardrobes; good reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

NURSE.—A VERY COMPETENT INFANT'S nurse, with the best of City reference from her present employer, who can be seen, desires a situation to take charge of an infant or growing children. Inquire for M. G., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

NURSE.—AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT young woman as nurse; is competent to take full charge of an infant or growing children; can produce unexceptionable City references for character and capability. Inquire for K. K., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

NURSE.—AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT woman as nurse for an infant or invalid; is capable, patient, and can furnish the best of testimonials for character and capability. Inquire for A. A., at No. 109 West 34th-st, near Broadway.

NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WISHES a situation as nurse for growing children; will make herself otherwise useful in any domestic work of which she is capable; excellent references. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

SEAMSTRESS.—A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY seamstress wishes a situation; cuts and fits ladies' and children's dresses, and makes all kinds of underwear; an expert operator; excellent reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—A RESPECTABLE young girl wishes a situation as seamstress, and to make herself generally useful in a private family; is a good plain seamstress, and willing and obliging; good reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—A TIDY, RESPECTABLE young woman wishes a situation as plain seamstress in a small private family, and to make herself generally useful otherwise; excellent reference. Can be seen at 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—A RESPECTABLE girl, not long in the country, wishes a situation in a private family to do plain sewing and assist with chamber-work, or take care of children; willing and obliging. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

WAITRESS.—A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, who has lived with the best families in this City, from whom she has unexceptionable testimonials as to character, &c., wishes a situation in a private family. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

WAITRESS.—WAITRESS OF MANY years' experience, and who can show satisfactory testimonials as to character, &c., from former employers, wishes a situation. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

WAITRESS, &c.—A RESPECTABLE, COMPETENT girl wishes a situation as waitress, in a private family preferred; or as waitress and to assist with chamber-work; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

WAITRESS, &c.—A NEAT, TIDY, ACTIVE girl wishes a situation as waitress and to do plain sewing when not otherwise occupied; is willing to make herself useful in any light domestic capacity; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

WAITRESS, &c.—A STRONG, ACTIVE, willing girl, not long in this country, wishes a situation as waitress or to do chamber-work and waiting, or to do general house-work in a small private family; obliging and tidy. Can be seen at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

LAUNDRESS.—A YOUNG PROTESTANT woman as first-class laundress; flutes, polishes, puffs, and does up laces and fine linens in superior style; has first-class City reference; none but a private family will do. Inquire for M. P. No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES

At the "Times" Up-Town Office.

No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.,

And the "Times" West-Side Office,

No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.

NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

ALL EMPLOYERS,

In City and country, supplied with servants of all nations, both Protestant and Catholic.

BY J. W. CARPENTER,

No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

ALL EMPLOYERS

wanting French, German, English, Irish and American help, in any capacity, can be suited by calling at WALKER'S, No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

A YOUNG LADY OF REFINEMENT, (widow,) desires a position as house-keeper, or any position where she would be treated with respect; is fond of children, and would endeavor to make a home happy; references exchanged. Address Mrs. A. B., Coleman House.

AT BEDELL'S, NO. 340 AND 342 4TH-AV., will be found a large number of first-class servants, both Protestant and Catholic, viz.: lady's maids, seamstresses, nurses, cooks, laundresses, waitresses; also, waiters and coachmen.

AT RAYMOND & DORLAND'S, NO. 335 4th-av., old Sookham Office, largest and most splendid in the City; English, Scotch, professed, and all other cooks, laundresses, nurses, seamstresses, waitresses, chamber-maids, house-workers.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH-AV., near 38th-st., (formerly with Bedell,) will be found a large selection of competent and reliable servants of all nations, both Protestant and Catholic, for City and country; also waiters, coachmen and grooms.

AT THE SERVANTS' INSTITUTE, No. 437 6th-av., near 26th-st., upstairs, Protestant and Catholic servants for City or country. Private parlor for ladies.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A RESPECTABLE Scotch Protestant woman as thorough chamber maid in a first-class private family; would do plain sewing if required; no objection to a short distance in the country; first-class City reference from last employer. Call for two days at No. 346 6th-av., near 21st-st., over cigar-store.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—SEAMSTRESS.—Situations by two Swedish girls, to go together; one as chamber-maid and waitress; the other as seamstress in a first-class family of this City; best of references. Apply at the office No. 277 Atlantic-av., Brooklyn.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A CHAMBER-maid and waitress' situation by a German young woman; very respectable; excellent waitress and chamber-maid; best testimonials; City or country. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

CHAMBER-WORK AND WASHING.—BY a respectable young girl who understands her work well; will give best City references from former employer. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A GERMAN Protestant girl as chamber-maid and seamstress; is thoroughly competent, and can give satisfactory reference in regard to honesty, &c. Call at Office, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—A young tidy girl wishes a situation as chamber-maid and waitress, or to assist with the fine washing; is very obliging and understands her duties; good City references. Address No. 621 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—A lady leaving town, wishes to obtain a situation for a respectable girl who has been in her employ for eighteen months. Call at No. 347 5th-av., from 10 to 4 o'clock, for two days.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A NEAT, ACTIVE young woman, lately landed, a situation as chamber-maid and assist in care of children; is a good plain sewer; will make herself generally useful; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., front room.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, (Scotch Protestant,) as chamber-maid in a quiet family. Can be seen for two days at No. 250 West 28th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG woman as chamber-maid and assist with sewing; best of City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 641 6th-av., near 37th-st.

**CHILD'S NURSE, OR LIGHT HOUSE-work, by a lately landed young girl; is very tidy and neat; wishes to take care of a growing child and assist in the house-work in a small private family. Can be seen at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

CITY OR COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to employ good, faithful women and girls, at moderate wages, can be nicely suited at E. CARROLL'S Agency, No. 69 6th-av., first floor.

COLORED HELP.

Well recommended cooks, chamber-maids, laundresses, nurses, seamstresses, waiter men and coachmen, can be had at Johnson's Select Agency, No. 153 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

COOK.—IN PRIVATE FAMILY, HOTEL OR restaurant, by a German, aged twenty-five; speaks good English; thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; also, making bread and pastry; has good recommendations. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN woman, with best recommendations; is an excellent bread-maker and baker; also makes soups, jellies, preserves, &c.; can cook game, fish, poultry and every delicacy; prefers a situation at Orange or on the Hudson. Call at 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT SCOTCH WOMAN, a situation as first-class cook; can bone and lard, make all kinds of nice soups, jellies, ice-cream, &c.; is a good baker; has best City references; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY A THOROUGHLY experienced cook; can take a man's place in the kitchen; is fully competent for any kind of cooking, soups, meat, pastry, game, poultry, &c.; is an excellent pastry cook. Address No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—Situations by two respectable girls, (Swedes;) one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chamber-maid and waitress, in first-class families of this City; best of references. Call before Wednesday at the office, No. 277 Atlantic-av., Brooklyn.

COOK.—A STRICTLY TEMPERATE MAN desires a situation as first-class cook in a hotel, boarding-house or restaurant; understands French and American cooking in all its various branches; best references. Call at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT GERMAN WOMAN as first-class cook; understands all kinds of French, English and German cooking, boning, larding, &c.; private family, boarding-house, hotel, &c. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT AS first-class cook; understands all the fancy dishes, also meats, game, desserts, jellies, creams, &c.; can give reference from first families. Call at Office, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—Two respectable girls wish situations, one as good cook, washer and ironer, the other as chamber-maid and waitress; good City reference. Call at No. 113 3d-av., between 13th and 14th sts., first floor.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT woman, a situation as cook; would be willing to assist with the coarse washing; best of references; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

COOK, &c.—CITY OR COUNTRY, A SITUATION by a young woman as cook, washer and ironer, or would do general house-work in a small family; good references. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

COOK.—A FAITHFUL AND WILLING GIRL wants a place as good plain cook and to assist in the laundry-work; satisfactory references from present employer and others. Address or call at No. 48 East 79th-st.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK IN A private family; understands all kinds of family cooking; capable of taking entire charge of her kitchen; best City reference. Call or address No. 157 West 33d-st.

COOK.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman, and very excellent cook; neat and tidy; meats, game, soups of all kinds, pastry, creams, jellies, side dishes; excellent baker; good references; country or City. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook in a large boarding-house or hotel; understands all kinds of first-class cooking; can cut meats and carve; has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

COOK.—A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH MAN cook, with the best testimonials from Paris and New-York, would like a situation in a private family or first-class hotel; understands his business in all branches. Can be seen at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY two sisters, situations; one as cook, which she understands perfectly; the other as chamber-maid and waitress; will do the washing together; City or country will do. Call for two days at No. 391 8th-av.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—BY a respectable woman; thoroughly understands her business in all branches; will give first class reference from former employer. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK.—A YOUNG, NEAT GERMAN GIRL, who understands very good family cooking, wishes a situation; is industrious and willing; no objection to assist with washing; best City references. Call at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

COOK.—A SITUATION BY A GOOD COOK; willing to do some washing; best of City reference. Call at No. 218 West 17th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook; thoroughly understands her business; best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 245 East 28th-st., in the rear.

COOK.—BY A YOUNG EXPERIENCED French cook, who understands the French and English cooking perfectly; is very obliging woman. Can be seen at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS good cook; will do the coarse washing in a private family; has the best City reference. Apply at No. 208 West 33d-st.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—WANTED, two colored servants, one as cook, the other as chamber-maid and laundress. Call, with good reference, at No. 36 West 31st-st., from 9 till 1 P. M.

COOK.—A COMPETENT WOMAN AS COOK; understands all kinds of family cooking; very best City reference from last place. Apply at No. 144 West 45th-st.

COOK.—AS A GOOD COOK; HAS NO OBJECTION to assist in the washing. Call at No. 21 Spring-st.

COOK.—A COMPETENT PERSON AS GOOD cook; understands meats, soups, &c.; excellent baker; City reference. Apply at 342 West 25th-st.

COOK.—A COMPETENT PERSON AS FIRST-class cook and baker; best City references. Call at No. 11 West 19th-st.

COOK.—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS family cook; has the best of City reference. Seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK, COARSE WASHER AND IRONER.—By a respectable woman, who understands her work well; makes best of bread and biscuit; will give excellent City references. Can be seen at No. 128 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT cook; has very good references; no objection to the country. Seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation to cook, wash and iron; best City references. Call at No. 426 West 34th-st.

COLORED SERVANTS.

Employers wanting capable and trustworthy servants, male and female, for every capacity, should call at SIMMS' Servants' Institute, No. 543 6th-av.

DRESS-MAKER.—AS DRESS-MAKER and seamstress, by an English Protestant who is a good hair-dresser, and willing to dress her lady's hair if necessary. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A RESPECTABLE dress-maker, a few more families to work for; good cutter and fitter. Call or address at No. 5 Garden-row, corner 11th-st. and 6th-av.

FAMILIES CAN FIND HELP OF ALL nations for all positions in a house, particularly French, at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL POSITIONS, capable and trustworthy, constantly found at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

Mrs. LOWE.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A REALLY trustworthy, sensible American woman as housekeeper or lady's maid; is accustomed to household duties; a good seamstress; is kind in sickness; would keep house for an aged couple where one girl is kept; a good salary is desired, but no unreasonable demands; best reference; Christian household preferred. Call or address No. 324 6th-av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY AN ENGLISH Protestant woman as housekeeper; is competent to take such a situation in public or private; has filled both positions; can give the highest testimonials in regard to capability, character, &c. Call at office, No. 721 6th-av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A WIDOW LADY from Canada; no children; will endeavor to satisfy her employer in every respect; has no objection to the country; wishes a good home. Call or address E. M., No. 38 Beach-st.

HOUSE-MAID OR PARLOR-MAID.—By a respectable young woman, who is a thorough servant; understands sewing and plain needle-work; will give very best references from home; will engage for moderate wages. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

HOUSE-MAID.—BY AN EXCELLENT Protestant house-maid; has excellent City references. Seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

HOUSE-WORK, &c.—BY A COMPETENT German girl, a situation to do general house-work, or as cook, washer and ironer; is willing and obliging; good reference. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

HOUSE-WORK.—A GOOD GERMAN GIRL wishes a situation to do general house-work; is willing and obliging. Call at No. 127 Norfolk-st., between Rivington and Stanton sts., at M. Hild's.

HOUSE-WORK.—A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation at general house-work in a private family. Call or address No. 133 West 33d-st., rear, first floor.

INFANT'S NURSE—OR WILL TAKE growing children; good embroiderer, or plain sewing; good references; can bring a child up on the bottle. Seen at No. 405 5th-av.

INFANT'S NURSE.—BY A GOOD INfant's nurse; three years and a half reference from her last place. Seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A GERMAN LADY'S maid, just arrived from Paris; understands hair-dressing and dress-making; speaks French and German; understands a little English; has been in Paris for five years as maid; she has the best reference. Address ZOE B., Box No. 105 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

LADIES' MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By a respectable young woman, a situation as ladies' maid and seamstress; understands hair-dressing and dress-making; is a thorough operator on four machines; is neat and tidy; has one and three years' reference from last place. Apply at No. 645 6th-av.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; thoroughly understands dressing hair, and also operates on any kind of sewing-machines; has good reference. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

LADY'S MAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION as lady's maid and seamstress by a very respectable German young woman; an excellent seamstress; dresses hair nicely; very best City reference. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A PERFECT FRENCH maid; understands all her duties as such; can give references. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

LAUNDRESS.—AS LAUNDRESS BY A thoroughly competent girl; understands the doing up of fine clothes in the best manner; French fluting, puffing children's dresses, and all sorts of fineries; can give the best of City references. Apply at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE, COMPETENT Protestant girl as laundress, or chamber-maid, to assist with washing; efficient in either capacity; best City reference; leaving on account of family going to Europe. Call for two days at No. 215 East 28th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A LAUNDRESS' SITUATION by a Protestant woman; very respectable; country or City; French fluting, box-plaiting and all kinds of fine work in the best manner; best reference. Call at 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A YOUNG WOMAN WANTS a situation as first-class laundress in a private family; understands her business thoroughly. Can be seen at No. 87 Madison-av., residence of her last employer, where she has lived four years.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as first-class laundress; can do all kinds of fine washing, French fluting, &c.; neat and tidy; best City references. Apply at No. 645 6th-av., between 37th and 38th sts.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as first-class laundress; thoroughly understands doing up fine muslins, &c.; has three years' reference; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young Protestant woman a situation as first-class laundress; thoroughly understands French fluting, polishing, &c.; has good reference. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN; highly respectable and first-class laundress; French fluting, box plaiting; can do up ladies' and gents' fine work in the neatest manner; very best testimonials; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—CITY OR COUNTRY, A situation by an experienced laundress; or would take chamber-work and fine washing; best of references. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

LAUNDRESS, &c.—BY AN AMERICAN Protestant woman, a situation as first-class laundress or cook; has had experience in this City in both capacities; City references. Call at No. 391 8th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman; understands her business in every branch; can starch, flute, &c.; will give first-class references. Call at 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

LAUNDRESS, &c.—WAITRESS, &c.—By two girls, one as laundress and chamber-maid; other as waitress or nurse; three years' reference from last place. Call at No. 361 9th-av., fancy store.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS; is a first-class washer and ironer and an expert at all kinds of fineries; best of reference. Call at office No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN solicits gentlemen's washing to do at her house. Call at No. 317 West 35th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT LAUNDRESS, a situation; is strictly first class; has good references. Seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first-class laundress in a small, private family; good references. Call at 143 West 19th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a few family washings, or go out by the day. Call at No. 154 West 28th-st., in the store.

LAUNDRESS.—TO GO OUT BY DAY AS laundress, or to do cleaning. Send note or call at No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

NURSE, &c.—A FRENCH GIRL WANTS A situation as nurse or nursery governess; is thoroughly competent to teach children in all branches of French or German; will assist with sewing if required; is very anxious to secure a good home in a respectable private family; can give excellent reference. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH PROTestant woman desires a situation as nurse; capable of taking full charge of a baby from birth; can bring it up with the bottle; desires to go to California with a family; has good references. Apply at No. 102 49th-st., near 6th-av.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS, OR CHAMBER-maid and seamstress.—By a Protestant young woman, highly recommended for honesty, neatness, capability and very obliging; experienced nurse for infants or growing children; cut and fit, operate, &c. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

NURSE, &c.—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT German woman as nurse and plain sewer, or chamber-maid and fine washer, or lady's maid; good hair-dresser; excellent recommendations; City or country. Call at 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

NURSE.—A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as nurse; can take the entire charge of an infant; will assist with light chamber-work; has three years' City reference. Call at No. 216 West 14th-st., present employers.

NURSE.—BY NEWLY-ARRIVED FRENCH nurse; good reference from Paris; wages not so much an object as a good home. Call at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

NURSE.—A VERY GENTEEL FRENCH girl, not long in this country, wishes a position as nurse; is a good sewer; would do light chamber-work if required. Can be seen at 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

NURSE AND CHAMBER-WORK.—BY a respectable young girl; will give very good reference from last employer; is a very neat sewer. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT PERSON AS nurse and seamstress; thoroughly understands her business. Can be seen at her former employer's, No. 308 West 22d-st.

NURSE, &c.—A COMPETENT GIRL AS nurse or chamber-maid; no objection to a short distance in the country; City reference. Call at No. 556 2d-av.

NURSE.—A COMPETENT SCOTCH GIRL AS nurse and seamstress; excellent City reference. Call at No. 133 West 19th-st.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT INFANT'S nurse; good City reference. Seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

NURSE.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS NURSE and plain seamstress; the best of reference. Apply at No. 790 6th-av., between 4 th and 46th sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS; has a knowledge of dress-making; cuts and fits children's clothes; operates on Grover & Baker's and Wilcox & Gibb's machines; would be willing to see to a grown child; very best reference. Call at No. 164 East 28th-st. for two days.

SEAMSTRESS AND NURSE, OR light chamber-work, by a respectable woman who understands the care of children; is a good seamstress, and understands Wheeler & Wilson's machine; is also willing to assist in chamberwork. Apply at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—A COMPETENT WOMAN, who cuts, fits and trims elegantly, dresses of every description, ball and dinner dresses, wants the work of a few more families, by the day; gives general satisfaction. Address S. E. L., No. 118 West 29th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS SEAMSTRESS to go out by the day or week; does all kinds of family sewing; help with dress-making, trimming and button-holes. Call or address No. 111 West 20th-st., near 6th-av., top floor front.

SEAMSTRESS.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as maid and seamstress; understands hair-dressing, dress-making, and all kinds of sewing and embroidery. Call at No. 335 East 50th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as seamstress and assist in chamber-work; can operate; City references. Call at 7 East 28th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as first-class seamstress; City reference. Apply at No. 215 West 35th-st.

WAITRESS.—WANTED, BY A VERY RESPECTABLE German young woman, a situation as first-class waitress; thoroughly understands the care of silver, getting up salads, &c.; good testimonials. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

WAITRESS, OR CHAMBER-MAID and waitress, by a superior Protestant young woman; City or country; fully capable to fill either situation; excellent operator on machine; best testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WAITRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG person desires a situation as first class waitress; no objection to assist in chamber work. Call at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

WAITRESS.—A COMPETENT WAITRESS wishes a situation; would assist in chamber-work if required; good reference. Call or address No. 402 West 34th-st.

WAITRESS.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl as waitress; best of reference from last place. Call at No. 533 3d-av., near 35th-st.

WET-NURSE.—A YOUNG WIDOW, WITH sound health and good character, wishes a situation as wet-nurse; good reference. Call at No. 329 East 48th-st., third floor, back.

MALES.

BUTLER.—A POSITION AS BUTLER IN A private family by a young man, a native of England, experienced as above; good references given. Address N. C., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

COACHMAN, &c.—COOK, &c.—SITUATIONS for man and wife, (Germans;) the man as coachman and general useful man on a gentleman's or farmer's place; understands the care of horses, driving, plain gardening, farming, milking, &c.; his wife is a good plain cook, washer and ironer, or general house-work servant; both are industrious, trustworthy persons, not afraid of work, and can furnish the best reference. Apply at or address No. 42 Court-st., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN WANTS TO obtain a situation for his coachman, in City or country; reliable, trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands City driving; perfectly understands care of horses and carriages; understands gardening; can milk; willing and obliging. Address for two days Merchant, Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A SOBER, STEADY, trustworthy man; understands the care and management of horses, &c.; has had the care and management of thorough-bred stock; is a careful driver, willing and obliging, and strictly temperate; three years' best reference. Address Coachman, No. 123 Cedar-st.

COACHMAN.—A RESPECTABLE MAN wants a situation as coachman and groom; has long experience; attentive and obliging, and will make himself generally useful; good City reference; no objection to the country. Address H., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN OR COACHMAN AND groom—cook.—By an Englishman and wife; is a good driver and groom; also a good waiter; wife is a first-class cook; would go together or separate, or live in lodge; have good recommendations. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN AS coachman, thoroughly understands his business; first-class references; leaving on account of family breaking up establishment and going to Europe. Apply at No. 13 Washington-square.

COACHMAN OR WAITER.—A YOUNG colored man, with the best testimonials for character and capability, as coachman or waiter, desires an engagement. For further information inquire for L., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE, SOBER, steady young man; is a good and steady driver; willing and obliging; four years' first-class City reference. Address W. E., No. 21 West 22d-st., private stable.

COACHMAN.—BY A RESPECTIBLE COLored man, as coachman or groom; can give good reference. Call at or address No. 146 West 17th-st., front house, back room.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A Protestant married man with no incumbrance; has seven years' first-class City reference from last place. Call or address J. W., at No. 11 East 27th-st.

COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN WANTS A situation for his coachman; is a first-class groom and careful driver. Inquire at No. 40 West 37th-st. A. M. Hoyt.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN; PROTestant; single; best City references. Address E. R., private stable, No. 122 West 25th-st.

FARM-WORK, &c.—HOUSE-WORK—BY a respectable North of Ireland man and wife, aged twenty-six, (no children,) both strong and healthy; can do general farm-work, care and drive horses, care cattle, &c.; wife is a good laundress and general house-worker. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

FRENCH COOK.—AN EXPERIENCED Frenchman wishes a situation as cook in a private family or boarding-house; expert at all kinds of pastries, ice-cream, desserts, &c.; excellent City reference which will bear strict investigation. Address F. C., Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

GROOM OR PORTER.—BY A RESPECTable man; is a good groom; can also drive, or will act as porter in store, hotel or boarding-house; is anxious for a situation, and will strive to make himself useful. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

USEFUL MAN, &c.—AN ENGLISH PROTestant man and wife will make themselves useful on a gentleman's place in the country, or the man will take a coachman's or groom's position in the City; excellent references. Both may be seen today at No. 437 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., upstairs.

USEFUL MAN ABOUT A FARM, GARDEN, &c.—By an Englishman, who understands the care of stock, farming, milking, driving, &c.; has good recommendations. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WAITER.—BY A STEADY YOUNG MAN, just arrived from Europe, a situation as pantry man or waiter, or in any capacity where he can make himself generally useful; good reference; can write a good hand. Address W. W., Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT ENGLISHman, single, a situation as waiter; understands his business perfectly; has unexceptionable City references as to honesty, capability, &c. Apply at No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

WAITER.—A YOUNG FRENCHMAN, WHO has good references, wishes a situation as waiter in a private family; is fully competent in his business, and is a very sober man. Apply at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st., French Office.

WAITER.—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family, by a Protestant young man; understands his duties thoroughly, and has reference. Call at No. 645 6th-av., between 37th and 38th sts.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN waiter; has several years' reference, and will not object to leave the City for a first-class place. Call or address No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

HELP WANTED.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—WANTED, A competent woman as chamber-maid and seamstress to go to Flushing, Long Island. Call at No. 25 West 16th-st., from 10 to 12 o'clock today.

COOK, &c.—WANTED, A WOMAN TO cook, wash, and iron; Protestant preferred; none need apply without good reference, to No. 291 Madison-av.

HOUSE-WORK.—WANTED, A PROTESTANT woman to do general house-work in the country; City reference. Call from 9 till 2 Monday at No. 141 West 43d-st.

WANTED—COOK, WASHER AND IRONER in a small family; Protestant; willing and useful. Address, stating good City reference and wages, FAMILY, Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

WAITRESS.—WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS waitress who understands her business thoroughly. Apply between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M., to No. 5 West 22d-st.

WAITRESS.—WANTED IN A SMALL FAMily a waitress thoroughly acquainted with her work. Apply at No. 119 2d-av.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A. KLABER.—STEAM MARBLE AND MARbleizing works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st. Marble and marbleized mantels, tiling, marble counters, monuments, at prices that defy competition. Marble turning for the trade.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, RICH and elegant designs; slate work of every description; marble and wood mantels. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 220 and 222 West 23d-st., near 7th-av.

S. KLABER & CO.'S, MARBLE-WORKS, 223 West 51st-st., between Broadway and 8th-av.—Marble and marbleized mantels, monuments, headstones of superior workmanship at very low prices.

METALS.

THOMAS J. POPE & BRO.,

METALS,

No. 292 PEARL-STREET,

Near Beekman-st. **NEW-YORK.**

STATIONERY.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and blank-book manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton st. Account-books made to any pattern.

HENRY L. SLOTE. JONATHAN JANES.

INSTRUCTION.

Anthon

GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 252 Madison-Av.

Nineteenth Year Commences Monday, Sept. 9.

School Hours, 9 1-2 A. M. to 2 1-2 P. M.

DEPARTMENTS—PRIMARY, for boys under nine; JUNIOR ENGLISH, for boys from nine to twelve, and SENIOR ENGLISH, for boys above twelve years of age; JUNIOR CLASSICAL, for beginners, and SENIOR CLASSICAL, for advanced pupils in Greek and Latin; a FRENCH department, and one of PENMANSHIP. German, Spanish and the elements of Drawing taught by special agreement. Further particulars in circular, sent on application.

Boys' Preparatory School,

NO. 64 MADISON-AV.

LIMITED TO 25.

Dr. WILLIAMSON will reopen his school MONDAY, Sept. 16.

The most thorough individual instruction. None of the work committed to subordinates. Primary Department.

REFERENCES.

James Miller, G. Lee Knapp, Ex-Gov. Morgan, Rev. Dr. Gillettee, Wm. H. Pell, Rev. Dr. Samson, Shepherd Knapp, Samuel Adams, Jacob Vanderpoel, Israel T. Potter, Philip R. Wilkins, Lucien B. Terry, Spencer Kirby, John T. Conover, Geo. M. Clearman, &c., &c.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,

FOUNDED A. D. 1820,

No. 101 West 14th-st., corner 6th-av.

Rev. HENRY B. CHAPIN, Ph. D., Principal.

Boys thoroughly prepared for College or business.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE,

MORRISTOWN, N. J.

A homeschool for twenty-five young ladies. All the appointments of the highest order.

C. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

HARRISON

POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL.

An English and Scientific School with Classical Department. Instructors: A. Bigelow, A. M., Classics; Charles E. Merwin, A. M., English Studies. Physical Culture under Mr. Merwin, whom Dr. Dio Lewis, of Boston, highly commends. Reopens Sept. 23, at No. 77 West 44th-st. Among the patrons are John B. Cornell, John C. Calhoun, John L. Campbell, M. D., Andrew Stewart, Esq., William H. Lee, John A. Oakley, William P. Powers, Esq.

C. M. HARRISON, Principal.

MISS HAINES

AND

MLLE. DE JANON

Respectfully inform their friends and the public that having secured the aid of an accomplished Kindergarten teacher from Germany, propose to open a select Kindergarten school, No. 10 Gramercy Park, entirely separate from their preparatory school and infant class. They solicit early applications, as the number will be limited.

MISS STEERS'

ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 48 West 17th-st., will re-open Thursday, Sept. 26. Application may be made by letter, or personally, as above.

Mrs. STEERS' finishing class for Young Ladies in Historical Readings, Literature, &c., and classes in French Conversation and Languages, will commence Oct. 15.

D'AERTS INSTITUTE.

Miss M. A. E. PHILLIPS, Principal,

No. 16 West 51st-st., near Central Park, (between 5th and 6th avs.) A thorough limited boarding and day school for young ladies, with Kindergarten Department for children. Miss Phillips refers by permission to Rev. S. H. Cox, D. D., LL.D., Bronxville, N. Y.; Rev. S. C. Ewer, D. D., New-York, and others.

MISS HINSDALE,

(Successor to Mrs. MACAULAY,)

will continue her

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,

at Nos. 275 and 277 Madison-av.,

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.

A BOARDING SCHOOL

for making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian men.

ESTABLISHED 1854.

Earnest teaching; common-sense management.

BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654, Yonkers, N. Y.

IRVING INSTITUTE,

SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

Send for circular.

A. ARMAGNAC, M. A., Principal.

MISS VAN WAGENEN

will reopen her BOARDING and DAY-SCHOOL for young ladies and children on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at No. 13 East 49th-st. Address by letter till Sept. 10.

MISS BALLOW'S

English and French School for young ladies and children, No. 24 East 22d-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.

MRS. L. L. SCOVEL'S

English and French Boarding and Day School, for young ladies and children, No. 39 West 45th-st., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18, 1872. Address as above.

A BOARDING SCHOOL for 12 BOYS,

HASTINGS, on Hudson, Westchester County, N. Y.

Circulars and information of

THOS. H. WAGSTAFF, 61 Broadway.

MISS PERINE'S

English and French School for young ladies and children, No. 106 East 38th-st., between Park and Lexington avs.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.

Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

GIRARD INSTITUTE, NO. 35 EAST 62D-st., near Madison-av., one block from the Central Park, which is the play ground of the school.—French and English day and boarding school for young gentlemen with a separate primary department for children of both sexes; complete studies in French and in English; modern languages; good cares and comforts. Prof. PAUL E. GIRARD, Director. Prospectus at Messrs. Francis & Loutrel, No. 45 Maiden-lane; Brentano, No. 33 Union-square.

SEABURY SEMINARY AND KINDERGARTEN, No. 129 West 42d-st., will commence the sixth successful year MONDAY, Sept. 23. Separate schools for boys and girls. Three departments—primary, intermediate and classical. French, German, Drawing and Music without additional charge. No charge without progress. Mrs. M. A. and Miss M. L. FROST, Principals, No. 129 West 42d-st. •Refers to patrons.

S. A. FARRAND'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,400 Broadway, reopens Sept. 25. *Great pains are taken to teach boys how to study.* This is done so thoroughly that they need no help at home.

Among the patrons are:

Rev. Thomas S. Hastings, Rev. James O. Murray,
Rev. Isaac Ferris, Rev. Harvey D. Ganse,
Rev. E. H. Chapin, Rev. George L. Prentiss,
Rev. M. Meier Smith, Rev. Prof. H. B. Smith.

MLLES. CHARBONNIER'S FRENCH Protestant Institution for young ladies, No. 36 East 35th-st., New-York, (formerly No. 42 Avenue du Roule, Neuilly, Paris,) will be reopened on TUESDAY, Sept. 24. Applications by letter till Sept. 1, when Mlles. Charbonnier will be in New-York. French classes for ladies three times a week.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,214 Broadway, near 30th-st., reopens MONDAY Sept. 16. Number limited to forty; one teacher to ten boys. A few boarders taken. Circulars at PUTNAM'S, corner 4th-av. and 23d-st., and at store under school.

HOME INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—An English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11. For circulars, address Miss M. METCALF, Principal.

STAMMERING.—NEW-YORK STAMMERING Institute, established 1870, Profs. MANN and COLVIN managers, No. 107 West 23d-st. Good references furnished. No pay for board or services until cured.

A FEW YOUNG LADIES AS BOARDing pupils, are received by the Misses BUCKNALL, at their suburban residence, New-Brunswick, N. J.; the ensuing school year will commence Sept. 18.

BENDAN'S SCHOOL AND KINDERGARTEN, No. 136 West 41st-st., near Reservoir-square.—College, Business, German, English, Mathematics; large experience; limited number; highest references. Circulars No. 1,153 Broadway.

THE MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE—A Boarding and Day School for boys, No. 58 Park-av., commences its ninth year Sept. 23. Circulars, with full information, sent on application to Rev. JOSEPH D. HULL.

HOME SCHOOL IN OTSEGO COUNTY.—Situation healthy; house and grounds spacious; $250 per annum, no extras. References—Bishop Cox, Bishop Tuttle, Rev. Samuel R. Johnson. Address Mrs. BRANDFORD, Post-office, Brooklyn.

MISS S. S. JOHNSTON'S BOARDING and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 793 Lexington-av., between 61st and 62d sts., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 26, 1872.

STEVENSDALE INSTITUTE.—A FAMily boarding school for boys, South Amboy, N. J. Terms $200 to $250 per year.

J. H. WITHINGTON, A. M.

MRS. MARY RODGERS GRIFFITTS' French and English Day School for Young Ladies and Children, will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at No. 108 West 42d-st.

MISS MARGARET J. McDONALD will teach drawing and water colors, from nature, at her studio, Broadway, corner of 10th-st., or at pupils' residences after Oct. 9, 1872.

PROF. ROUSSEL'S FRANCO-AMERICAN Institute for young gentlemen, corner Broadway and 45th-st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 16. Teaching thorough. Send for a full circular.

THE MISSES GRAHAM, SUCCESSORS to the Messrs. Green, will reopen their school for young ladies, at No. 1 5th-av., first house from Washington-square, on THURSDAY, 26th of September.

MADISON CLASSICAL INSTITUTE—A boarding-school for boys, opens Sept. 4, at Madison, N. J. JAMES SHIER, M. A., Principal.

DR. A. CALLISEN'S SCHOOL FOR young gentlemen, with primary department, No. 131 West 42d-st., reopens Sept. 19, 1872.

AARON RAND'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, 1,267 Broadway, will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 17.

WM. H. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,214 Broadway, one door below 30th-st.

THE MISSES LEGGETTS' SCHOOL for children, 224 East 10th-st., reopened Sept. 23.

MISS F. S. PRIEST WILL REOPEN her school, 229 East 19th-st., MONDAY, Sept. 23.

FOR BOYS—SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES AT Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

INSTRUCTION.

M. W. Lyon's

Collegiate Institute,

NO. 5 EAST 22D-ST., CORNER OF BROADWAY.

Opens Sept. 16. Seventeenth year.

Rooms—Unsurpassed, newly fitted up, all on same floor, airy, steam-heated.

Plan—Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon. All others with Mr. Lyon.

Studies—All needful for business or college. Yearly boys enter leading colleges; such taught wholly by the Principal, a Yale graduate.

Assistants—Best obtainable, devoted, tried.

Government—Minimum of authority, maximum of kindness.

Pupils—Good in the past. Only such desired.

Patrons—Of from 5 to 10 years' connection:

H. M. Alexander, Nathl. W. Chater, James C. Holden,
Jno. Auchincloss, Benjamin Curtis, T. F. Jeremiah,
Dr. E. G. Bartlett, Henry Day, Wm. Morrison,
John Brooks, Parker Handy, Ralph Wells.

Mount Washington

Collegiate Institute,

NO. 40 WASHINGTON-SQUARE (SOUTH.)

GEO. W. CLARKE, PH. D., PRINCIPAL.

Classical, Commercial, English, French, German and Primary Departments. Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms.

Reopens Sept. 11. Circulars of full particulars and interviews with the Principal to be had at the Institute.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 167 Madison-av., corner 33d-st.

This day school will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 24. Thorough English course. Daily instruction and practice in French and German. Primary Department; Infant Class.

Mr. and Mrs. ELISEE CHARLIER, Principals.

GARDNER INSTITUTE,

No. 620 5th-av.

Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Fifteenth year opens Sept. 24.

REV. AND MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MLLE. ROSTAN'S

Boarding and Day School, for young ladies, will reopen TUESDAY, SEPT. 24, at her new residence,

No. 25 WEST 52D-ST.,

Near 5th-av. and Central Park.

The COURSE OF INSTRUCTION is designed to COMBINE A THOROUGH ENGLISH EDUCATION with the PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE of the FRENCH AND OTHER MODERN LANGUAGES.

The Musical Department is under the care of Profs. S. B. MILLS and F. L. RITTER.

A limited number of young ladies will be received in the family, and welcomed to share all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home.

GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE,

NOS. 367, 369, 371 WEST 23D-ST.

Separate departments for young ladies and young gentlemen. A few more young gentlemen will be received as boarders by the Principal. Circulars at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; L. W. Schmidt's, No. 24 Barclay-st.; E. Steiger's, Nos. 22 and 24 Frankfort-st.; F. Christern's, No. 77 University-place, and at school. **FEODOR THURM, Principal.**

REMOVAL.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

English, French and German boarding and day school,

FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,

opened the 1st of October, 1872, at her new buildings, erected for the purpose,

NOS. 6 AND 8 EAST 53D-ST.,

near Central Park, 5th-av., New-York.

DUANE S. EVERSON'S

School for Boys at No. 1,146 Broadway. Thorough instruction in ancient and modern languages and the English branches. Refers to patrons of the school, among whom are Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby, Chancellor of the New-York University; Dr. Chas. Short, Professor of Latin in Columbia College; Rev. Dr. Thos. Gallaudet, Rector of St. Ann's Church.

NEW-YORK NORMAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

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Superior instructions in all branches of VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, and in MODERN LANGUAGES. The Fall term of the Conservatory opens on MONDAY, Sept. 2, 1872.

MISS HAINES AND MLLE. DE JANON'S SCHOOL,

NO. 10 GRAMERCY PARK.

Will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.

A punctual attendance of their pupils is respectfully requested.

MRS. GARRETSON,

NO. 58 WEST 47TH-ST., NEW-YORK.

Will reopen her English, French and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1872.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, NO. 88 MADISON-AV., between 28th and 29th sts., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 23, 1872.

MRS. LEVERETT

Will reopen her

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES and CHILDREN on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at her residence,

No. 32 West 18th-st., New-York.

Address as above.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

SING SING, N. Y.,

Rev. J. BRECKINRIDGE GIBSON, D. D., Rector.

The next year will begin Sept. 17.

MRS. WILLIAMES'

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 26 West 39th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 26, 1872. Address as above.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL," FOR children, and PRIVATE RECITATION ROOMS for LADIES. Reopen Sept. 26. Object, the physical, mental and moral culture of children; also, to furnish special advantages to LADIES not desiring the routine of school. Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 West 42d-st.

MRS. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will reopen their French and English Day School for young ladies and children, No. 148 Madison-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 24. A study-class in which pupils, whose parents so desire, can prepare all their lessons under the care of a teacher will be continued.

AT THOMPSON'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, No. 20 4th-av., opposite Cooper Institute, book-keeping, writing, arithmetic, English branches and languages taught, day and evening. Ladies' department; telegraphy taught practically, with instruments, as used in offices.

A HOME SCHOOL IN THE COUNTRY for Girls and Boys.—Thorough instruction, with good care; number limited to twelve; best of references given and required; reopens Sept. 23. Address SARAH J. BEATTY, Blooming Grove, Orange County, N. Y.

MISS DU VERNET WILL REOPEN her school for boys under fifteen years of age, at No. 102 West 29th-st., one door from 6th-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25. Miss Du Vernet will be assisted by competent masters in her senior class.

BORDENTOWN (N. J.) FEMALE COLLEGE.—Thorough instruction; healthful and beautiful location; one of the most carefully conducted and best sustained institutions in the State. For terms, &c., address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph.D.

J. W. SCHERMERHORN, A. M., B. D., will reopen Sept. 16, his English, commercial, classical, French and German Institute, No. 659 6th-av., between 48th and 49th sts. Circulars and conference at the rooms.

A LITTLE BOYS' SCHOOL AND HOME. No. 77 College-st., Hartford, Conn., Mrs. M. L. READ, Principal. References: Right Rev. Horatio Potter, D. D., LL. D., Rev. Abner Jackson, D. D., President of Trinity College, Hartford.

CLAVERACK COLLEGE AND HUDSON River Inst., Claverack, N.Y. Rev. A. Flack, A. M., Pres't. Term opens Sept. 9. 10 dep'ts. 18 instruct's. Deduction to gentlemen and ladies in normal class.

LATIN AND GREEK ARE TAUGHT gratuitously in Yonkers Military Institute, by Rev. Dav. Cole, D.D., late Greek Prof. New-Brunswick. BENJAMIN MASON, Box 654 Yonkers, N. Y.

J. HARRIS PATTON'S CLASSICAL School, No. 1,193 Broadway, reopens Sept. 18. Circulars at Thomson's book-store, No. 1,107 Broadway, and at the rooms.

DR. BEETHES' FRENCH. ENGLISH, classical and mathematical school opens Sept. 16, at No. 105 East 40th-st. Prospectus at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 812 Broadway.

A CLASS OF FIFTEEN YOUNG GENtlemen will be instructed in English, the classic and modern languages, by THOMAS R. ASH, No. 17 East 16th-st.

MRS. M. S. PARKS WILL REOPEN, Sept. 18, the Boarding and Day School for young ladies, formerly known as "Miss Hoyt's," at No. 13 Livingston-av., New-Brunswick, N. J.

PROF. T. S. COMSTOCK, LECTURER on Geology and Natural History. Testimonials first class. Address care Am. Lit. Bureau, Cooper Union, New-York.

MISS WALSH'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for young ladies and children will open MONDAY, Sept. 23, at No. 36 West 35th-st., near 5th-av.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY—FOR young ladies. Bridgeport, Conn. Address Miss EMILY NELSON.

MR. CORNWALL'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 1,267 Broadway, re-opens on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18.

MISS KATE McCREDY WILL REceive pupils at her class-room, No. 602 6th-av., above 35th-st.; terms, $15 a quarter; hours 9 till 1.

THE MISSES DOREMUS' DAY SCHOOL for young ladies and children reopens THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at No. 47 East 21st-st.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL—White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

MRS. J. T. BENEDICT'S ENGLISH, French and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies, reopens Oct. 1. No. 7 East 42d-st.

MISS E. A. HAMMEKEN'S BOARDing School for young ladies reopens Sept. 16. Address the PRINCIPAL, Fairview, South Orange, N.J.

GEO. HAMILTON'S ENGLISH, CLASSICAL and Mathematical school for boys, opens Sept. 18, at No. 781 6th-av.

ELIZABETH COLLEGIATE SCHOOL—Home and tuition for boys at Elizabeth, N. J.

J. C. WYCKOFF, Principal.

INSTRUCTION.

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Protestant French Institute

FOR BOYS AND YOUNG GENTLEMEN,

NOS. 126, 128, 130 EAST 24TH-ST.,

NEAR MADISON PARK.

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Eighteenth year begins Sept. 17. College, Business, West Point, Annapolis, German, Spanish, Primary Department, Gymnasium, Military Drill.

Catalogues with full details. Home after Sept. 2.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

FORT WASHINGTON FRENCH INSTITUTE.—Boarding and Day School for Young Gentlemen. 170th-st. and Kingsbridge Road, New-York. 18th year. The School will reopen Sept. 16. V. PREVOST, Principal, successor to Lespinasse & Prevost. Circulars at G. LESPINASSE'S, 112 Broadway, or on application at the Institute, Station M.

PREPARATORY SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL, No. 1,212 Broadway, near 30th-st., for all engineering and Government schools, directed by A. COLIN, late of the Engineer Corps, United States Navy and Professor at the Naval Academy. *Elementary class for boys.* Send for circulars.

MMES. DA SILVA & BRADFORD'S (formerly Mrs. OGDEN HOFFMANN'S) English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 17 West 38th-st., New-York, reopens Sept. 18. Application may be made by letter or personally as above.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, No. 1 Winthrop-place, near 8th-st.—The thirty-sixth year begins Sept. 16; primary, commercial and classical departments. M. M. HOBBY, CHAS. A. NORTHROP, Principals.

MISS BULKLEY'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, TARRYTOWN, N. Y., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18. Applications by letter until Sept. 1.

PROF. AND MRS. O. P. HUBBARD'S Boarding and Day School for young ladies, at Grove Hall, New-Haven, Conn., Sept. 25. Circulars sent on application.

ENGINEERING.—INSTRUCTION IN ITS complete course, and pupils prepared for West Point, by Prof. VERGNES, No. 51 West 16th-st.

BOYS REALLY EDUCATED, MORALly, mentally, and physically, by BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654 Yonkers, N. Y.

BURNSIDE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR boys, Brattleboro, Vt. For particulars and circular address the Principal, C. A. MILES.

MISS COGGESHALL'S MORNING class for young children opens Sept. 18, at No. 145 West 45th-st.

LAW SCHOOLS.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.

The fifteenth annual term of this institution will commence at No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2, 1872, and will continue until May 14, 1873. By the laws of the State, graduates of the Law School are admitted to the Bar without further examination.

For catalogues and other information apply by letter to THEODORE W. DWIGHT, Professor, &c., No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York.

UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

LAW SCHOOL, FOURTEENTH YEAR.

The school is now open. Students may apply for admission at 9 A. M. and 4½ P. M., at the Law Library, Washington-square. For circulars, &c., apply to W. R. MARTIN, No. 141 Broadway, or D. R. JAQUES, Secretary, No. 25 Chambers-st.

TEACHERS.

TUITION.—A LADY LONG CONNECTED with some of the best schools in the City, gives private instruction in Latin, the higher mathematics, English branches; also, if desired, in French, which she speaks fluently; history and literature a specialty; best references. Address EDUCATION, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

FRENCH TEACHER.—AN EXPERIenced French teacher, a graduate of the University of France, desires to form an engagement with a school, to teach from one to two hours daily; also, would take a few pupils for private lessons, at their residence. Address C. M., French teacher, care Messrs. Sheldon & Co., book-sellers, No. 677 Broadway.

TWO GENTLEMEN, (ENGLISH AND French,) graduates of universities, of long experience and much tact in teaching American youth, desire to obtain visiting tuition in private families at liberal remuneration; City references of the highest order. Address N. V., Box No. 183 *Times* Office.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER WILL give instruction in drawing and painting, and in wax flowers, to pupils at their residences, or at her rooms in the Studio Buildings, corner of 26th-st. and 5th-av. Address Miss A. H., No. 212 5th-av., Studio No. 13, New-York City.

GOVERNESS.—A RESPECTABLE FRENCH woman, with accomplished education, wishes a position in a private family as governess for growing children; can give all reference required. Call at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN TO TEACH German and drawing, and as general assistant in a boarding-school; gymnastics desirable. Apply, with references, at American Educational Union, No. 737 Broadway.

PARENTS DESIRING RELIABLE information concerning schools of every grade; also, those wishing teachers, governesses, or house-keepers, apply at Everett Library, No. 588 6th-av., from 10 to 12 A. M.

A VISITING GOVERNESS, WHO WAS educated at Vassar College, would like pupils in English, Latin or rudiments of French. Apply at G. P. Putnam & Son's, corner 4th-av. and 23d-st.

FRENCH TUITION.—PROF. J. J. BURNIER, No. 62 West 33d-st., teaches classes at schools and private pupils; long experience and good references.

WANTED.—A RESIDENT OR VISITING governess; the highest testimonials to character and capability required. Address H. A. D., Box No. 160 *Times* Office.

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J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers,

Nos. 715 and 717 Market-st., Philadelphia, and No. 25 Bond-st., New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Harlem River, in the City of New-York.

We, the undersigned Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit:

That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to E. B. Hart, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 32 Nassau-street, Room No. 24, in the said City, on or before the 8th day of October, 1872, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days next after the said 8th day of October, and for that purpose, will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days, at 12 o'clock M.

That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works in the City of New-York, there to remain until the 21st day of October, 1872.

That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid are as follows, to wit: All those lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being on both sides of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth-street, between Eighth-avenue and the Harlem River, and extending on either side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth-street, half the distance to the next street thereto, in said City of New-York.

That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a special term thereof, to be held in the new Court-house at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 12th day of November, 1872, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 2, 1872.

E. B. HART,
J. S. HENNESSY, } Commissioners.
H. A. NELSON,

ATTENTION, REPUBLICANS, EVERYWHERE.

A thorough, practical printer, who has a splendid assortment of new material, designed for a forty-column (octavo) newspaper, and an experience of more than twenty years in some of the best newspaper, book and job offices in the country, desires to find a favorable locality for establishing a first-class Republican journal. Would accept a partner who could attend to the "outside business." Address HAINES, Hartford, Conn.

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17 Superb Cotswold Rams.

10 well-trained Scotch Sheep Dogs.

Call and see them, or apply to JOHN RUMPLINS, R. Stoddart's stables, Nos. 598 and 600 Greenwich-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, OCT. 7, 1872.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HENRY WILSON,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

"Gen. Grant never has been defeated, and he never will be."—Horace Greeley.

"While asserting the right of every Republican to his untrammeled choice of a candidate for next President until a nomination is made, I venture to suggest that Gen. Grant will be far better qualified for that momentous trust in 1872 than he was in 1868."—Horace Greeley, *Speech on 5th January*, 1871.

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—L'Africaine—Mme. Pauline Lucca, Signor Abrugnedo.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—Pygmalion and Galatea—Mr. Geo. Boniface, Miss Catharine Rogers.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—Arrah na Pogue—Mr. and Mrs. Dion Boucicault.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—Diamonds—Geo. Clarke, James Lewis, Miss Fanny Davenport.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—Roi Carotte—Mrs. John Wood and Mr. John Brougham.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—Agnes — Miss Agnes Ethel, Miss Emily Mestayer, Mr. D. H. Harkins.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—La Grande Duchesse.—Mlle. Aimee, Mons. Juteau, &c.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—Dramatic Performance and Curiosities—Afternoon and evening.

ST. JAMES THEATRE.—San Francisco Minstrels—Birch, Wambold, Backus and others.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.—Ethiopian Minstrelsy—Kelly, Leon, Bryant, Seymour, Reed.

NO. 720 BROADWAY.—Emerson's California Minstrels—Ben Cotton, Emerson, Laura and others.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA-HOUSE.—Variety Entertainment.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.—Annual Exhibition of Arts, Science and Agriculture. Day and evening.

STEINWAY HALL.—Grand Concert—Anton Rubinstein, H. Wieniawski, Mlle. Louise Liebhart.

FOOT HOUSTON-STREET.—Bailey's Circus and Menagerie.

The New-York Times.

The NEW-YORK TIMES is pre-eminently a family paper, all objectionable advertisements being rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

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SPECIAL RATES FOR THE WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES FOR 1872.

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THE NEW-YORK TIMES.
New-York City.

The Greeleyites are having as good a time now as they are ever likely to enjoy. They have persuaded themselves that there is still a chance before them, and the frequenters of "sample-rooms," who are their chief supporters, take in the same delusion with their rum and whisky. Hence there is unusual cheerfulness at present among John Cochrane's friends. They are like the respected individual who is awaiting the last sentence of the law in the condemned cell. He is not dead yet, and his friends tell him there is still a chance for him. A reprieve may come. So the prisoner makes a hearty dinner, and astonishes the onlookers by his gaiety. We need not describe the change which occurs when hope has to be abandoned. It is that which the Greeleyites will experience on Wednesday morning. In the meantime, we advise the curious in such matters to keep by them a copy of the wondrous predictions now appearing in Greeley's private organ in reference to the result of the elections—not forgetting Greeley's own speeches on the subject. They may be worth reading toward the end of the week.

Our dispatches from Ohio and Indiana and Pennsylvania assure us of victory in all those States. In the first, the defection claimed in the Western Reserve has been greatly exaggerated, and the lack of early organization of the State has been sufficiently made up by the hard work of the last few weeks. In Indiana every one is confident. The Democratic trick of importing negroes to testify that they came to vote for the Republican ticket has fallen through. We can promise our friends in Pennsylvania that Ohio and Indiana will do their whole duty, and will count on the Keystone State to do the same. Our correspondent in Philadelphia has taken a careful survey of the State, and unless he and the Republican Party are much deceived, we shall have at least nine or ten thousand for Hartranft on the total vote of the State. We shall not grumble at that.

We learn that Police Officer Tilley, from Mulberry-street, and Officers Murphy, Doyle, O'Connell, Quigley, Hogan, Brennan, and four other Police Ward Detectives, went to Philadelphia on Thursday night, nominally on police business. Murphy is said to have taken a gang of twenty men, Doyle, thirty, and Hogan, forty-five—all of whom were colored. They were sent secretly by Manierre, without the consent of Judge Bosworth, or the other Commissioners. They were furnished with sealed envelopes which they were directed not to open till after they left here. They were also directed to report to Aleck McClure, and were furnished by Manierre with handsome sums of money, said to be $250 each. All are Greeley men. It, as seems likely, these men are going into the business of fraudulent voting, we venture to prophesy that there will be some vacancies in the Police force within a few days. If it be pretended that these men are sent over to detect frauds, we should like to know what right Mr. Manierre has to secretly place the Police force of New-York under the orders of the Chairman of the Greeley Committee of Pennsylvania? Is our Police force so large here that we can afford to send members of it wherever the Greeleyites may desire? The whole transaction is an outrage, no matter whether it involves more or less criminality. The men will be properly watched in Philadelphia. Meantime, we call the attention of the other members of the Police Board to the action of their disreputable associate.

We hope people have not forgotten the remarkable excursion lately made into Erie affairs by Mr. Greeley's organ. It was rather more eager to drop that subject than it was to take it up. That is a pity, because Erie is a field which affords fine scope for a professor of morality and journalism. There is not much chance of finding an audience for any disclosures about the new management of Erie today, but it is to be hoped the *Tribune* will go on with its extracts from the Erie books. Or shall *we* continue the thrilling narrative? If Mr. S. L. M. Barlow wishes it, we will—not that we wish to be disagreeable to anybody, but Mr. Barlow's friends have challenged the inquiry. Let him remember that.

Our readers will find on our fifth page a full abstract of the Election and Registry law in force in this City. They should remember that to-morrow the registry offices are open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. in this City. They are also open in Brooklyn, but the hours are different—from 8 A. M. to 12 M., we believe, and from 4 to 10 P. M.

A mass-meeting will be held to-night at the Cooper Institute, under the auspices of the National Woman's Suffrage Association, for the purpose of indorsing the Republican Presidential and State tickets. Speeches will be made by Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Isabella B. Hooker, Matilda Joslyn Gage, Olympia Brown, and others. Hon. Luther R. Marsh will preside and make a speech. A large gathering is anticipated, and the speeches will no doubt be interesting.

Will the *Tribune* produce the original of the schedule on which its last charge against Speaker Blaine is based? We allege that a forgery has been committed. Dare the *Tribune* produce its document? It is necessary to produce the original, not a copy certified by a member of the Greeley State Committee.

Mr. Boswell was nominated as Delegate to Congress in the District of Columbia because he was strong among the negroes. Since the election in Georgia, he declines to run, on the ground that his late Democratic allies have shown that they would not keep their pledges to sustain the equal rights of the colored race. It will yet turn out that the outrages in Georgia were as foolish as they were wicked.

Pennsylvania.

We think we have a right to call on all Republicans in Pennsylvania to do their best for a decisive victory to-morrow. They will have an opportunity to crush Greeleyism at once and completely, and this opportunity they ought not lightly to put aside. We are aware that they have local differences among themselves of considerable magnitude; but we cannot believe, after a careful and candid examination of the case, that any Republican has sufficient reason for voting against Gen. Hartranft, or even for not voting for him. The charges against him have been refuted and traced to such questionable sources that no one need give them consideration. They have been investigated by men justly enjoying the very greatest confidence in their respective communities. Mr. George H. Stuart, well known for his noble labors of benevolence as the head of the Christian Commission during the war, and a man who is very careful of his word, pronounces Hartranft's character unimpeached and unimpeachable, and supports him with the more earnestness because of the unjust assaults upon him. In this course, Mr. Stuart is joined by many of the soundest and most cautious business men of Philadelphia. At Pittsburg, on Thursday evening, a meeting called by five hundred leading merchants of the place, gave emphatic testimony to Hartranft's purity of character. Hon. Benjamin H. Brewster, one of the most respected public men of the State, came, during this canvass, from political retirement to defend his former associate from the malignant attacks of his foes. He said, early in the campaign:

> "I was in constant intercourse with this gentleman, and never once—never once—did I see him walk one hair's breadth out of the right line of official or personal integrity. I say to you, upon my faith as a gentleman—*never once.*"

Is all this concurrent testimony to be offset by the circulation of anonymous charges, based on garbled testimony or none at all, and originating with men whom Mr. Hartranft has barred from the public Treasury?

We assure our Pennsylvania friends that Hartranft's defeat would rejoice no one in this City so much as the miserable gangs of thieving Tammany politicians, who are ruined forever if Greeley's hopes of victory are destroyed. On this point there can be no mistake. Yesterday the bar-rooms and groggeries were filled with roughs who were jubilant over the victory their leaders had promised them. Mr. Havemeyer—a gentleman who must be well known in Pennsylvania, as Chairman of our Committee of Seventy—said to a reporter, on Thursday: "If Hartranft is elected, Tammany Hall is dead; if defeated, they will have a slight victory."

We repeat, therefore, that we have a right to appeal to the Republicans of Pennsylvania to turn out in their full strength for Hartranft to-morrow. A full vote is all that is needed to secure a conclusive triumph. To secure that, each voter has but to do his part. The defeat of Hartranft would simply be construed into a victory for Greeley—an absurd conclusion, it is true, but one that would be drawn. Is it desirable to afford our enemies this new lease of life? Greeley cannot hold out even till November if Pennsylvania does her duty to-morrow. On the other hand, he will declare that Pennsylvania is for him if Hartranft is defeated, and the country will resound with a din from the Greeleyites which will make all Republicans who failed to do their duty ashamed of themselves. We ask our friends, then, to give us a good full vote. Our latest advices assure us that they mean to do so, and that victory is certain. But let every man help to make it more certain, and Republicans all over the Union will have cause once more to praise the fidelity and energy of the Keystone State.

Greeley and Grosvenor.

What is a secessionist? Is it necessary, in order to answer this definition, that a man should be a Ruffin, firing the first gun at Fort Sumter; or a Toombs, taking advantage of the first tumult of popular indignation in Georgia to force that State out of the Union; or a Jeff. Davis, taking leave of the United States Senate, when "his State" went out? Not at all. John C. Calhoun was the great secessionist of modern times, and he died a long time before the war broke out. And there were Northern secessionists, and Horace Greeley was one of them. Where is the evidence of this? In his articles in the *Tribune* of 1860. It is upon record, in the speeches of Toombs and Stephens, that these articles were all-powerful in the Georgia Convention to determine the question whether that State would go out of the Union. While the editor was proclaiming, as an excuse for his treasonable writings, that he did not believe the South would go off, Toombs was using his arguments for the very purpose of demonstrating that it was safe to go, for no attempt would be made to "coerce;" that not only Buchanan and his copperhead Cabinet would be quiet until the 4th of March, but the strongest influences among the Republicans would be the same way. And with that fine adaptiveness of means to ends which Greeley has always shown, his own senile prophecies that there would be no secession were actually the strongest forces to bring secession about. This is a matter of undisputed history.

Let us see for a moment what it was that Greeley wrote at this time. Our quotations shall be brief. They are from the *Tribune* of the Fall and early Winter of 1860:

> "If the Cotton States consider the value of the Union debatable, we maintain their perfect right to discuss it. Nay, we hold with Jefferson to the inalienable right of *communities* to alter or abolish forms of government that have become oppressive or injurious; and *if the Cotton States shall decide that they can do better out of the Union than in it,* WE INSIST *on letting them go in peace.* * * * We must ever resist the asserted right of any State to remain in the Union and nullify or defy the laws thereof; *to withdraw from the Union is quite another matter.* WHENEVER *a considerable section of the Union shall deliberately resolve to go out, we shall* RESIST *all coercive measures designed to keep it in. We hope never to live in a Republic whereof one section is pinned to the residue by bayonets.*"

The right of secession of a group of States—and if a group of States, of course of one State, for the principle is not affected by limiting it to a group, or a "cotton" or sugar interest—the right of secession was never more broadly stated. And with his usual positiveness, Greeley, who has of late years "insisted" and "demanded" and "offered," with the air of a man who was himself President, instead of an importunate beggar for the Presidency, announced that he should, in this case, "insist" on letting the South go, and should "resist" all attempts to stop their going. The only modification he ever undertook to make was this. He "insisted" that the secession should take place with "deliberation and gravity;" after time for reflection, and a full canvass of the questions involved, and a popular vote. He must have known, of course, that he could not control methods; so those conditions amounted to nothing. In admitting the right to secede, he yielded the right of the seceding States or regions to use their own machinery, and not his; to deliberate as long or short a time as they saw fit, and to pay heed to their own newspapers, without getting up strawberry clubs for the *Weekly Tribune*.

There is, then, no dispute as to Greeley's character and standing as a secessionist, on his own record. This record accounts for the unanimity of the Southern *doctrinaires* in his favor. They are for him for plenty of reasons, among which two may be mentioned, affecting different classes of minds. Most of them are for him because, by electing him, they can claim that the country has approved the secession doctrines of 1860. That this claim will be made, no man can doubt. Others are for him because, with an original secessionist in the Presidential chair, and, besides, a nerveless, purposeless changeling and whiffler, they can, if an emergency arises, try the game of secession over again. This is by no means a chimera. The complaints of Government oppression at the South now are tenfold—yes, a hundred fold—greater than they were before Lincoln was elected and inaugurated. If there was provocation in 1861, there is, if the Confederates are to be believed, much greater provocation now. Without dwelling on this danger, however, we desire to call attention to the recent attempts of Greeley's partisans to befog his opinions. We have seen how the candidate himself swallowed his words at Cincinnati. The other day Col. Grosvenor, of St. Louis, undertook to expound Greeley's secessionism. His speech appears in the *Tribune*, duly vouched for as "notable" and "careful." Grosvenor gives this version of Greeley's opinions in 1860:

> "Mr. Greeley, in many editorials in 1861, drew a sharp distinction between the attempt to secede by force, or without the consent of other States, and the endeavor to separate from the Union by peaceable and constitutional methods. He said in substance: If the people of any one or several Sta'es, after fair discussion, declare their wish to be separated from the Union by peaceful and constitutional means, I for one shall be in favor of granting their request; I do not believe in a Government not founded on the consent of the governed; I do not want any Union in which one party is pinned to the other by bayonets, but there are two parties to the compact, and it can be annulled by consent of both only; I utterly deny the right of one or several States to separate from the Union by force or by demonstrations of violent purpose without the consent of other States; any such attempt to dissolve this Union without regard for the will of the non-seceding States, the General Government must resist, and if possible defeat, but an expressed wish of the people of any State or States based upon a full discussion and a fair vote to separate from the Union by constitutional means and upon fair terms, I, for one, should be disposed to meet with assent."

This is exactly what Greeley *didn't* say. He said nothing about peaceful and constitutional means, as distinct from the "inalienable right" of communities to abolish or change their own forms of government. He said nothing about there being another party to the compact, to be consulted, and the consent of which was to be obtained. He said nothing about *his* being "for one" in favor of letting them go. His proposed resistance to all coercion, his deliberate concession of the right to go out, was based on the absolute right of a State or community to choose *its own* political relations and go out when it should see fit, without asking even advice of its associate States or communities. He denied, in express terms, the right of the non-seceding States to a coercive remedy, or to interfere in any way or fashion with the question. It was solely a question for the aggrieved States, to be considered by them alone; to be decided by *their own* will, for the purpose of redressing *their own* wrongs. Can there be any doubt of this? Can there be any doubt that Col. Grosvenor, in making this representation, as well as Greeley in attempting to back out of his doctrines in his Cincinnati speech, committed an unmitigated fraud? What a set of Reformers, indeed, has Cincinnati given us! Grosvenor helped to invent and manufacture the candidate, and the article is worthy of its designer.

Lively Times in Peru.

Perhaps of all the revolutions and disasters that have overtaken the various Latin Republics of America, the one lately witnessed in Peru is the most tragic and shocking, and now that there seems some assurance of temporary quiet, it is worth while to review the circumstances. The land of the Incas has ever been famed for the surprising way in which great ends have been wrought there by little means. In 1531, Pizarro set out with three small ships, one hundred and forty infantry, and thirty-six horses, to conquer the Peruvian Empire; and, with the aid of two reinforcements of thirty men each, he actually accomplished that task. By such a slender force was the authority established that held sway for nearly three hundred years, the thirst for gold, even more than the spirit of daring adventure, being the incentive to an audacity in invading and conquering, to which history supplies no parallel.

The active spirits in the late Peruvian revolution were the four brothers Guitierriez. They succeeded in completely subverting the Government, and in seizing the reins of power, but never, even in a Spanish-American Republic, was a success so complete, likewise so ephemeral. The brothers were all chiefs of battalion in the army. On a Monday morning they suddenly seized the President, Balta, flung him into prison, and proclaimed the eldest brother Dictator. To sustain them in this procedure, they had a force of seven thousand men, armed with repeating sixteen-shot rifles. The next act of the brothers was, as might be expected, to issue a proclamation. In this it was coolly announced that the steps they had taken had been inspired and demanded by the army, the navy, and the people. "The people" thereupon began to illustrate their complicity and inclination in the business by fighting vigorously against their self-constituted rulers. The railway tracks were torn up. Numbers were murdered in the streets. Unoffending passengers were slaughtered without even a pretext or a word. A perfect reign of anarchy impended. One of the brothers trained the four five hundred-pounder guns at the castle in Callao directly on the City, and began deliberately firing upon it.

All the week a struggle was kept up, chiefly in Lima and Callao; and on Friday Silvestre Guitierriez was shot by the populace. On hearing of this, his brother, Marceliano, went straight to the prison of the unfortunate President Balta, and there—just as Shakespeare makes *Gloster* kill *King Henry*—stabbed him to the heart. In the afternoon of the same day, the people stormed the palace and the forts of Lima, caught the "Dictator," Tomas Guitierriez, and immediately put *him* to death. In the evening, still on the same day, Marceliano, who went to Callao at the head of a detachment of troops directly after murdering Balta, was also shot; and on the Saturday after the Monday that opened the drama, the naked corpses of three of the brothers Guitierriez were swinging together, one hundred feet in the air, from the towers of the Cathedral.

After this ghastly climax, the three bodies were taken down and burnt in the square before the Cathedral, and then the body of the murdered Balta was carried in state over the ashes. All three brothers had been loaded with favors by Balta, and a knowledge of the facts no doubt heightened the popular indignation. Pardo, the legally elected President, quietly assumed his office after this, and so, after one week of bloodshed and chaotic confusion, order has again been restored. The most remarkable feature about the affair, in a military point of view, lies in the fact that so efficient and well armed a body of troops should have been so easily handled, in almost every encounter, by a half-armed and undisciplined mob. It would seem from this that the hearts of the soldiers were not in the work set before them, and to which they had been made to appear to assent. Patriotic and devout Peruvians, we are told, recognize the interposition of Providence in the whole sequence of late events. This is shown, they say, not only in the feeble resistance of the troops to the people, and in the swift retributive justice dealt out to the three brothers Guitierriez, but even in the escape of the fourth brother who took no active part in the doings of the other three, and so is exonerated, in a great measure, from the odium, as he has escaped the the punishment of their crimes.

Murder in Central Park.

The news of a highway robbery and probable murder in the Central Park, at as early an hour as 7 in the evening, will give an unpleasant shock to thousands of quiet citizens, who have been in the habit of frequenting that delightful pleasure-ground with no thought of possible danger. Indeed, before all that smiling beauty of meadow, lake and copse, the very notion of bloodshed or violence of any sort seems incongruous and fantastic. One would as soon look for the gleam of the assassin's knife or the crack of his pistol in a church or a grave-yard. This sense of absolute security has been one of the greatest charms of the park, and it has been fostered by the excellent order that has in the main been kept there ever since its first establishment. Even the very rough, whose existence is a defiance of law and social restraint, seems to have found himself subdued and softened by the serenity of the place, the tranquil happiness of its frequenters, the innocent mirth of little children playing fearlessly about its walks.

At least one likes to fancy that this has been the case; that every visitor to the Park feels some sense of thankfulness for one of the most magnificent gifts a great city ever made to its citizens. Certainly, whatever the reason, crimes have been wonderfully rare within its precincts. This is the more wonderful when we consider the great expanse of the Central Park, the irregular nature of the ground, the innumerable opportunities for ambush in the coverts and by-ways, and the inability of the small police force adequately to guard it. The marvel is not lessened in view of the lawlessness prevalent in the City, and only kept, one would think, by some mysterious influence from penetrating that charmed circle.

Now that the spell is broken, and murder has actually stained the turf of that green fairy land, the news will come, as we have said, with a great shock to all its lovers. The horror will be, perhaps, the greater that this first victim was a stranger, since, in addition to the crime there seems to be some subtle violation of hospitality. When James Hayes determined to while away the long hours of a Sunday afternoon in the Park, he doubtless felt as safe on going there as he would have felt in the streets of his own town in Central New-York. "It was a pleasant place," he says in his ante mortem deposition, with a touch of quaintness that under the circumstances is really pathetic—"it was a pleasant place, and he went all over it." Just as he had turned to come out, he was met by the assassins, who are supposed to have dogged him from a saloon where he made an incautious exposure of his money, and after a brief struggle robbed, receiving the wound from which he now lies dying at St. Luke's Hospital.

A fate like this befalling a stranger, in such a place, and at such a time, appeals to the most sluggish sympathies. But it should do something more; it should awaken the authorities to the necessity of leaving no stone unturned to capture the miscreants guilty of the crime, and to take whatever measures may be possible to prevent its repetition. The former, we fear, will be a difficult task, and the latter, for reasons already indicated, hardly less so. But none the less should the effort be made. When one begins to look for a lurking murderer in every shrubbery of the Park, its beauty and its usefulness will have alike departed.

The Pleasures of Strangulation.

Few persons regard it as probable that they will die by drowning, except, of course, those who are employed on the Sound steamers. Fewer still look forward to a death on the gallows, the publicity of which process deprives it of all attractions for the modest and delicately-minded man. Nevertheless, many have been curious to know what the sensations of the drowning and the hanging person are. As to drowning, we have a very large amount of testimony from those who, after having undergone strangulation by water to the point of insensibility, have been rescued by thoughtless people, who have thus doomed them to undergo a second death at some later period. From this testimony it appears to be established that drowning is really a pleasant death. The drowning man is believed to hear exquisite music, and to see with the mental vision fields of extraordinary greenness and flowers of gorgeous hue. It is true that certain drowning persons, of inconveniently active powers of memory, have told us that before becoming insensible, they recollected every act of their respective lives. Even were this a necessary part of the process of watery strangulation, it would not render drowning unpleasant except to those whose lives have not been of irreproachable character. Though it would be a terrific prospect to the Liberal candidate, were he certain that in the hour of death he would remember all his eccentric experiments in agriculture and in politics, and would see ghostly visions of tobacco fields sown with Scotch snuff, or be compelled to rehearse his innumerable arguments on all sides of everything—the abnormal quickening of memory, said to sometimes occur to the drowning man, would have no terrors for better agriculturists and less versatile politicians, and would not in the least detract from the pleasant sensations caused by the free panorama of select landscapes, of which mention has just been made.

It might be presumed that hanging, or strangulation by hemp, would produce sensations not unlike those of drowning, or strangulation by water. As to the former process, there is, however, but little testimony, it rarely happening that injudicious friends have prematurely cut the rope of the suspended criminal. This unusual circumstance has, nevertheless, lately occurred in the Fiji Islands, where once the cannibal held unmolested carnival, but where now the shipwrecked sailor may see the comforting gallows, and thank heaven that he is in a Christian land. A white man, who had murdered a Scotchman, was hung in Fiji last Summer; but inasmuch as he seemed to be annoyed by the pressure of the noose upon his neck, an impulsive under-sheriff—who, possibly, was also influenced by indignation at the thriftlessness which wasted a criminal by hanging, when there were so many hungry Fijian mouths watering for roasted "long pig"—rushed forward and cut him down.

On regaining his presence of mind, the half-hung man narrated his experience. When the bolt was drawn, and the drop fell, he suddenly remembered a wreck from which he had been rescued years before. He saw himself clinging to floating spars and fighting with the curling billows, and, in short, rehearsed the whole eventful tragedy of shipwreck. After having fully and leisurely exhausted this subject, he suddenly remembered the gallows, and propounded to himself the question, "Why do I not die?" It was while he was mentally discussing this question that he was cut down, and restored to an ungrateful world. If he is to be believed, hanging does not materially differ in the sensations which it excites, from a quiet half-hour with the after-dinner cigar. There is the same freedom from outside annoyances; the same dreamy reminiscences of bygone days, and the same unimpassioned examination of abstract questions. Indeed, there would seem to be little to choose between ten minutes on the gallows, and twenty minutes with a cigar, except that the latter pleasure can be repeated daily, while no man can expect to enjoy the former more than once, unless he is so fortunate as to try his first gallows in Fiji, under the direction of a hungry and impulsive native under-sheriff.

MINOR TOPICS.

Mr. Greeley lately disclaimed his ability to control the young men on the *Tribune* in minor matters, even when he was in the office, and not wandering over the United States speechifying for his own election. One of them, a veritable *enfant terrible*, indulged on Saturday in a reflection on the Sage's political astuteness in former years, which may yet cause a request for the author's resignation. He began his article as follows:

> "It is a well-known fact that in 1864, when the life or death of the nation appeared to depend upon the election of Abraham Lincoln, the actual results were widely different from the most careful canvass. * * A local politician, attempting to explain it, said, with more reverence than profanity, 'Heaven has stuffed the ballot-boxes.'"

Now it is "a well-known fact that in 1864, when the life or death of the nation appeared to depend on the election of Abraham Lincoln," Mr. Greeley was utterly blind to the signs of the times, and plotted and pleaded for Lincoln's removal from the ticket, on the ground that he was not strong. A politician may, when superannuated, own up that when "heaven was stuffing the ballot-boxes" he could not see it, but Mr. Greeley is not yet confessedly superannuated. It is hard advice, but we recommend the *Tribune* writers to consult their own files.

The month of September, especially the latter part thereof, was so chilly that the boys who bathe in the Summer time from the river piers abandoned their primitive sport. At the public bath-houses, however, the number of persons who bathed was enormous. No less than 91,026 persons profited by the opportunities offered by our two public baths, and of this 91,626 we are informed by the Department of Public Works that 18 138 were "females"—by which term it is presumable that women are meant. When it is remembered that few women have been accustomed to a swimming-bath, and that to very many the idea of using a crowded public bath-house is not attractive, it must be conceded that the September record of the bath-houses speaks well for the women of this City, and gives us reason to hope that the day when a woman will consider it disgraceful not to be able to swim is not far distant.

An incident is related of the fire in Canterbury Cathedral which goes to show the value of gymnastic training in an emergency. When it was attempted to convey the fire-hose to the roof, where the fire first broke out, the ladders used for the purpose were found to be too short. Time was pressing: to have sent for other ladders would have been to give the fire such headway as to make the destruction of the entire Cathedral almost inevitable. In this juncture, a soldier who had mounted first showed that rather rare combination of mental decision and physical intrepidity which are at the basis of the true heroic element. Without hesitating a moment, he leaped, at the risk of his life, for the overhanging leaden gutter above him, caught it with one hand, and, by sheer strength, drew himself up and on to the roof. From this position he could assist his comrades to ascend, and so the magnificent structure was, happily, saved. In the first year of the rebellion, it will be remembered, the Fire Zouaves rendered a somewhat similar service in saving Willard's Hotel from threatened conflagration. Ladders were not at hand, or insufficient for use, and the Zouaves made ladders of themselves, swarming up water-spouts, climbing up on one another's shoulders, or dangling in living chains from the roof, with an agility and daring, which were duly and wonderfully commemorated in the pictorial prints of the day. These incidents suggest the value of a systematic gymnastic drill for our firemen, as is the custom, we believe, in the French fire brigades. Our Metropolitan Fire Department was, perhaps, never more efficient than at present, but the proposed innovation would still, beyond doubt, add to its practical usefulness.

If we may believe the correspondents who have written about the festivities attendant upon the meeting of the Emperors at Berlin, human life in that capital is held very cheap in comparison with the convenience and comfort of royalty. On the night of the closing entertainment at the Castle, the streets all about it were crammed with a compact mass of people, waiting to see the brilliant procession of guests. By the time those began to arrive, the mob had become so great that the passage of a single human being, much less of a carriage, became a physical impossibility. At first mounted policemen endeavored to open a way by the simple process of riding straight into the crowd, and knocking men and women down with the flats of their sabres. But even this proved of no avail, and as a last resource, the torch-bearers, who led the way, were ordered to march ahead, and did so, thrusting their torches before them. This ingenious device proved effectual. The various serene and mighty highnesses had their dinner and their concert in time, and the imprudent spectators outside were solaced by the most charming music while engaged in picking up the dead and dying. Of these there are known to have been nearly a score, but it is suspected that many more were carried away by their friends. Reading such an episode, one begins to count the years since a fanatic was torn in pieces by wild horses for scratching the arm of a French King, and when a French Prince hung peasants by the dozen for throwing stones into his garden.

It would be interesting to learn to what length the Police intend to permit persons to go in the matter of making the public streets their coach-houses. Hitherto, this most objectionable practice has been confined to the side streets, but anyone, yesterday, might have observed several carriages standing at the corner of Union-square and Fourth-avenue, not in the roadway, but actually on the pavement.

During the draft riots, after Mr. Greeley had made his heroic and masterly retreat from the *Tribune* office to the cellar of a neighboring restaurant, the rioters were repelled from the former establishment by a discharge of boiling water from the steam-boiler used to work the printing-presses. A similar device has been introduced in the armament of a steamer lately constructed under orders from the British Government, at Kidderpore, to do service against the pirates who infest the Andaman Islands. The waste steam is so utilized as to be turned at will into a sort of steam gun, which can be discharged in any direction at a moment's notice. This invention, we should think, would be found extremely useful in taking care of our own harbor thieves, who laugh at bullets in the darkness of the night, but who might not so easily elude a jet of scalding water, which, if it did nothing more, would greatly aid the Police in catching the rascals.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Contemplated Greeley Slander on the Treasury—Secret History of the Nefarious Design—Gen. Grant's Horses.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Washington, Oct. 6.—It cannot be ascertained with certainty here to-night whether the Greeley men will bring out their campaign financial falsehood or not to-morrow. The intention was to print it on Monday morning in the Democratic organs in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and New-York City. The story of the entire transaction, as accurately as it can be found out at present, is as follows: Certain parties in Washington within a very recent period made approaches to some of the clerks in the Treasury Department, explained to them that they desired to obtain alleged figures from the Treasury books, sustained by affidavits, that would show, among other things, that there had been a large overissue of bonds and other irregular transactions, that orders had been issued by Treasury officials to falsify the record for the purpose of covering up the deficiencies, that the President's personal attention had been called to the matter, so that he was cognizant of the fraud and forgery that was being perpetrated, and that he had directed its suppression to shield those high in authority and save the Administration from discredit. To carry out the scheme it was deemed necessary to raise $20,000, and the conspirators who conceived the project went over to New-York to obtain the money from the Soreheads and Greeley Democrats. They were told that they were very short of funds there, and that they had absolutely nothing, but they suggested one or two men in Hartford, Conn., and other places in New-England, who might possibly furnish it. The New-England men while approving the idea declared their inability to supply the $20,000. This failure delayed the matter considerably, but did not entirely kill it. So far as can be found out here at this writing they have had the document printed in New-York, but whether they will publish it to-morrow, in view of the exposure made in the Times and other Republican journals, is not known. If it should be given to the public, it is false and fraudulent in every particular, and has been concocted in the way and through the agencies indicated.

THE PRESIDENT'S HORSES.

Gen. Grant's horses and stables have been frequent topics of comment in the Democratic and Liberal organs during the last three or four months. In a casual conversation on the subject a few days ago the President himself said: "The New-York *World* declared that I had $70,000 worth of horses at Long Branch; that I had seven horses, every one of which was worth $10,000, and could trot a mile in three minutes. Now, so far is that from being true, that if I wanted $3,000 I would, I think, find it difficult to obtain that amount for them upon a short notice, and only one of them can travel a mile in less than five minutes. She might possibly do it in four, but I have never tried."

CHANGES IN THE MARINE CORPS.

The following are recent changes in the Marine Corps: Lieut. Charles L. Sherman, from Brooklyn Barracks to Norfolk; Lieut. Lyman P. French, from the Ohio, at Boston, to Brooklyn Barracks; Lieut. E. McCauley, from Washington Barracks to the flag-ship Frolic, at New-York, vice Lieut. J. T. Bradford, transferred to Brooklyn; Lieut. George B. Hancock, from Portsmouth, N. H., to Washington; Lieut. John B. Smyser from Philadelphia Barracks to the steam sloop Omaha, vice Lieut. R. R. Neill, transferred to Philadelphia; Lieut. Henry Clay Cochrane from Wilmington, Del., to establish his recruiting rendezvous on Market-street, Philadelphia; Lieut. Albert H. O'Brien from Newark, N. J., to establish his recruiting rendezvous in Portland, Me.; and Lieut.-Col. McCauley, Superintendent of Maine Recruiting, from New-York to Philadelphia.

New-York Typographical Society.

The one hundred and twenty-seventh semi-annual meeting of the New-York Typographical Society, was held on Saturday evening. A slight increase in the annual dues was adopted, and the rate of benefits to sick members increased to $5 per week. The sum of $75 will in future be paid toward the funeral expenses of a deceased member. The Board of Officers now stands as follows: President, Hiram Bessy; Vice-President, James H. Easton; Secretary, J. C. Faukner; Treasurer, Geo. Parsons; Librarian, John Craw. Trustees—Charles C. Savage, John Vanborn, J. B. Crawford, Arch. Miller. Directors—Thomas McCaulis, Walter Marshall, Edward A. Bradley, S. H. Crooker, John Brutnahan, William White, Chas. McDevitt, S. F. Baxter, J. G. Clayton, D. J. Crowley, Israel Smith, George F. Cook.

The Newtown Repudiation—The Attempt of the Tax-Payers to Reverse the Decision.

To-night an attempt will be made, at a meeting to be held at Newtown, to reverse a decision made at a recent meeting of the tax-payers of Newtown that the bonds commonly known as the Blissville-avenue bonds should be repudiated. Mr. Furman, who has conferred with the Attorney-General on the subject, will report to the effect that the Attorney-General fully agrees with Judge Birdseye that the bonds are illegal, and has authorized the Judge to commence a suit in his name for the purpose of perpetually enjoining the Supervisor from funding them, either paying principal or interest, or legalizing them in any manner. There are $208,000 of these bonds yet outstanding, together with the unpaid interest of two years and unpaid claims against the town on account of this improvement, which will make the amount due, and which the town proposes to repudiate, $250,000. A singular fact, and one which excites much comment, is the division of opinion of the Newtown Reform Association on the subject. Some of the first who agitated reform—among them the President, Mr. Warren, Mr. Rapelyea, and the Treasurer—object to and oppose repudiation. It is expected that at least nine-tenths of the voters of the town, discovering that a practical measure has been determined upon to reduce taxation, will vote in favor of repudiation if the question comes before the people. Both parties are marshaling their hosts, and there is expected to be a very exciting meeting to-night.

THE REGISTRY.

What the New-York State Election Law Calls For.

Clear Exposition of the Text and Its Requirements—Guide for Voters—How They Are to Act and What is Necessary to Secure Franchise.

When we published a full abstract of the National Election law we promised to supplement it by a similar abstract of the Election and Registry law passed by the last Legislature for this City. The latter law is by far the most elaborate and careful that has ever been passed. It is the first which incorporates with a registry law the proper provisions as to the canvass of votes. Hitherto the latter process has been governed by the old Revised Statutes, which contained some provisions that did not fit into the Registry law. Moreover, it is the first which has provided punishments for the large class of offenses against the purity of the ballot-box which evil ingenuity has contrived within the last ten years. So numerous were these offenses that, when last Fall the Grand Jury ordered a quantity of indictments, the District-Attorney found that nearly one-half of the offenses were not punishable by any existing statute.

Under the new law the election officers are appointed by the Police Commissioners, and half of them must be taken from each political party. The places of registry and polling are selected by the Police Board. No place can be selected where liquor has been sold within sixty days; every room is to be lighted with gas, and the space in front of the boxes must be equivalent to a room twelve feet square. No person can vote who is not registered, and no person can be registered who does not personally appear at the polling places in the election district where he resides. The hours of registry are from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M., and the days of registry are this year, Oct. 8, 16, 25 and 26. The form of the registry is entirely changed. The registry is now by street numbers instead of by the name of the voter. Thus the first thing entered on the book is the number where the applicant resides—as No. 141 East Thirty-second-street—and all persons who reside at the same number are registered on the same page of the book. If the house has no street number, it is to be described in some way. This enables it to be seen at a glance how many are registered from any house. If the house has its rooms numbered, the number of the room must be placed on the registry, and if there is more than one family in the house the floor and location of the room, whether front or back, must be given. The registry must also show the country of birth, color, time the applicant has resided in the State, County, and Assembly District, whether naturalized, and if so, when, and in what Court, and the date of application for registry. Every applicant must be sworn and must give this information. The inspectors have no choice as to administering the oath. They must swear every one. Every person who will be entitled to vote on election day is entitled to register on any day of registration, no matter if at the actual time of registration he has not resided in the district long enough to then vote, or is not of age. If any person, having once registered, changes his residence to another district, he cannot register in the district of his new residence without bringing a certificate from the inspectors that his name has been removed from the former registry. If his removal is to a residence in the same district, he must also on one of the days of registration have that fact noted in the registry. The identity of the applicant may in each case be inquired into. Any applicant for registration or voter may be challenged by any voter, and must then be sworn and examined in the usual manner. Any voter may require any person to be marked for challenge, in which case the inspectors must challenge him. The registers are required to be fully completed each day before adjournment. The names of all applicants, if received at all, must be entered on the registers in the applicant's presence. They cannot be entered on slips and written in afterward, nor can they be entered at the time on only one book and afterward copied from that. On the contrary, besides entering the names as the registration progresses in each of the four books kept by the inspectors, two other books must be prepared before the adjournment on each day, which must be copies of the inspectors' books. At the final close of registration, one of the two last-mentioned books is to be sent to the Bureau of Elections. After every day of registration the other is to be posted in the room where the registration is carried on. In the intervals between the days of registration, each inspector is required to retain his own copy, and neither then nor until he files it with the Bureau of Elections after election can he part with it. We should have said that the registers are to be so compared and marked that no names can be surreptitiously added or changed.

These are, in brief, the provisions as to registration, except those relating to the details of the duties of the inspectors. Such duties are very carefully defined, but, as they do not directly concern the general public, we reserve them for a separate statement.

On election day the polls open at 6 A. M. and close at 4 P. M. Election day is a legal holiday. As already stated, no one can vote who is not registered, and the last day of registration is this year Oct. 26. The name of every person desiring to vote is required to be announced in a loud tone of voice, and no vote can be received until three of the inspectors have found his name upon their registers. If the vote of any person is received in violation of this provision his name, residence, and the name of the inspector receiving it is to be noted in a separate place in the register. Against the name of every person who votes is to be written under the heading "Voted" the word "Yes," a check or dot not being sufficient.

At every election each party has a right to have a challenger at the place of registration and voting, who is entitled to be placed in such position next to the inspectors that he can see every applicant or voter. The inspectors and Police are required to protect the challengers.

The qualifications of voters are not changed or referred to in the new law, but are left to the old one. That requires a year's residence in the State, four months in the County and thirty days in the district. By usage, if not by law, any person removing within thirty days from one district to another within the County, may vote for the officers who are voted for alike in the district from which and in that to which he removes. Thus he may vote for State officers and all officers who are voted for throughout the entire City, if he has lived a year in the State and four months in the County. If he has not removed out of a Congressional or Assembly District, he may vote for Congressman or member of Assembly. As this Fall the districts in which officers are to be elected are large, this rule is important. As to naturalized citizens, the law is unchanged. They must, if required, produce their papers and answer any proper questions calculated to prove their identity.

By one very important provision inspectors are forbidden to have any ballots in the room or behind the boxes, and ballots are forbidden to be distributed or offered to voters in the room.

The provisions as to the canvass of votes are new and original. The canvass must commence as soon as the polls close, must be public, and must be continuous until completed. No vote can be received, nor can any ballot be canvassed, where there is not free ingress to the room; nor unless six persons, if so many claim the right, are allowed to be so near to the ballots that they can see whether the duties of the inspectors are faithfully performed. Each candidate has a right to designate a watcher to be present at the counting of the ballots for the office for which he is running, and the inspectors and Police are required to see that he has a position where he can perform his duties, and is protected from removal. Before the canvass commences, the word "No" is to be written in ink against the name of every man who has not voted, and the total number who have voted, as shown by the registers, is to be publicly announced. The first step in the actual canvass is to compare the two poll-lists kept by the poll clerks, to see that they agree as to the number of ballots which ought to be in each box, and this number is to be publicly announced. The boxes are to be canvassed in the following order: President, General or State, Congress, Assembly, City, School; the canvass of each box is to be completed and announced before another is commenced. The ballots in the box are to be first counted. If they do not exceed in number that required by the poll-lists, the canvass may proceed. If they are in excess, all are to be replaced in the box, and a sufficient number drawn out (without seeing them) to make the numbers equal. In proceeding with the canvass, the ballots are to be opened, and those which contain the same names placed together. One inspector is then to take those which appear to be the most numerous, and count them by tens. He is to pass each ten to the next inspector, who is also to count them and pass them to the third inspector, who counts them, and also calls off the names on the ballots, of which the poll clerks keep a tally. The fourth inspector watches the others and the poll clerks, and may, at his option, repeat the duties required of the third inspector. After the counting of each kind of ballots is completed, the poll clerks must compare their tallies together, and when they have made them agree, must announce the result in a loud voice to the inspectors. The ballots which appear to be next greatest in number are to be treated in the same way, and so on until all the "straight" tickets are counted and their number announced. Then the "split" and "scratched" tickets are to be counted separately by one inspector sitting between two of the others. He must call each name to the poll clerks, and they must tally it. Ballots found in the wrong boxes are to be counted, unless to do so would make the number exceed that on the roll-books. When the count is thus completed, the poll clerks are to see that their tallies of the aggregate of "straight," "split" and "scratched" tickets agree, and then they are to announce publicly the number of votes received by each candidate in each kind of ballots and the aggregate received by him. The Chairman of the inspectors is then to publicly proclaim the result, and such proclamation is to be *prima facie* evidence of the result. One of each kind of ballots is to be attached to the several returns; all others are to be at once destroyed.

There are elaborate provisions as to the details of making out and filing the returns, and filing the registers, poll-books and tallies. The penal provisions are, as already stated, singularly full and precise. By one admirable provision the District-Attorney is required to bring offenders to immediate trial, and sentence, in case of conviction, cannot be suspended for more than two days.

THE POLITICAL FIELD.

Meetings of the Week.

The coming week is to be productive of good speaking in this vicinity. To-night the women are to express their views at Cooper Institute. They will do it sincerely and ably. Our Brooklyn friends are to hear to-night Gen. John C. Caldwell, of Maine, one of the most gallant Generals of the war and a speaker of most brilliant abilities. Associated with him is Judge Mackey, of South Carolina. Judge Mackey is no carpet-bagger. His family has been known in that State for over a century. During the war he was a Confederate officer, and remained in the field under Sterling Price for fifty days after Lee's surrender. During Gen. Banks' Red River campaign, Judge Mackey was prominent in a little offensive "interview" at Mansfield, which cost Gen. Banks some guns and more cotton. He is now the Judge of the Kuklux district in South Carolina. Being in New-York for a few days on business, he has consented to make a speech or two.

Wednesday afternoon, Gen. Butler, Gen. Caldwell, and Gen. Robinson, our candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, are to address the people of Yonkers. Such a combination of eloquence has rarely been presented.

The Wednesday evening meeting at the Cooper Institute is to be especially devoted to the soldiers. It will be presided over by Gen. James H. Wilson, the officer who captured Jeff. Davis, and who will appropriately speak against the man who bailed Jeff. Davis. Gen. Wilson is a graduate of West Point, and presided over the Court-martial of Cadet Smith, the colored cadet. He wrote, in connection with Charles A. Dana, the life of Gen. Grant, which confutes every one of Dana's slanders. Gen. Butler, Gen. Robinson, the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, and Gen. Sharpe will address the meeting. With such a combination the hall is not only sure to be crowded, but we imagine arrangements must be made for an outside meeting.

A woman's mass-meeting is to be held to-night, at the Cooper Institute, under the auspices of the National Woman's Suffrage Association, and for the purpose of indorsing the nominees of the Republican Party for national and State officers. Speeches will be made by Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Mrs. Hooker, Susan B. Anthony and others. Hon. Luther R. Marsh will preside and address the meeting, which is expected to be a large one.

Chautauqua County Nominations.

The Republican nominations for county offices in Chautauqua are as follows: For Treasurer, Sherman Williams; Superintendent of the Poor, John Bootey; Justice of Sessions, Anson Reed; Coroners, Oscar F. Price, George B. Bishop, John Firman; School Commissioners, Henry Q. Ames, Lucius M. Robertson.

The Granite State.

Greeleyism does not flourish in the native State of the perambulating office-seeker. The Concord *Republican Statesman* says that the Republicans always do better there in a national than in a State election, and with proper efforts will give as large a majority for Grant as for Lincoln in 1864. And the Nashua *Telegraph* says that while, a month or six weeks ago, there may have been 500 Greeley Republicans in the State, all told, to-day they do not exceed 250; while of dissatisfied Democrats the number is astonishingly less. "On contemplating the aggregate," it says, "we are forced to believe that there are more Democrats really opposed to 'the old time abolitionist' than there are Democrats to support him."

Republican National Committee—Frauds in Pennsylvania—Good News—Ohio and Indiana.

Information has been received by Secretary Wm. E. Chandler, of the Republican National Committee, of extensive election frauds to be practiced by the Liberal Republican Democratic Party in the mining districts of Pennsylvania. Efforts will be made to frustrate the evil designs of the Greeleyites.

A detective corps has been organized by the Republicans of Philadelphia to ferret out the large gang of roughs and repeaters from this city, hired by the opposition, recently, to repeat and intimidate voters at the polls on Tuesday in Philadelphia and various towns in the State.

Mr. Chandler is of the opinion, from the Committee's advices, that the best that the opponents of Hartranft can expect is that the result outside of Philadelphia will be an even number of votes for both sides. Philadelphia will certainly give a majority for Hartranft. That majority will not fall far short of 10,000. With a fair vote in the State, Mr. Chandler believes that there is nothing to prevent a much larger majority. Recent advices from Ohio say that the defection of Hassaurek has increased the strength of the Republican ticket. It would now appear to be certain that Hamilton County, which includes the City of Cincinnati, will be carried by the Republicans. As goes Hamilton County so goes the State, is the opinion of veteran politicians, verified in many political contests in Ohio.

The substance of all the long letters received from prominent Republicans of Indiana, "boiled down," is that that State will give a majority of 4,060 for the Republican State ticket.

News received from other States indicate that the Republican Party in their borders is in a most healthy condition.

Smith Puzzled.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I cannot quite understand the belief of the "Chappaqua statesman" regarding the moral right of a State to secede; can you help me:

> "And that if the slave States, the cotton States, or the Gulf States only, choose to form an independent nation, they have a clear *moral right* to do so."—*Tribune, Feb. 23, 1861.*

> "I do not believe that one State or that ten States, or that even a majority of all the States has a *moral*, legal or constitutional right to dissolve our Union."—*Mr. Greeley's Cincinnati Speech.*

Will the statesman "rise and explain." If I were to talk as Mr. Greeley does, the Professor would say "Smith, you are drunk."

JOHN SMITH.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Oct. 3, 1872.

Another California Democratic Judge for Grant.

Judge A. Hagan, now of California, a life-long Democrat, who had been claimed as supporting Greeley, is strong for Grant. He made a speech at a political meeting in Watsonville, that State, not long since, in which he claimed that no true Southern man can support a mongrel ticket; that if the Democratic Party should recover from its lethargy and make nominations, he would be with the old party, but as between the tickets then in the field, he was with the honest party, and decidedly for Grant and Wilson.

The Democrats of this State.

Of a single school district in one of the towns of Washington County, in which reside twenty Democratic voters, the Albany *Journal* thus speaks: "We state upon information derived from one of the number that they have canvassed the matter, and that not one of the twenty will vote for Greeley. In another town of another county not remote from here there are ninety Democrats who will not vote for Greeley. The sentiment in these instances is, perhaps, more general than the average, but it indicates a feeling which prevails more or less in every locality."

Seneca County Nominations.

The Republicans of Seneca County have put the following ticket in the field: For Member of Assembly, Sterling G. Hadley, of Waterloo; Treasurer, Oscar G. Wheeler, of Covert; School Commissioner, Peter V. N. Bodine, of Lodi; Superintendent of the Poor, Myron H. Coleman, of Junius; Justice of Sessions, Jacob H. Corl, of Seneca Falls; Coroners, Jeremiah Dunn, of Lodi, and Ephraim J. Schoonmaker, of Tyre. The Seneca Falls *Courier* speaks in terms of high praise of all these nominees, and says that the ticket was "nominated to be elected."

Tammany Society.

A regular meeting of the Tammany Society will be held to-night, at Tammany Hall, at which Augustus Schell will preside. As important business will be transacted, it is expected that a full attendance of members will be present.

Miscellaneous Notes.

Mr. William Dean, the veteran Democrat of Delaware, has written another letter ridiculing the pretense that in nominating Greeley and accepting the Cincinnati platform his party has not changed its "principles."....Col. J. M. Thornbergh, a Republican, has accepted an invitation from a large number of mechanics and working men to become a candidate for Congress in the Second District of Tennessee....By the authority of Judge Anson S. Miller, of Rockford, Ill., Abraham Lincoln's old friend, the Chicago *Evening Journal* denies that he has come out for Greeley....The Greeleyites of the Thirtieth District of this State have nominated Mortimer M. Southworth for Congress....Mr. H. H. Bronson, a leading Democrat of Hannibal, Oswego County, who was at the outset a warm supporter of Greeley and Brown, says he has had enough of it—he renounces Greeley and all his works, and publicly declares himself for Grant and Wilson.

Local Notes.

A number of Germans of the Eighth Assembly District have formed an organization, in support of Assistant Alderman Kraus as a candidate for the Assembly.

Representatives of sixty-four clubs in the Fifth Congressional District met at Park-row, yesterday, and resolved to open the campaign in favor of James O'Brien by a grand open air demonstration, in the New-Bowery, on Thursday evening next.

At a meeting of the Paul Broderick Eighteenth Ward Independent Association, on Saturday evening, at No. 521 East Fourteenth-street, the members declared for Grant and Dix. Capt. Cregan addressed the meeting at length. The Club is composed mostly of working men who have been Tammanyites heretofore.

The Hungarian Grant and Wilson Club met, on Saturday evening, at No. 26 Delancey-street, to perfect its organization. Counselor Wm. N. Loew delivered a stirring campaign speech, giving the history of the Republican Party and paying an eloquent tribute to its candidates. A delegation from the Polish Grant and Wilson club appeared, and Mr. Wodzicki, the editor of the *Swoboda*, delivered an address, calling upon the Hungarians to unite with the Poles to elect U. S. Grant.

General Notes.

Hon. A. W. Tenny addressed a large and enthusiastic Republican meeting at Dunkirk, N. Y., on Saturday.

The City Court of Long Island City will continue to-day, at the Court-house, in that place, Judge Pearce presiding. A large criminal calendar has been prepared.

On Friday the coalitionists in Jamestown had a mass-meeting, and at night a torch-light procession with 800 persons in it. On Saturday night the Grant boys had a torch-light procession, 1,342 persons in line, 432 of them cavalry.

The Grant and Wilson Club at Mariners' Harbor, Staten Island, holds public meetings every Saturday evening. George W. Bungay addressed an appreciative and enthusiastic audience at that place last Saturday evening.

The Republican Convention to nominate Congressmen for the First Congressional District, will be held at Jamaica, on Wednesday, the 9th inst. The Democratic Congressional Convention will meet at the Town Hall, Jamaica, Saturday, the 12th.

Opening of the Cooper Union Reading-Room on Sunday.

Yesterday afternoon the Cooper Institute was opened to the public, and during the day a large number of persons visited the reading-room. Mrs. Curtis and her son, who superintend the room, were kept busy in getting out books from the library, the majority of the visitors preferring the books to the newspapers, although the stands of the latter were largely patronized. The class of persons who availed themselves of the opportunity afforded were principally young men, and here and there were a few elderly gentlemen. The working man was also present, and a large number occupied the letter-writing desks. The ladies also seemed to enjoy the change, and a number of the feminine sex who are confined in stores during the week hailed with delight the opening of a public library on Sundays. The warm weather and the pleasant day kept a large number away, and others were absent on account of not knowing the precise day when the Institute was to be opened. Altogether the new scheme is a great success, and it is anticipated that a much larger number will be present on next Sunday. The reading-room will be open to the public every Sunday from 2 to 9 o'clock.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Probability of a Large Sale of Government Gold.

The Tightness of the Market to be Relieved—About $10,000,000 in Coin to be Disposed of—Anxiety of the Commercial Community.

The closeness of the money market all over the country, which has existed for several weeks past, is occasioning much distress in mercantile and banking circles. The high rates of interest necessarily paid for gold and currency loans have at times caused almost a panic, and even now the Street is laboring under a pressure seldom felt at this season of the year. The difficulty of moving grain, and the other products of the West, to the seaboard, owing to this want of ready money, gives additional trouble and tightness to the gold market. A combination now exists to keep up the price of gold, as well as to produce an artificial stringency in the currency market. The scarcity of gold in this City, also, has had its influence upon the Customs payments of the week, for there was a falling off from the previous week of $617,000.

This state of affairs cannot go on much longer without great detriment to the commercial interests of the country, for the tenor of the New-York market materially affects that of the other large cities throughout the Union. The only source of relief to be looked for is in speedy sales of gold by the Government, and it is confidently expected that such action will be taken by Mr. Boutwell in the course of the next two or three days. It is now understood upon good and well-informed authority that the Government will place at least ten millions of dollars in gold upon the market, to be sold for the benefit of those needing coin to pay duties and transact their foreign business. Already rumors are afloat that the Treasury agents have received instructions to sell three millions in gold to-day, and the consequence is that much interest has been manifested in the question by brokers and bankers within the past forty-eight hours. Last evening the lobbies of the Fifth-avenue Hotel were crowded by well-known operators in Wall-street, all busily engaged in discussing the gold question. It was noticeable that those interested in a decline in the ruling prices were cheerful and confident, a contrary expression being manifested by those on the other side of the movement. The sale of six to ten millions in gold cannot fail to effect a change and relieve the stringency of the money market; therefore the state of affairs in Wall street will be narrowly watched by the mercantile community during the present week.

The scarcity of ready money has necessitated a fall in leading stocks, as holders have been compelled to sell in order to obtain cash for the transaction of business. Should the sales of gold take place stocks will of course appreciate in value, and that branch of the market receive a new impetus. The currency proceeds of the gold sales will be placed in the different national bank depositories, a proceeding calculated to at once release a large volume of paper for the transaction of general business. This will, no doubt, be good news to many who have felt the effects of the recent pressure, and restore a healthy tone to the market, besides increasing the current of business in all branches of trade.

Official Announcement of the Sale of Five Millions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—With a view of easing the money market, Acting Secretary Richardson has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New-York to buy $5,000,000 of bonds and sell $5,000,000 of gold on Monday, 7th inst., subject to the usual conditions of the monthly purchases of bonds and sales of gold.

THE INDIANS.

Surprise of a Camp by Col. Mason and Three Companies of Cavalry—Forty Savages Killed and Many Wounded and Captured.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—The Arizona *Miner*, extra, gives an official account of an attack made by three companies of cavalry, aided by friendly Hualapa Indians, under the command of Col. Mason, Sept. 24, on a large force of Apache and Mojave Indians, led by Ancriel, Hokora, Ocha, Calama, and five other Chiefs, in the mountains near the Santa Maria River. The attacking party had to march on foot over a country liberally cut up with deep cañons. The surprise of the Indians was complete, four ranchers being simultaneously attacked. Forty Indians were killed, and many more wounded and captured.

Col. Mason's Punishment of the Mohaves—Evidence of their Participation in Massacres and Robberies.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 5.—A dispatch has just been received from Gov. McCormick, of Arizona Territory, saying that the attack of Col. Mason on the Apache Mohaves is the most important blow ever dealt to hostile Indians in that Territory. It is now known that most of the murders and robberies are to be charged to them, and that at least two of the killed participated in the massacre of the Loring party, near Wyckenburg, in November. A number of those who lately left Dale Creek reservation were found among the slain.

The Delegation in Washington at Church Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The delegation of Indians now here, dressed in fanciful costumes, to-day attended services at the Metropolitan Methodist Church. At the conclusion of the services they requested, through the interpreter, that the character of the exercises be explained to them, which was done by Rev. Dr. Newman, who preached at that church to-day, and who has come to Washington for the purpose of officiating at the funeral of Capt. Davenport.

The Indian Chiefs—Their Departure for the West—An Excursion Down the Bay.

The Sioux Chiefs, twenty-four in number, with their subordinates and interpreters, terminated their eastern visit yesterday, and under care of Col. J. C. O'Connor and Major A. J. Simmons, United States Indian Agents, commenced their journey homeward. Before leaving, and in order that they might take with them some memory of the surroundings of New-York, they were taken on board the new revenue cutter Grant, and conveyed a short distance down the Bay, and up both the North and East Rivers. They showed marked interest in all they saw in the Bay and rivers, and viewed, with all the evidence of astonishment which the Indian allows himself to betray, the various fortifications and the exposed portions of their armaments. They gave strong evidences of satisfaction with the terms of their agreement with the Government, and pledge themselves to secure a union with them, in their agreement, of the band under command of Sitting Bull, who is the only one that has not accepted the terms. They feel confident that early in the coming Winter they will be as a unit in favor of a strict compliance with the terms offered. The ten Chiefs, under care of Major Simmons, have their home in Montana, between the Yellowstone and Missouri Rivers, commencing about 300 miles above the mouth of the Yellowstone, and through which the Northern Pacific Railway is now passing. Those under the care of Col. O'Connor reside in what is known as the Grand River Agency, which is crossed by the Northern Pacific Railway. The Grand River men, who accepted terms nearly four years ago, have kept their promise faithfully. With the party is Mrs. C. E. Galpin, a full-blooded Unepapa, who has powerful influence over them. Her husband was an "Indian trader," who, by her desire, gave to them all he had acquired, and died leaving his family poor. She now supports herself and children in St. Louis by making moccasins for them, and so warm is their regard for her that they were anxious that $10,000 of the appropriation for their benefit should be given to her. It was not done, however, for the reason that the uses to which the entire appropriation was to be applied were specified and could not be departed from.

When returning from the visit on the revenue cutter yesterday, Running Antelope, through Col. O'Connor and an interpreter, presented to Capt. George R. Slice, Commander, his favorite pipe and tobacco-pouch, both of which are highly ornamented in Indian style, and returned thanks for the pleasure all had enjoyed. Senator McDonald, of Arkansas, Major McGinnis, of Montana, editor of the *Rocky Mountain Gazette*, and Delegate elect to Congress, F. M. Bradley and Capt. S. Debow were of the few who accompanied the party. When leaving, the Chiefs spoke in highly-complimentary terms of the treatment received from the Indian Department Commissioners.

THE NEW-YORK CAMPAIGN.

HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE, FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL.

ALONZO B. CORNELL, Chairman.

JOHN N. KNAPP, Secretary.

HENRY CLEWS, Treasurer.

Public meetings will be held as follows:

Monday, Oct. 7.

Cortland	Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Summit, (P. M.)	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Turners	Gen. John L. Swift.
Westfield	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Republican Head-quarters, Brooklyn	Gen. John C. Caldwell. Hon. T. J. Mackey of S. C.
Ludlowville	Col. Albert D. Shaw. Hon. J. W. Dwight.
Salamanca	Hon. Charles T. Mills.
New-Kingston	Hon. John O'Donnell. Hon. Matthew Griffin. H. F. Davidson.
Cayuga Village	Hon. Austin A. Yates.
Nineteenth Ward, Brooklyn	Hon. George H. Sharpe. Hon. B. K. Phelps.
Rossville	Rev. Henry H. Garnet.
Haverstraw	Henry S. Smith.
Pineville	Hon. C. D. Murray.
Fishkill, on Hudson	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Hull's	Gen. Bradley Winslow. Capt. E. B. Gere.
18th st. and 4th-av., Brooklyn	Hon. Silas B. Dutcher. Gen. Dennis F. Burke.
Bridgewater	Hon. Ellis H. Roberts.
Prattsburg	Hon. George L. Maynard.
Rathboneville	Hon. John H. Selkreg.
Hartsville	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Stockholm	Gen. E. M. Lee.
18th-st. and 8th-av., N. Y.	Hon. Robert Sewell.
Fifteenth Assembly Dist.	Col. Charles S. Spencer.
Bleecker Buildings, N. Y.	Rev. L. H. King.
New-Brighton	George W. Bungay.
Port Richmond, S. I.	Hon. Wm. P. Fiero.
Ausable Forks	Hon. George W. Hoxie.
Albany	William H. Johnson.
No. 384 Grand-st., N. Y.	Willitt Denike, Jr.
Bergen	Gen. Wm. Henry Anthon.
No. 164 Chatham-st., N. Y.	Col. A. B. Sage.
Greig	Hon. Clinton L. Merriam. Col. Henry E. Turner.
Guilford	S. Holden. D. L. Atkins.
McDonough	J. W. Church. A. F. Gladding.
South Otselic	J. W. Glover. Hon. Demas Hubbard.
Smithville Flatts	Isaac S. Newton.

Tuesday, Oct. 8.

Troy	Hon. George H. Williams.
Owego	Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Poughkeepsie	Gen. John C. Caldwell.
Greene	Gen. Daniel Ullmann.
Sharon Springs, (P. M.)	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Jamestown	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Shavertown	Hon. John O'Donnell. Hon. Matthew Griffin. H. T. Davidson.
Hornby	Hon. John H. Selkreg.
Randolph	Hon. Chas. T. Mills.
Stewart's Corners	Hon. Austin A. Yates.
Pulteney	Hon. George L. Maynard.
3d-av. and 116th-st., Harlem	Gen. John L. Swift. Col. Charles S. Spencer.
Pearl River Station	Henry S. Smith.
Victory	Hon. C. D. Murray.
Wait's Settlement	Gen. Bradley Winslow. Hon. William Smyth.
Busti	Hon. A. W. Gleason.
Cold Spring	Hon. A. H. Purdy. H. C. Page.
Greenwood	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Emmonsburg	H. Clay Hall.
Groton	Col. Albert D. Shaw.
North Gage	Hon. Ellis H. Roberts.
Brevoort Hall, New-York	Hon. Silas B. Dutcher.
Fredonia	Hon. Richard Crowley.
Brewster's	Gen. Joseph C. Jackson.
Wayland	Maj. J. C. F. Beyland.
South Edward	Hon. Neil Gilmour.
Elmira	Gen. Thomas M. Hite.
Hopkinton	Gen. E. M. Lee.
Stapleton	Col. T. B. Thorpe.
Little Falls	Hon. E. Delafield Smith.
Smithville	Frederick G. Gedney.
No. 12 University-place	Hon. George H. Sharpe.
Chase Mills	Gen. A. W. Brazee.
Gainesville	Hon. George G. Hoskins.
Cumberland-st. Chapel, Brooklyn	Col. Francis S. Lambert. Henry E. Abell.
East Pembroke	Gen. Rufus Scott.
German	J. W. Church. J. E. Nickerson.
South New-Berlin	George W. Ray.
North Pitcher	James W. Glover.
Motts' Corners	Charles D. Baker. J. W. Lawrence.

Wednesday, Oct. 9.

Cooper Institute, New-York	Gen. B. F. Butler, U. S. V. Gen. J. H. Wilson, U. S. A. Gen. J. C. Robinson, U. S. A. Gen. Geo. H. Sharpe, U. S. V.
Yonkers, (P. M.)	Gen. B. F. Butler. Gen. John C. Caldwell. Gen. John C. Robinson.
Syracuse	Hon. Geo. H. Williams.
Deposit	Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Havana	Gen. Daniel Ullmann.
Dryden	Col. Albert D. Shaw.
Sloansville, (P. M.)	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Little Valley	Hon. A. W. Tenney. Hon. Chas. T. Mills.
Warwick, (P. M. & even'g)	Hon. J. F. Manning.
Sidney Centre	H. F. Davidson.
Ilion	Charles E. Smith.
Summer Hill	Hon. Austin A. Yates.
South Dansville	Hon. George L. Maynard.
Campbelltown	Hon. John H. Selkreg.
Hempstead	Hon. W. W. Northrop.
Elmira	Maj. J. C. F. Beyland.
Ellington	Hon. James Sheward.
Fine	Hon. Neil Gilmour.
Hornellsville	Hon. Richard Crowley.
Fair Haven	Hon. C. D. Murray.
Canaseda	Gen. Thomas M. Hite.
Cattatonk	Gen. Bradley Winslow. William H. Blair.
Frewsburg	Hon. A. W. Gleason.
Nunda	Hon. Hamilton Ward.
Croton Falls	George W. Bungay.
Troupsburg	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Sherburne	Hon. H. R. Washbon.
Carthage	Hon. E. Delafield Smith.
Newark	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Newburg	Gen. Benj. F. Bruce. Hon. Benj. K. Phelps.
Westville	Gen. E. M. Lee.
Henderson	Frederick G. Gedney.
Newark	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Delhi	Hon. John O'Donnell.
Depuyster's	Gen. A. W. Brazee.
Castile	Hon. George G. Hoskins.
Unadilla Forks	Col. Anson S. Wood.
Remsen	Hon. Ellis H. Roberts.
No. 161 Avenue B, N. Y.	Major Michael Crowley.
Rosendale	Hon. John L. Parker.
Clifton, Staten Island	Gen. Dennis F. Burke.
Bleecker Buildings	Hon. A. H. Purdy. Hon. L. Bradford Prince.
Albany Centre	Gen. Rufus Scott.
Dykemans	O. H. Miller.
Copenhagen	Hon. Clinton L. Merriam. Col. Henry E. Turner.
Preston	George W. Ray.
Plymouth	J. W. Glover. G. M. Tillson.
Smyrna	R. A. Stanton.
East Pharsalia	Wm. H. Hyde. J. E. Nickerson.
Millville	John C. Greene. Samuel Foster.

Thursday, Oct. 10.

Buffalo	Hon. George H. Williams. Gen. John C. Caldwell. Gen. J. H. Warwick.
White Plains	Hon. Silas B. Dutcher.
Norwalk	Hon. A. H. Cragin.
Binghamton	Hon. Edwards Pierrepont.
Dansville	Hon. Richard Crowley. Hon. Wm. H. Lamport.
Watertown	Hon. E. Delafield Smith.
Atheneum, Brooklyn	Hon. Noah Davis. Hon. Charles Wehle.
Oxford	Gen. Daniel Ullmann.
Corning	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Corner Fulton and De Kalb avs., Brooklyn	Gen. John C. Robinson. Gen. George H. Sharpe.
Rose	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Katonah	Rev. L. H. King.
Hancock, (P. M.)	Hon. C. V. R. Luddington. Capt. E. B. Gere.
Franklin	Hon. John O'Donnell.
Jacksonville	Col. Albert D. Shaw.
Whitestown	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Waverly, Catt. Co.	Hon. Charles T. Mills.
Granger	Hon. Wilkes Angell.
Nyack	Hon. J. F. Manning.
Chateaugay	Gen. E. M. Lee.
Sempronius	Hon. Austin A. Yates.
Thurston	Hon. Geo. L. Maynard.
South Bradford	Hon. John H. Selkreg.
Chester	Gen. Joseph C. Jackson.
Sackett's Harbor	Frederick G. Gedney.
Hendy Hollow	Major J. C. F. Beyland.
Pitcairn	Hon. Neil Gilmour.
Twenty-first Ward, Brooklyn	Willitt Denike, Jr. Hon. A. H. Purdy.
Ira	Hon. C. D. Murray.
Allen	Gen. Thomas M. Hite.
Flemingville	Gen. Bradley Winslow. Lyman Settle.
Kennedy	Hon. A. W. Gleason.
Bedford	George W. Bungay.
West Union	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Bainbridge	Hon. H. R. Washbon.
Edwardsville	Gen. A. W. Brazee.
Orangeville	Hon. Byron Healy.
Republican Head-quarters, Brooklyn	Rev. Wm. F. Butler. William H. Johnson.
East New-York	Hon. Wm. P. Fiero.
Newfield	Hon. Francis M. Finch.
Ellenville	Hon. John L. Parker.
Eighteenth Ward, Brookl'n	Col. B. T. Morgan.
Peruville	Hon. J. W. Dwight.
Holland Patent, (P. M.)	Hon. Ellis H. Roberts.
Richville	Gen. Rufus Scott.
No. 331 West-street, N. Y.	Capt. Wm. H. Grace. Henry D. Tyler.

Friday, Oct. 11.

Portage, (P. M.)	Hon. Geo. H. Williams. Hon. A. W. Tenney. Gen. J. H. Warwick.
Bath, (P. M.)	Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Bath, (Evening)	Hon. Richard Crowley. Hon. George L. Maynard.
Port Jervis	Gen. John C. Robinson. Capt. E. B. Gere.
Clyde	Gen. John C. Caldwell.
Walden	Gen. Chas H. Van Wyck.
Ithaca	Hon. Edwards Pierrepont.
Painted Post	Hon. J. H. Selkreg.
Schenectady	Hon. E. Delafield Smith.
Whitehall	Gen. Benj. F. Bruce.
Jamaica	Gen. George H. Sharpe.
Peekskill	Gen. William H. Morris.
Mexico	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Candor	Col. Albert D. Shaw.
Hampton	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Gowanda	Hon. Charles T. Mills.
Waterford	Hon. J. F. Manning.
Champlain	Gen. E. M. Lee.
Catskill	Rev. Wm. F. Butler. Wm. H. Johnson.
Pennyville	Hon. Austin A. Yates.
Blauveltville	Col. T. B. Thorpe.
Preble	Col. Anson S. Wood.
Craig's Mills	Gen. A. W. Brazee.
Dobb's Ferry	Gen. Joseph C. Jackson.
Patchogue	Hon. W. W. Northrop.
Lorraine	Frederick G. Gedney.
Pleasantville	Col. B. T. Morgan.
Rossie	Hon. Neil Gilmour.
Meridian	Hon. C. D. Murray.
Birdsall	Gen. Thomas M. Hite.
Wilseyville	Gen. Bradley Winslow. Dr. E. Lyon.
Whitney's Point	Hon. C. V. R. Luddington.
Sinclearville	Hon. A. W. Gleason.
No. 1000 Third-avenue, New-York	Hon. A. H. Purdy. Dr. David Bell.
Caldwell	George W. Bungay.
Fremont	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Alton	Hon. H. R. Washbon.
West New-Brighton	Hon. L. Bradford Prince.
Elba	Gen. Rufus Scott.
Columbus	R. A. Stanton.

Saturday, Oct. 12.

Auburn	Gen. John C. Caldwell.
Washington Mills	Hon. Ellis H. Roberts.
Valley Falls, (P. M.)	Hon. J. F. Manning.
Charlton Village	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Van Ettenville, (P. M.)	Hon. John H. Selkreg. Col. Albert D. Shaw.
Parish	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Lima	Gen. J. H. Warwick.
Plattsburg	Gen. E. M. Lee.
Fleming	Hon. Austin A. Yates.
Canisteo	Hon. George L. Maynard.
Worth	Frederick G. Gedney.
Black Lake	Henry R. James.
Popes Mills	Hon. Neil Gilmour.
Java Village	Hon. George G. Hoskins.
Sennett	Hon. C. D. Murray.
Grove	Gen. Thomas M. Hite.
Solon	Hon. R. Holland Duell.
South Owego	Gen. Bradley Winslow. Lyman Settle.
Cherry Creek	Hon. A. W. Gleason.
Alexander	Gen. Rufus Scott.
Speedsville	Hon. J. W. Dwight. William H. Blair.
Mead's Creek	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Gray, P. M.	Hon. Amos H. Prescott. A. M. Mills. Morris Fikes.
Martinsburgh	Hon. Clinton L. Merriam. Col. Henry E. Turner.

For the Complexion,
BURNETT'S KALLISTON.—*Advertisement.*

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.—Second Grand Concert and Drawing, Dec. 7. 1,000 gifts, all cash, $500,000. For tickets or circulars, apply to Major THOS. H. HAYS, in charge Branch Office, No. 609 Broadway. Tickets also with P. C. Devlin, No. 31 Nassau; J. T. Edge, No. 18 Broad; J. Scott Gibson, No. 562 Broadway; G. T. Kintner, No. 96 Spring; Jos. Bates, No. 196 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

DR. THOS. J. RICE has perfected his new improvement in atmospheric pressure plates for artificial teeth. They are the smallest and most compact plates ever worn, unsurpassed for strength, lightness, elasticity and durability, and are almost immovable in the mouth. Filling teeth a specialty. No. 42 East 20th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.—*Advertisement.*

MARRIED.

DU BUISSON—PECK.—On Oct. 2, at Flushing, N. Y., by Rev. J. Carpenter Smith, D. D., assisted by Rev. S. M. Haskins, D. D., GEORGE H. DU BUISSON to ADDIE H., daughter of Isaac Peck, Esq., of Flushing. No cards.

FOWLER—ESSELSTYN.—In Claverack, N. Y., Oct. 2, by Rev. J. Romeyn Berry, D. D., JOHN N. FOWLER, of Detroit, Mich., and Mrs. ELIZABETH G. ESSELSTYN, of Claverack.

DIED.

BLEECKER.—On Saturday, 5th inst., JOSEPH ROBINSON BLEECKER, aged 63 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, at St. Timothy's Church, West 57th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., to-morrow, (Tuesday,) at 2 o'clock P. M. precisely.

FORSYTH.—On Sunday, Oct. 6, CORNELIA KANE, widow of William Wallace Forsyth, of Albany, N. Y.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Calvary Church, on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 9, at 3 o'clock.

BOICE.—On Saturday, Oct. 5, at the residence of Mrs. A. M. Zabriski, Bergen Point, N. J., Rev. IRA C. BOICE.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at the Clinton-avenue Reformed Church, (Rev. Dr. Taylor's,) Newark, N. J., Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 11 o'clock A. M.

CLINCH.—Suddenly, on Saturday, the 5th inst., at his residence in this City, JAMES CLINCH, Esq., aged 73.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at St. Mark's Church, corner 10th-st. and 2d-av., on Tuesday, the 8th inst., at 10 A. M.

FRASER.—At Hoboken, N. J., on Sunday, Oct. 6, 1872, BARENT FRASER, in the 71st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 146 Bloomfield-st.

GILBERT.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, Oct. 6, JEANNETTE E., wife of S. Arthur Gilbert, aged 42 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 216 Gates-avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 3 o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken to Utica, N. Y., for interment.

LIEBER.—Suddenly, Wednesday, Oct. 2, at his residence, No. 48 East 34th-st., FRANCIS LIEBER, late Professor of Constitutional History and Public Law in the Law School of Columbia College.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services at the Church of the Incarnation, Madison-av., corner of 35th-st., Monday, Oct. 7, at 11 o'clock.

At a meeting of the Class of '73 of Columbia College Law School, held Oct. 4, 1872, to take action on the death of FRANCIS LIEBER, LL. D., late Professor of Political Science, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

We, the Class of '73, the last which has enjoyed the benefits of Dr. LIEBER's lectures, would express our sorrow for his death, and our appreciation of his many admirable qualities.

Resolved, Therefore, that we record the following as briefly expressing our sense of his eminent services and worth. Prof. Lieber was pre-eminently fitted for his work, being gifted with a clear, vigorous and logical mind, well disciplined and richly stored with vast and valuable knowledge, the fruit of his long and patient researches. As a man, he was characterized by a high purpose, and conscientious fidelity to truth and duty. As a teacher he was earnest and faithful, always aiming to impress the minds of his pupils with accurate, broad and exalted views of public polity and duty. By his death the world has lost an eminent publicist, his country an earnest patriot, and all students of the true science of government a wise counselor and guide.

Resolved, That we do heartily sympathize with the family of the deceased in their sad bereavement, and that as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased this Class do attend the funeral in a body.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing resolutions be engrossed and sent to the family of the deceased, and be published in the daily papers.

JULIUS J. FRANK, Chairman,
J. A. BLANCHARD,
JOS. LAMBRECHT,
EDWARD THORN,
FRANCIS LANTON, JR.,
Committee on Resolutions.

The members of the Class of '73 of the Law School are requested to assemble in the vestibule of the Church of the Incarnation, (corner of Madison-av. and 35th-st.,) on Monday, Oct. 7, 1872, at 10½ A. M.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements,
GEO. A. MILLER, Chairman.

MORRIS.—On Saturday morning, Oct. 5, JACOB MORRIS, aged 80 years and 1 month, a veteran of the war of 1812.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 326 East 14th-st., on Tuesday morning, Oct. 8, at 11 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

McALLISTER.—Thursday, Oct. 3, ELIZABETH, wife of Robert McAllister; aged 65 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 182 Grand-street, Jersey City, Monday, Oct. 7, at 1 o'clock P. M.

PAYNTAR.—At Newtown, Long Island, WM. A. PAYNTAR, in the 74th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 2 o'clock, from the house, and 2½ from the Reformed Church, Newtown, without further notice.

RUNCIE.—In Brooklyn, on the 5th inst., ELVIRA MELISSA, wife of William J. Runcie, and daughter of the late Thomas J. Gildersleeve, in the 33d year of her age.

The funeral services will be held at the residence of her mother, No. 94 Hewes-st., near Bedford-av., Brooklyn, E. D., on Monday, the 7th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

SECOR.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Saturday, Oct. 5, JOHN G. SECOR, in the 39th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 142 South 8th-st., Brooklyn, E. D., on Monday, Oct. 7, at 2 P. M.

TAYLOR.—In Jersey City, Oct. 6, at 2 P. M., of typhoid fever, THEODOSIA AGNES, daughter of Wm. S. and Juliana L. Taylor, aged 13 years, 1 month and 3 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, the 8th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 12 Cottage-st., Jersey City Heights.

☞ Toronto, Hamilton and London papers please copy.

WILEY.—On Friday morning, 4th inst., RACHEL WILEY, widow of Noble I. Wiley, late of McGuire's Bridge, Ireland, in her 78th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, 7th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from her late residence, No. 236 3d-av.

WOOD.—In Huntington, Long Island, on Sunday, Oct. 6, after a brief illness, JOSIE G., daughter of John F. and Sarah A. Wood, in the 17th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at St. John's Church, Huntington, on Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 2 o'clock.

WHITE.—On First day, 6th inst., CATHERINE J., daughter of the late John and Jane White.

The relatives and friends of the family are affectionately invited to attend her funeral on Thursday, 8th inst., at 10½ A. M., from Friends' Meeting-house, on 27th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av. The remains will be taken to Flushing for interment.

WILEY.—On Friday morning, 4th inst., RACHEL WILEY, widow of Noble I. Wiley, late of McGuire's Bridge, Ireland, in her 78th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, 7th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from her late residence, No. 236 3d-av.

WADSWORTH.—At Stamford, Conn., on the 3d inst., ANNIS, widow of the late G. Marsh Wadsworth, in the 75th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the Seventh-street M. E. Church, on Monday, the 7th inst., at 1½ o'clock.

To Break Chills and Eradicate Fever and Ague, try DR. D. JAYNE'S AGUE MIXTURE, if you desire a safe and permanent cure.

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New 7-octave Pianos, $250.—New Organs, $50 to $60. New Melodeons, $50, cash, for the Holidays. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BOOK OF THIRTY DISEASES mailed for 25 cents, by HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., Operating and Consulting Surgeon, No. 144 Lexington-av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EVENING EXHIBITION OF NEW GOODS.

Our store will be open THIS (MONDAY) and also TO-MORROW EVENING until 10 o'clock.

We invite an examination of the RICH FANCY GOODS and REAL BRONZES just opened.

HOWARD & CO.,
No. 865 Broadway, five doors above Union-square.

COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.

The members of the Committee of Seventy are urgently requested to meet THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock, in their new rooms, under the Everett House, 4th-av. side.

WILLIAM F. HAVEMEYER, Chairman.
SIMON STERNE, Secretary.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

PRICES REDUCED.

Tickets, $23; fractions in proportion. Prizes cashed, information furnished.

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Orders filled. No. 16 Wall-st.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 7, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by order of the Secretary of the Treasury, bids for five millions ($5,000,000) of gold, and offers for five millions (5,000,000) of bonds, will be received at this office up to 12 o'clock M. to-day, when the bids and offers will be opened, and the awards made. The rules governing in the usual weekly sales and purchases will be observed in the sales and purchases to-day.

THOS. HILLHOUSE,
Assistant Treasurer United States.

PROF. LISTER, (REAL) ASTROLOGER, from Boston, where he was located twenty-six years, can be consulted at No. 74 Lexington-av., near 26th-st.; time of birth wanted. For further information please call or send for a circular.

WEDDING NOTES, ENVELOPES AND cards, new styles, by A. DEMAREST, Practical Engraver, No. 182 Broadway. Ball cards, fine note-paper, monograms, seals, &c.

COMMISSIONER FOR ILLINOIS and other States and notary public, office No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

POLITICAL.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

At a meeting of the Republican Central Committee, held Sept. 17, it was

Resolved, That the Republican associations of the several Assembly Districts be and are hereby directed to assemble at their respective head-quarters on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 11, and choose delegates to a County Convention to nominate candidates for Mayor, District-Attorney, Justice of the Supreme Court, Justice of the Superior Court, City Judge, Coroner and fifteen Aldermen; to Congressional Conventions to nominate candidates for Representative in Congress; to Assembly Conventions, to nominate candidates for Member of Assembly and Assistant Aldermen; the elections to be conducted in accordance with the constitution of the district associations.

The County Convention shall meet at Republican Hall, 23d-st. and Broadway, on THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 17, at 8 o'clock. Delegates to be apportioned in accordance with the representation in the Central Committee.

The Congressional Conventions shall meet on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 18, at 8 o'clock.

Fifth Congressional District, at No. 189 Chatham-st., and to be constituted as follows: 1st District, 8 delegates; 2d District, 3 delegates; 3d District, 3 delegates; 4th District, 5 delegates; 5th District, 6 delegates.

Sixth Congressional District, at 6th-st. and Avenue C, and to be constituted as follows: 6th District, 5 delegates; 8th District, 2 delegates; 12th District, 5 delegates; 16th District, 5 delegates; 18th District, 3 delegates.

Seventh Congressional District, at No. 17 Stuyvesant-st., and to be constituted as follows: 8th District, 8 delegates; 10th District, 8 delegates; 11th District, 4 delegates; 14th District, 5 delegates; 16th District, 3 delegates.

Eighth Congressional District, at Bleecker Building, and to be constituted as follows: 5th District, 3 delegates; 7th District, 10 delegates; 9th District, 18 delegates; 11th District, 5 delegates; 13th District, 10 delegates; 18th District, 5 delegates.

Ninth Congressional District, at No. 475 9th-av., corner 39th-st., and to be constituted as follows: 11th District, 3 delegates; 15th District, 8 delegates; 17th District, 10 delegates; 19th District, 1 delegate.

Tenth Congressional District, at 3d-av. and 116th-st., and to be constituted as follows: 19th District, 2 delegates; 20th District, 9 delegates; 21st District, 10 delegates.

The Assembly Conventions to meet at the several district head-quarters on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, at 8 o'clock, and to consist of as many members as there are election districts in the Assembly District.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, President.
JOHN J. O'BRIEN,
WILLIAM DRUMMOND, } Secretaries.

GRANT AND WILSON.
DIX AND ROBINSON.

GRAND RALLY OF THE WOMEN
AT
COOPER INSTITUTE,
MONDAY EVENING, OCT. 7, AT 7½ O'CLOCK.

The meeting will be addressed by
ELIZABETH CADY STANTON,
ISABELLE BEECHER HOOKER,
MATILDA JOSLYN GAGE,
OLYMPIA BROWN,
LILLIE DEVEREUX BLAKE,
SUSAN B. ANTHONY.

EVERYBODY CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS'

FIRST GRAND RALLY FOR GRANT AND WILSON. COOPER INSTITUTE, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 9, at 8 o'clock.

Addresses by
Gen. BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, U. S. A.
Gen. JOHN C. ROBINSON, U. S. A.
Gen. JAMES H. WILSON, U. S. A.
Gen. GEORGE H. SHARPE, U. S. A.

This is the first of a series of Republican "Soldier and Sailor" meetings to be held in various parts of the State under the auspices of the Veteran State Committee.

GEORGE H. SHARPE, Chairman.
A. P. KETCHUM, Secretary.

NATURALIZATION

The Committee appointed by the Republican Central Committee will receive applications for naturalization at No. 25 Chambers-st., from now until the 25th day of October, 1872. Tickets can be obtained from the officers of the Assembly District Associations and the undersigned Committee:

James W. Farr, No. 11 St. Luke's-place.
Nathan Kingsley, Sr., No. 153 Franklin-st.
Morris Friedsam, No. 59 Madison-st.
Andrew J. Campbell, No. 243 West 11th-st.
Wm. H. Albertson, No. 443 West 24th-st.
G. Joseph Ruch, No. 41 Lexington-av.
Nathan J. Newwitter, No. 234 East 58th-st.
M. FRIEDSAM, Secretary. JAMES W. FARR,
AUG. SCHEFFEL, Clerk. Chairman.

NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—Public meeting in Bleecker Buildings, corner Bleecker and Morton sts., MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, 1872. Addresses by Rev. L. H. KING, D. D., and Hon. THOS. F. WENTWORTH. Front seats reserved for ladies. All young men residing in the district invited to join. Enrollment from 7 till 8 o'clock.

R. M. COLLARD, President.
WM. D. GREEN,
SAMUEL DUNLAP, } Secretaries.

TWENTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—Grant and Wilson—Dix and Robinson.—Another grand mass-meeting will be held at Lincoln Hall, corner 3d-av. and 115th-st., on TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 8, at 8 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Gen. John L. Swift and Col. Charles S. Spencer.

WM. HAW, Jr. President.
BENJ. PAGE, Secretary.
OTIS T. HALL, Chairman Committee Arrangements.

GRANT CAMPAIGN DOCUMENT.—A list of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the United States since Washington. Population, electoral vote, Governor and capital of each State. A stirring satire on the Farmer of Chappaqua. Ten cents, or $1 per dozen. Liberal discount to clubs. (Specimen copies for two three-cent postage stamps.) JOHN P. JEWETT, No. 5 Dey-st., New-York, American News Company, and all the news stands.

SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A regular monthly meeting of this Association will be held at the head-quarters, No. 12 University-place, on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, at 8 o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by

Dr. GEORGE W. CLARKE.
E. C. BENEDICT, First Vice-President.
WM. TERHUNE, Secretary.

SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A public meeting of the Young Men's Republican Association of the Sixth Assembly District, will be held at No. 384 Grand-st., on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, at 8 o'clock. All who are favorable to the election of Grant and Wilson are cordially invited to attend.

ISAAC WOOD, President.
BENJAMIN F. POWELL, Secretary.

PATENT OPEN-WORK BANNERS,

Portraits, Flags, &c., at head-quarters, W. B. COBB, 107 Fulton-st., near William-st., N. Y.

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT GRANT AND WILSON CAMPAIGN CLUB will hold their regular weekly meeting at their rooms, No. 164 Chatham-st., THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

Addresses will be delivered by Col. SAGE and others.

GEORGE LEASK, President.
RICHARD DWYER, Secretary.

PATENT OPEN-WORK BANNERS.

Portraits painted from Original Copies. T. W. THORP, Manufacturer, 139 Fulton-st., near B'dway.

COL. CHARLES S. SPENCER WILL address the Young Men's Republican Association of the Fifteenth Assembly District, THIS EVENING, at Kromm's Hall, No. 246 West 33d-st.

SAMUEL HAMILTON, President.
JAMES E. DUNN, Secretary.

FIFTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION meets at No. 249 West 35th-st., THIS (Monday) EVENING, Oct. 7, at 8 o'clock.

WM. P. AVERY, President.
JOSEPH H. HATCH, Secretary.

SEVENTEENTH WARD COUNCIL OF POLITICAL REFORM.—Mass-meeting at No. 20 St. Mark's-place, (Paul Falk's Tivoli,) TUESDAY, Oct. 8, at 8 P. M. All are invited.

BENJ. TATHAM, President.
J. W. HAWES, Secretary.

CAMPAIGN GOODS SOLD AT THE lowest cash prices for Boys in Blue and Tanners. Call and examine before buying. KELLEY & CO., No. 95 John-st.

PATENT OPEN-WORK BANNERS, with portraits and designs, flags and transparencies. Orders filled by mail. LANIGAN & CO., No. 1,284 Broadway, New-York.

CAPES AND CAPS FOR GRANT GUARDS, Boys in Blue, Tanners, &c., manufactured at No. 15 Warren-st. SUSSMAN & CO.

OPEN-WORK BANNERS, PARADE Banners, Portraits, Flags and Transparencies, at HOJER & GRAHAM'S, No. 97 Duane-st., New-York.

POLITICAL FLAGS—AT THE OLD stand, (established 1847,) corner Fulton and William sts. Manufactured by ANNIN & CO.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Although quite a large amount of property was sold at auction, at the Exchange, during the past week, none of the sales call for special mention. The total value of City real estate sold for the week ending with Saturday, Oct. 5, is $279,000, as against the sum of $257,678 for the week previous, thus showing a slight increase. The suburban auctions for the week have been as follows: Monday, Sept. 30, sale at Woodside, Long Island, by Jere. Johnson, Jr., of a house, a store, and some twenty-eight lots, for $26,645. Same day, sale at West New-Brighton, Staten Island, by V. K. Stevenson & Son, of property, including six water-fronts, to the value of $17,000. Tuesday, Oct. 1, sale at Wyoming, N. J., by A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Brother, of 157 lots, for $22,850, and Wednesday, Oct. 2, sale at Queens, Long Island, by Jere. Johnson, Jr., of 100 lots, for $17,550. Total, $84,045. Total for previous week, ending Saturday, Sept. 28, $126 202. At the Exchange on Saturday no business was transacted, the proposed legal sale, in charge of James M. Miller, of the premises No. 199 Church street, being again adjourned until Saturday of this week.

THIS WEEK'S PROPOSED BUSINESS.

During the present week the following auctions will be held, at the Exchange and elsewhere, at which the real estate noted will be offered:

Today, Monday, Oct. 7.

By James M. Miller, at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale, Thos. Allison, Esq., referee, three lots, with buildings thereon, between Eighty-fifth and Eighty-sixth streets, Third and Fourth avenues, known on map of Charles Clinton, surveyor, as Nos. 219, 220 and 221, lots each in size 25 by 100.

By A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Bro., at Orange, N. J., on the property, at 1 o'clock, by order of the heirs to the Freeman estate, sixty-two villa plots, fronting respectively on Prospect, Hamilton and Mulberry streets, Morris and Lloyd avenues. Plots each contain from three to five city lots.

To-morrow, Tuesday, Oct. 8.

By R. R. Hazard, Jr., at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale, Gratz Nathan, Esq., referee, the four-story brick house, with brown-stone trimmings, and lot, No. 18 West Fourteenth-street, south side, 275 feet west of Fifth-avenue; lot in size 25 by 103.3; house 90 feet in depth; title in fee.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., at the Exchange, at public auction, the four-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone-front house and lot No. 213 East Fifteenth-street, north side, about 175 feet east of Third-avenue; lot in size 24 by 103.3; house 60 feet deep.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co., at the Exchange, at public auction, the following Brooklyn real estate: Ten lots on the west side of Lewis-avenue, forming block front between Greene-avenue and Van Buren-street; eight lots on the north-east corner of Greene and Lewis avenues; ten lots on the west side of Lewis avenue, forming block front between Van Buren-street and Lafayette-avenue, and four lots on the south side of Lafayette-avenue, 275 feet west of Lewis-avenue; lots in size each 20 by 100. Also, plot of ground, 175 by 200, (fourteen lots,) on the south side of Lafayette-avenue, extending through to Van Buren-street, 100 feet west of Lewis-avenue, with a two-story and attic brick house and other buildings thereon, known as No. 874 Lafayette-avenue; house in size 40 by 35; grounds laid out as garden.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., at College Point, Long Island, on the ground, at 12 M., by order of the heirs to the estate of Jacob T. Wilkins, deceased, 400 choice lots and water-fronts; a very desirable property. Excursion tickets at office of auctioneer, No. 25 Nassau-street. Mr. Johnson will also hold an extensive auction to-morrow at Point Imperial, Westport, Conn., on the property, at 12 o'clock, at which 100 acres of villa sites will be disposed of in parcels by the acre; sale made by order of E. P. Smith, owner. Tickets furnished on application at auctioneer's office for excursion steamer Wm. Fletcher, chartered for occasion, which leaves Peck-slip at 7½ A. M., stopping at Thirty-third-street, East River.

By A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Bro., at Ridgefield, N. J., on the premises, at 2½ P. M., a fine tract of land containing ninety-one acres, fronting on Broad-avenue, in the town named, on the line of the Newtown, N. J., Railway, about one mile from the Ridgefield and Leonia Stations, and distant but four miles from the Forty-second-street Ferry, this City.

Wednesday, Oct. 9.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale, Philo T. Ruggles, Esq., referee, one four-story high-stoop brown-stone-front house and lot, 22.2 by 50 by 82.2, on the north-east corner of Fourth-avenue and Eighty-fifth-street. Also, two similar houses and lots, 20 by 50 by 82.2, adjoining above, on the east side of Fourth-avenue, 22.2 feet north of Eighty-fifth-street. Also, at another Supreme Court sale, Stephen H. Olin, Esq., referee, a house and lot on East Fifty-seventh-street, north side, 75 feet east of Second-avenue; lot 22 by 100.

By E. A. Lawrence, at the Exchange, at an adjourned Supreme Court sale, Rufus F. Andrews, Esq., referee, the house and lot No. 45 East Twenty-second-street, north side, 100 feet west of Fourth-avenue. Lot 25 by 98.9.

By A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Bro., at Pleasantville, Westchester County, on the property, at 12 M., at public auction, 125 choice building lots and villa plots, all eligibly located, and fronting on wide, well-laid-out avenues. Special train from Grand Central Depot at 10:40 o'clock. Tickets at office of auctioneers, No. 6 Pine-street.

By R. R. Hazard, Jr., at North Manersing Island, in the town of Rye, Westchester County, at a Supreme Court sale, Gratz Nathan, Esq., referee, on the premises, at 12 M., twenty-three acres of land, forming the southerly part of the island named, having an extensive front on Long Island Sound, with villa house, stable, coach-houses and other buildings thereon, formerly known as the residence of Gen. John A. Dix. Trains from Twenty-seventh-street Depot at 9 and 10 o'clock, upon the arrival of which at Rye facilities will be afforded in reaching the property.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., at Whitestone, Long Island, on the ground, by order of James Blackwell, owner, 100 exceedingly choice lots and water-fronts, a sale well worthy attention. Excursion, per steamer Thomas Collyer, chartered for the occasion, which leaves Peck-slip at 11½ o'clock. Sale on arrival of boat.

Thursday, Oct. 10.

By Joseph McGuire, at the Exchange, at an assignee's sale, Butler H. Bixby, assignee, the following desirable City lots: One lot, 26.4 by about 105, on the south-east corner of the Grand Boulevard and Seventy-seventh-street. One lot, 26.4 by about 90, on the east side of the Grand Boulevard, 79 feet 1 inch south of Seventy-seventh-street. One lot, 25 by 102.2, on the north side of Seventy-sixth-street, 165 feet west of Tenth-avenue. One lot, 25.6 by 90, on the south-west corner of Tenth-avenue and Seventy-seventh-street. One lot, 25 by 102.2, on the south side of Seventy-seventh-street, 90 feet west of Tenth-avenue; and one lot, same size, on the south side of same street, 190 feet west of Tenth-avenue.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., at the Exchange, at an adjourned Supreme Court sale, Philo T. Ruggles, Esq., referee, the five four-story high-stoop brown-stone-front houses and lots known as Nos. 403, 405, 407, 411 and 413 West Fifty-seventh-street, north side, 25 feet west of Ninth-avenue. Average size of lots, 21.5 by 100.5; houses each 66 feet deep.

By Winans, Sands & Garrettson, at the Exchange, at an adjourned Supreme Court sale, Geo. L. Ingraham, Esq., referee, the entire block of land, containing some thirty-four lots, bounded by Second and Third avenues, One Hundred and First and One Hundred and Second streets.

By James M. Miller, at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale, R. C. Beamish, Esq., referee, a house and lot on East Eightieth-street, south side, 294.2 feet west of Lexington-avenue. Lot, 18.4 by 102.2.

By B. P. Fairchild, at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale, one lot, with improvements, on East Thirteenth-street, south side, 158 feet west of Avenue C, lot 25 by 103.3.

By Wm. Kennelly, at the Exchange, at public auction, to close an estate, a property located on West Third-street, Hunter's Point, between West and Central avenues, embracing a lot 25 by 100, with a three-story frame house, 19 by 35, and stable thereon.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., at Queens, Long Island, on the ground at 12 M., by order of Col. A. M. Wood, trustee, 500 very desirable building lots located in the best part of the town. Special train from Hunter's Point, at 11 o'clock, via James-slip and Thirty-fourth-street Ferries, at 10½ A. M.

Friday Oct. 11.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale, James N. Piper, Esq., referee, the four-story English basement brown-stone front house and lot No. 54 West Ninth-street, south side, 185.11 feet east of Sixth-avenue. Lot 16.8 by 93.11; house 55 feet deep.

By James M. Miller, at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale, R. C. Beamish, Esq., referee, a brown-stone house and lot on East Sixty-eighth-street, north side, 175 feet west of Fourth-avenue; lot 25 by 100.5.

By Winans, Sands & Garrettson, at the Exchange, at an adjourned Supreme Court sale, Stephen H. Olin, Esq., referee, one lot on Manhattan-street, north side, 311.8 feet west of Tenth-avenue, 23.3 by 100.

Joseph McGuire, at the Exchange, at an adjourned Supreme Court sale, James H. Coleman, Esq., referee, a house and lot on West Thirty-fourth-street, north side, 41.8 feet east of Tenth-avenue; lot 20.10 by 41.7.

Saturday, Oct. 12.

By James M. Miller, at the Exchange, at an adjourned Supreme Court sale, Wm. M. Rowland, Esq., referee, the lot, with building thereon, No. 199 Church-street, near Walker-street, lot 21.2 by 75.

By Joseph McGuire, at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale, George M. Hardie, Esq., referee, 1 lot 25 by 100, with front and rear tenement buildings upon the same, situate on the east side of Columbia-street, 200 feet north of Rivington-street.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., at Rye, Westchester County, on the property at 12 M., at a Supreme Court sale, Alfred T. Ackout, Esq., referee, a house and lot, on the east side of Grace Church-street; plot contains 1 53-100 acres of land.

The above includes all the sales proposed for the week thus far brought to our attention.

PRIVATE SALES.

The following recent private sales respectively made by the brokers named, are reported:

By V. K. Stevenson, No. 11 Pine street and No. 226 Fifth-avenue, the four-story high-stoop brown-stone house and lot 25 by 65 by 80, No. 61 Park-avenue, being the third house south of Thirty-eighth-street, sold for $55,000; also, a three-story high-stoop brick house, with outbuildings, and about eight full lots of ground, on the north-east corner of Sixty-first-street and Tenth avenue, sold for $55,000, and purchased by Mr. L. M. Bates for a new City infant asylum; also, house, lot 25 by 102.2, on the north side of Seventy-ninth-street, 150 feet west of Fourth-avenue, sold for $15,000.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., No. 3 Pine-street, the three-story brown-stone house and lot No. 43 West Fifty-first-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, 42 by 22 by 100.5, sold for $26,000.

By Riker, Hesse & Co., No. 5 Pine-street, the three-story high-stoop brick house and lot, 25 by 50 by 100, No. 100 West Twenty-second-street, sold for $27,500; also, the three-story brown-stone house and lot, 18 by 50 by 100, No. 42 West One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, sold for $15,500; also, frame house and lot, 18 by 50 by 100, No. 36 West One Hundred and Thirty-second-street, sold for $8,500; also, 250 acres of land near Orange City, Iowa, sold for $4,000; a farm of thirty acres, with house and barn, at Westfield, N. J., sold for $10,000, and a house and one acre of land at Mount Vernon, Westchester County, terms private.

By Slauson, Crank & Co., No. 1,205 Broadway, corner Twenty-ninth-street, house and Columbia College lease of No. 59 West Fiftieth-street; sold to Abraham Bogardus, "artist," for $33,000.

Mr. Geo. W. Van Sicklin, No. 133 Nassau-street, in charge of the Garden Park enterprise, at Whitestone, Long Island, reports that on Oct. 3 eight plots were disposed of for $500 each.

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Friday, Oct. 4.

Boulevard, e. s., 76.8 ft. n. of 51st-st., 25.6x94	$18,250
Chrystie-st., e. s., 224.3 ft. n. of Houston-st., 25x75, h. and l.	25,000
Cooper-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of [illegible]	1,800
Manhattan-st., n. s., 288.6 ft. w. of 1st-av., 23.2x100, h. and l.	nom.
34th-st., n. s., 52 ft. e. of 2d-av., 48x55.4, 3 hs. and ls.	30,350
46th-st., s. s., 260.8 ft. w. of 8th-av., 16.8x100, Astor lease	12,000
59th-st., s. s., 290 ft. w. of 2d-av., 18x100.5, h. and l.	4,000
63d-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 10th-av., 100x100.5	25,000
83d-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of 9th-av., 64.8x136.11, (1871)	3,500
93d-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of 9th-av., 50x100.8. 31st-st., s. s., 125 ft. w. of 1st-av., 50x98.9, husband to wife	Nom.
96th-st., n. s., 250 ft. e. of 5th-av., 44.4x103.4x66.7x100.11	21,250
97th-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 11th-av., 25x100.11. 96th-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of 11th-av., 25x100.11, Riverside Park Association	8,000
104th-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25x100.11, h. and l.	5,750
123d-st., n. s., 283.4 ft. e. of 3d-av., 21.8x100.11, h. and l.	8,500
3d-av., 3 s. w. corner 118th-st., 25x100, h. and l.	20,500
5th-av., e. s., 112.10 ft. n. of 85th-st., 22x100; h. and l.	80,000
9th-av., northerly corner of 210th st., 99.11x100	2,500
LEASEHOLD CONVEYANCES.	
46th-st., n. s., 180 ft. e. of 5th-av., 20x100.5, h. and l., Goelet lease, 1871	$30,000
46th-st., n. s., 360 ft. e. of 5th-av., 20x100.5, h. and l., Goelet lease, 1871	30,000
3d-av., e. s., 159 ft. n. of 17th-st., 25x80, h. and l., Fish lease, 1865	20,000
LEASES RECORDED.	
Centre Market, n. section, second floor, 5 years, per year	$1,600
3d-av., No. 2,126, half store, 7 years, per year	1,500
10th-av., No. 750, store, 5 years, per year	1,400

CITY REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES!!! STORES!!! LOTS!!!

On 5th, Madison and Parkavs., principal cross streets, Broadway buildings, Central Park lots, properties to rent, new complete City map, &c., all comprised in our FREE REGISTER.
V. K. STEVENSON & SON,
No. 11 Pine-st., and No. 226 5th-av.

A BEAUTIFUL THREE-STORY high-stoop brow-stone house, 20x50x100, frescoed and in excellent condition, on 48th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; will be sold cheap if taken at once. Apply to ISAAC HONIG, No. 111 Broadway, basement rooms G. and H.

A PARK-AV. CHOICELY-LOCATED modern thoroughly-built four-story high-stoop massively-finished brown-stone dwelling, lot and gas-fixtures; house 25x65; owner going to Europe; will sell reasonably. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st., and No. 226 5th-av.

$37,500.—FOR SALE IN 47TH-st., just west of 5th-av., a very desirable four-story twenty-five-foot house on one of the original Columbia College leases; ground rent, $750 per annum; immediate possession can be had. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON 124TH-ST., THREE-STORY brown-stone English basement; all improvements; block built up; only $8,500; terms easy; possession at once. Apply to WINANS, SANDS & GARRETTSON, No. 55 Liberty-st.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH and 114th sts.—Ten lots on Lexington-av. (when extended) for sale at a reasonable figure.
F. G. & D. BROWN, No. 90 Broadway

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A NICE TWO-STORY AND brick-basement house, containing eight rooms, water, bath-room, marble mantels, folding-doors, arbor, piazza, improved street, with sewer and gas; size, 19x26, on full lot; price, $3,250; cash, $500 or more. Inquire on premises, No. 70 Chestnut-st., Brooklyn, E. D. DeKalb-avenue cars pass the door.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Homes for All.

For houses, lots and land by the acre, on the line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, apply to
A. D. HOPE, No. 119 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE.—A FINE RESIDENCE SITUated about five minutes' walk, over dry sidewalks, from a depot of the New-Haven Railroad; fourteen (14) rooms, conveniently arranged, stationary wash-trays, furnaces, &c.; lawn and garden about 1¼ acres; shade and fruit trees, well grown and bearing, and finest varieties of flowering shrubs; commodious stables and out-buildings in excellent order. Address OWNER, Box No. 3,341 New-York Post-office.

CAPITALISTS.—A ONE-HALF INTEREST can be purchased in a handsome plot of forty acres at station on one of the main railroad lines, forty minutes only from this City; very high ground; improvements all around, and contiguous to this property; will be sold at original cost. Apply to or address
E. DUNCAN SNIFFEN,
No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—A SUPERB BUILDING SITE on Orange Mountain, containing five acres, facing on Tremont-av.; but five minutes' drive from either Montrose or Orange Valley stations. This property is offered cheap and on easy terms for a few days only. Apply to
GEO. K. CAMP, No. 766 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES lands and village lots for sale; a great variety Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith Orange, corner Main and Cone sts

BEAUTIFUL FARM—NEAR DEPOT AT Dunellen, Central Railroad of New-Jersey; modern buildings, evergreens, orchards, meadow, timber, rolling land, twenty-one or forty-two acres. STEVENS, Agent, Dunellen.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story brown-stone high-stoop house No. 220 West 58th-st., near Broadway, 20x55x100.5. Apply to OWNER, next door, or at No. 151 West 28th-st.

ORANGE, N. J., AND VICINITY. (SPECIALTY.)—Fine variety property; sale, rent or exchange. I. H. GERRY, No. 39 Nassau-st.; Orange office opposite main depot.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

NOTICE.

SALE OF TIMBER BERTHS.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
TORONTO, Aug. 1, 1872.

A sale, by public auction, of timber berths, on the north shore of Lake Huron, and north of French River, will be held at the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, at 12 noon, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of October next. The berths to be offered for sale are projected townships, estimated at an area each of thirty-six square miles where the outlines are regular; each township to be put up as one berth and sold as such, and to be adjudged to the person bidding the highest amount of bonus per square mile therefor; payment for the same to be made on the day of sale, by depositing the amount of purchase to the credit of the Department of Crown Lands, in a bank authorized to receive deposits on account of the Government of Ontario.

All berths sold to be subject to correction with respect to area, under the first clause of the Crown Timber Regulations.

Licenses for Berths sold will be issued subject to the "Crown Timber Regulations" one month after date of sale, and payment of bonus and ground-rent for current season.

No deduction, from area sold, allowed for water.

The Department reserves the right to one bid on each Berth; and also the right to grant special licenses to cut fuel on the Berths sold, for the supply of coasting steamers.

A map showing the Berths to be disposed of may be seen at the Woods and Forests' Office Department Crown Lands on and after the 15th inst.
R. W. SCOTT, Commissioner.

NOTE.—The area to be offered as Timber Berths is very extensive, embracing all unsold and unlicensed lands of the Crown north of Lake Huron and north of French River, and west of the Indian Reserve on Lake Nipissing, to the eastern boundary of the townships of Aweres and Vancoughnet, extending north from the Indian Reserve, on Lake Nipissing, an estimated distance of twenty-four miles, thence due west to the north-east angle of the township of Vancoughnet.

Maps of the Territory are for sale by Messrs. Copp, Clark & Co., No. 17 King-st. East, Toronto.

AUCTION NOVELTY AHEAD.

GRAND FREE STEAM-BOAT EXCURSION UP THE SOUND. RISE EARLY AND GO TO JERE. JOHNSON'S JR.'S GREAT SALE AT POINT IMPERIAL,
WESTPORT, CONN.,
100 ACRES MOST ELEGANT VILLA SITES AND WATER FRONTS,
in parcels by the acre,
TUESDAY, OCT. 8, 1872.
GRAND REGATTA IN THE BAY,
Commanded by Noah Bradley, Esq.
M. W. Burr. Wright, Esq., will manage the
TUB RACE.
THE WESTPORT BAND,
will aid in the entertainment.
Steamer WM. FLETCHER leaves Peck-slip at 7½, stopping at 33d-st., East River.
For full descriptive maps, tickets, and information, apply to JERE. JOHNSON, JR., Auctioneer,
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

JERE. JOHNSON, JR., Auctioneer, No. 25 Nassau-st.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, COMMENCING on arrival of steamer *Thomas Collyer*, which has been chartered for the occasion.
GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE,
By order of JAMES BLACKWELL, ESQ.,
100 SPLENDID WATER FRONT AND WATER VIEW LOTS AT WHITESTONE,
LONG ISLAND.
all located on or near the water, and each having a splendid view; adjacent to steam-boat landing; one minute from Whitestone Hotel. This is the most select property offered this season, and the whole will be sold on usually liberal terms, without reserve. For free steam-boat passes apply to Jere. Johnson, Jr., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.
THURSDAY, OCT. 10,
on arrival of special train, on the premises, at Inglewood, (Queens,) Long Island.
GREAT AUCTION SALE.
500 SELECT BUILDING SITES.
By order of Col A. M. WOOD, Trustee.
Property splendidly located near station. Maps and railroad passes of JERE. JOHNSON, JR.,
No. 25 Nassau-st.

JOHN H. AUSTEN, Auctioneer.

BY ROWLAND R. HAZARD, JR.,
Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer.
Office No. 110 Broadway, corner Pine-st.,
will sell at auction
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, 1872,
at 12 o'clock, on the premises:
The FORMER RESIDENCE of Gen. JOHN A. DIX, being the northerly part of North Manersing Island, in the town of Rye, Westchester County, N. Y., containing about twenty-three acres of land with extensive front on Long Island Sound, and connected with main land by causeway, together with VILLA RESIDENCE, stable, boat-house and other buildings. Train from 27th-st. at 9 and 10 A. M.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

PEREMPTORY SALE BY ORDER of Supreme Court,
FRIDAY, OCT. 11,
at 12 M., at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.
Handsome four-story brown-stone English basement house and lot, No. [illegible] West 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs; in splendid order and replete with all modern conveniences; fine conservatory, &c. Maps at No. 7 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

WHITESTONE, L. I.

THE LOTS REMAINING UNSOLD FROM THE AUCTION OF SEPT. 24; ALSO, A FEW PLOTS IN
"GARDEN PARK,"
CAN BE BOUGHT AT PRIVATE SALE, UPON PAYMENTS OF ONLY
$10 Per Month, Without Interest,
AT PRICES FROM $250 to $500 PER LOT.
THE PRETTIEST AND MOST CONVENIENT HOME AND BEST INVESTMENT NEAR THIS CITY.
FORTY-ONE TRAINS DAILY FROM 5:50 A. M. TO 12½ MIDNIGHT.
AS NEAR TO BUSINESS AS 60TH-ST., NEW-YORK.
YOUNG MARRIED COUPLES, AND OLD, AND ALL LIVING IN FLATS OR PARTS OF HOUSES, call on H. K. VAN SICKLEN, Room No. 5, No. 133 Nassau-st., get passes, visit Whitestone, buy your lots, have them paid for by next year, and OWN A HOUSE AND LOT BY YOURSELF, instead of paying your money away for rent.
Mr. R. R. HOPKINS will meet you at Whitestone.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers and dealers in real estate, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9, 1872,
POSITIVE SALE, AT AUCTION,
OF 125 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS AND VILLA PLOTS, AT

PLEASANTVILLE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.

Twenty-seven miles from New-York by Harlem Railroad.

This property is beautifully situated, fronting Washington-av., the boulevard, 100 feet wide, in a rolling, picturesque country, adjoining the railroad station. The neighborhood is healthful beyond precedent, and entirely free from chills and fever.

Luncheon before the sale, and music by Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band.

Special train will leave Forty-second-street Depot at 10:40 A. M.

For maps, passes and full particulars apply to the auctioneers, No. 6 Pine-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FURNISHED.

HOUSES TO RENT, FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED.

On West 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., four story, brown stone, English basement.
On East 17th-st., between Irving-place and 3d-av., four story, brick.
On West 31st-st., near 5th-av., four story, brown stone.
On West 33d-st., three story, Mansard roof, brown stone.
On East 46th-st., four story, brown stone.
On East 49th-st., near 5th-av., four story, brown stone.
On West 51st-st., between 5th and 6th avs., four story, brown stone.
On East 53d-st., near 6th-av., four story, brown stone.
On West 53d-st., four story, brown stone.
On East 73d-st., between 5th and Madison avs., four story, brown stone.
On 5th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., five story, French basement, brick.
On Lexington-av., between 61st and 63d sts., four story, brown stone.
On West 38th-st., near 5th-av., four story, brown stone, English basement.
On Lexington-av., near Gramercy Park, four story, English basement, brown stone.
Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO.,
No. 7 Pine-st., or
No. 33 East 17th-st., (Union-square.)

A FIVE-STORY BROWN-STONE house, twenty-seven feet front, only a few feet west of 5th-av., fully furnished. The arrangement of this house is very novel, and most desirable for a private family or club. To rent by
HENRY OGDEN,
Late Ward & Ogden,
Broadway, corner of 17th-st.

FURNISHED HOUSES.—SEVERAL DEsirable furnished houses, now offered for the first time, well located, to rent for the Winter, or longer, to private families.
HENRY OGDEN,
Late Ward & Ogden,
Broadway, corner of 17th-st.

TO LET—FULLY FURNISHED, A THREE-story and attic high-stoop house, on London Terrace, West 23d-st.; rent $225 per month. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE ON THE Hudson River, forty minutes from New-York, three minutes' walk from station, at a moderate rent till May 1. Apply at No. 70 Broadway, Room No. 11.

UNFURNISHED.

HOLMES BROTHERS,
No 46 East 23d-st.,

Have to let a number of medium-sized houses, in thoroughly respectable locations, ranging in prices from $2,000 to $4,000.

MADISON-AV., BETWEEN 50TH AND 60TH sts.—Two first-class four-story houses, (new,) for $3,500 and $4,500; others, in choice locations.
HOLMES BROS., No. 46 East 23d-st.

A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house to let; all improvements; good location; No. 407 East 84th-st.; rent $800. Apply to G. W. FANNING, No. 53 Bleecker-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED FOR six months, by a gentleman and wife, no family, above 20th-st.; near 5th-av. preferred. Address M., Box No. 718 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—FOR FIRST-CLASS TENANTS, furnished and unfurnished houses in the best localities. F. G. & D. BROWN, No. 90 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PRIVATE FAMILY, A well furnished house in a good neighborhood for the six Winter months. Address Post-office Box 5,031.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.
SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

TO LET OR LEASE—ON REASONABLE terms, a first-class store and building, 25x75, iron front, suitable for any heavy business, No. 43 Elm-st., one door south of Worth-st. Inquire of WM. C. MILLER, No. 145 South 5th-av., or of ALLEN, DOOLEY & HENRIQUES, No. 96 Broadway.

TO LET OR LEASE FOR ONE OR FIVE years, workshop, 26 feet front, 46 deep, fourth floor, with water and water-closets, in No. 8 Extra-place; $15 a month. Inquire of C. MYERS, 26 2d-av.

FURNITURE.

T. G. SELLEW,
DESKS,
Office and Library Furniture,
NO. 103 FULTON-ST., NEW-YORK.
Fine Cylinder Desks.

[ESTABLISHED 1807.]
B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,
155 Chatham-Street.
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING-ROOM SUITES,
MIRRORS, DESKS,
and a general and varied assortment of every description of
FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTRESSES & BEDDING,
at VERY LOW PRICES for cash.
Payments by Installments, if Desired.

STORAGE
for
FURNITURE,
Pianos, Mirrors, Paintings, &c.,
CARRIAGES, WAGONS, &c.,
at the new first-class
WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 102 to 114 East 32d-st.
JOHN H. MORRELL,
Owner and Proprietor.

FURNITURE, CARPETS AND BED-ding cheap for cash, or weekly or monthly payments taken, at G. REID'S, No. 333 Hudson-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of R. L. BROWER & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by R. L. BROWER, No. 218 Washington-st., or BROWER BROS., No. 90 Park-place.
R. L. BROWER,
A. L. BROWER,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 7, 1872. A. S. BROWER.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1872.
MR. WARREN E. GREENLEAF HAS an interest in our business on and after this date.
GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,
No. 66 Exchange-place.

AUCTION SALES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF
DR. UNDERHILL'S PURE WINE.

The large stock of wine, about 30,000 gallons, left by the late Dr. R. T. Underhill, will be sold at auction, at the vaults, Croton Point, on the 15th day of October, inst. If purchased in bulk, the wine may remain in vaults. Inquiries may be made at the wine-store No. 139 East 8th-st., where samples may be seen. Conveyances will be at Croton on day of sale, on the arrival of the Hudson River Railroad train, which leaves the Central Depot at 9:10 o'clock A. M.
HENRY WOOD, Administrator.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

FRANKFIELD & CO., JEWELERS, NO. 323 6th-av., corner 20th-st., and No. 209 6th-av., corner 14th-st.—American watches, solid silver and finest silver plated-ware, French, American and cuckoo clocks; fine selections at very low prices.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., NO. 6 Pine-st., New-York, will sell at auction at 2 P. M., the premises, TUESDAY, Oct. 8, by order of the Orphans' Court of Bergen County, the southerly portion of the homestead farm of H. J. Banckerhoff, deceased, situated near Ridgefield Station, on the Northern Railway of New Jersey, nine miles from the New-York City Hall, comprising ninety-one acres of land, extending from the Overpeck Creek to within a short distance of the edge of the Palisades, affording a view of great extent and beauty. The property is crossed by the railroad and four public roads. Only twenty-five per cent. cash required. Balance on mortgage for five years.
For particulars apply to the auctioneers.

JOHN H. AUSTEN, Auctioneer.

BY HOWLAND R. HAZARD, Jr.
REAL ESTATE BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
No. 110 Broadway, will sell at auction on
TUESDAY, OCT. 8, 1872,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Gratz Nathan, Esq., referee,
NO. 18 WEST 14TH-ST.,
four-story brick dwelling, 25x90 feet, brown-stone trimmings, substantially built, former residence of the late Judge Bonney; lot, 25x103.3
Title in fee. Particulars of Gratz Nathan, referee, No. 115 Nassau-st.; Man & Parsons, plaintiff's attorneys, No. 56 Wall-st., or of the auctioneer.

SAVINGS BANKS.

CHARTERED BY THE UNITED STATES.
THE FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY.
ASSETS OVER $4,000,000.
A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK.
No. 185 BLEECKER-ST., NEW-YORK.
INTEREST SIX PER CENT.
Deposits payable ON DEMAND with interest due.
Accounts strictly *private* and *confidential*.
Interest paid by check, if desired, to depositors residing out of the City.
A specialty made of issuing Compound Interest Certificates payable ON DEMAND.
Especial advantages afforded to those having in charge trust funds.
The following persons are among the
TRUSTEES:
Washington, D. C.
GEN. B. W. BRICE.....Late Chief Pay-master U. S. A.
E. B. FRENCH..........Second Auditor, U. S. Treasury.
MOSES KELLY...Cashier National Metropolitan Bank.
WM. RICHARDSON..........Ass't Sec'y U. S. Treasury.
L. R. TUTTLE.........Ass't Treas. of the United States.
New-York City.
WILLIAM C. BRYANT..................The Evening Post
R. R. GRAVES...........................R. R. Graves & Co.
REV. H. H. GARNET, D. D., Pastor Shiloh Pres. Church
WALTER T. HATCH........................W. T. Hatch & Son.
SAMUEL HOLMES....Scovill Manufacturing Company.
SETH B. HUNT..........................Seth B. Hunt & Co.
EDGAR KETCHUM.........................Counselor at Law
E. A. LAMBERT..Pres. Craftsmen's Life Assurance Co.
E. P. SMITH...................................No. 59 Reade-st.
REV. GEO. WHIPPLE...Sec. Am. Missionary Association
Boston.
HON. WILLIAM CLAFLIN...Ex-Gov. of Massachusetts.
BANK HOURS—Daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Monday and Saturday nights from 5 to 8 P. M.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
J. W. ALVORD, Pres. SAM'L L. HARRIS, Manager.
JOHN J. ZUILLE, Cashier.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.
Interest commences from first January, April, July, and October. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President,
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

EQUITABLE SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
No. 170 6th-av., corner of 12th-st.
Interest begins the FIRST OF EVERY MONTH. Money deposited on or before Oct. 19 will draw interest from OCT. 1.
BANK OPEN EVERY DAY FROM 8 A. M. TO 8 P. M.
JOHN P. WHITE, President.
FLOYD CLARKSON, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 283 BOWERY, NEAR HOUSTON-ST.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7. Deposits made on or before Oct. 10 will draw interest from 1st of October.
ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York, opposite Cooper Institute.
CHARTERED 1852.
Amount of deposits, $6,675,000.
Deposits made on or before Oct. 10 will draw interest from Oct. 1. ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, NO. 81 8th-av., corner 14th-st.—Six per Cent. Interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Oct. 10, will draw interest from Oct. 1.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-JERSEY, NO. 119 LIBERTY-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1872.

THE USUAL QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of Two and a Half per Cent. has been declared, payable at this office on and after MONDAY, the 21st of October next.

Interest on scrip stock to the 30th September inst., at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, will be paid at the same time.

The transfer-books will be closed from Monday, the 30th inst., to Tuesday, the 22d proximo.
SAMUEL KNOX, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 2, 1872.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TEN per Cent. has this day been declared, payable on demand.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

PIEDMONT RAILROAD COMPANY.
The semi-annual coupons due Oct. 1, 1872, on the bonds of the above road, will be paid at our office.
LANCASTER BROWN & CO.,
1 Exchange-court, Exchange-place, near Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

ELEVEN PER CENT. INVESTMENT.

FIRST-CLASS SECURITY.
STATE LOAN OF ARKANSAS,
7 PER CT. THIRTY-YEAR BONDS.
A LIMITED NUMBER ARE OFFERED
AT 70 CENTS
AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

In these Bonds "the faith and credit of the State are solemnly and irrevocably pledged for the payment and redemption on the principal and interest of each and every bond."

THE
ARKANSAS CENTRAL RAILWAY,
BY
SPECIAL MORTGAGE INDORSEMENT
PLEDGE THEIR SPLENDID ENDOWMENT OF LANDS, RAILROAD ROLLING STOCK, STATION-HOUSES AND ALL OTHER PROPERTY FOR THE FAITHFUL PAYMENT OF INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL, MAKING THIS A
DOUBLE AND UNDOUBTED SECURITY.

Interest payable April and October, at the Union Trust Company, New-York.

Maps, circulars, pamphlets, giving full particulars of the loan, to be had by addressing
WILLIAMS & BOSTWICK,
Bankers, No. 49 Wall-st.,
NEW-YORK.

10 PER CENT. KANSAS SCHOOL BONDS.
10 PER CENT. NEBRASKA SCHOOL BONDS
The safest and most remunerative of bond investments.
Total amount of Kansas School Bonds issued to Jan. 1, 1872, $1,389,606; amount outstanding Jan. 1, 1872, $498,219.
Balance has been redeemed.
Choice lots for sale below par by
FITCH, OTIS & CO.,
No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.

REVENUE STAMPS
REDEEMED IN CASH.
DAVID H. ANTHONY,
Post-office Box No. 4,475. No. 44 Wall-st., New-York.

OFFICE OF THE RATHBONE OIL TRACT CO.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1872.

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL meeting of the stockholders of the Rathbone Oil Tract Company, for the election of Trustees, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 69 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, Oct. 14, 1872. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
A. L. PURVES, Secretary.

LOST OR STOLEN.—THE FOLLOWING COUPONS, due Sept. 1, 1872, the payment of which has been stopped: Nos. 1,903, 1,450, 1,904, 1,159, $40 each; Nos. 3,924, 3,964, $20 each, from Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company, eight per cent. convertible bonds. No. 5,485, $35, from New-York and Erie Railroad Company, third mortgage bond. A liberal reward will be paid on delivery of the same to HENRY TURNEY, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., or to WM. & JNO. O'BRIEN, No. 58 Wall-st.

ATLANTIC, TENNESSEE, AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons due Oct. 1, 1872, on the Eight per Cent. Gold Bonds of the above Company will be paid by us.
LANCASTER, BROWN & CO.,
No. 1 Exchange-court, (Exchange-place, near Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

GUARANTEED BONDS

On a Completed Road.

THE CINCINNATI, RICHMOND,
AND
Fort Wayne Railroad Co.'s
FIRST MORTGAGE
7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds,

HAVING 50 YEARS TO RUN, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN, "not inferior to the present standard." Interest payable semi-annually in New-York, on the 1st day of June and December, and guaranteed jointly and severally by

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad Company,
The Pennsylvania Company, and
The Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company.

The road is completed and in full operation, and extends ninety miles from Fort Wayne to Richmond, Ind., and has contracts running ninety-nine years for the interchange of business with the above Companies, and with the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company. Price 92½ and interest. Full particulars on application to

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
No. 27 Pine-st.

CONVERTIBLE MIDLAND BONDS

A 7 per cent. Mortgage Bond for sale on one of the great roads running from New-York City—on THE THIRD LARGEST ROAD IN NEW YORK STATE. The most desirable bond of all the Midland issues, affording the largest income and promising the greatest profit.

Price 85 and interest.

We believe them one of the safest and most profitable investments offered in this market for years.

ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO
BANKERS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THIS LOAN,
NO. 25 PINE-ST.

THE BURLINGTON,
CEDAR RAPIDS,
AND MINNESOTA RAILROAD
FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT.
SINKING FUND
Convertible Gold Bonds,
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.

We confidently recommend these Bonds as among the safest and best upon the market.

At present prices they yield to holders nearly nine per cent. on investment.

They are now admitted to regular dealing at the New-York Stock Exchange, and are also
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.
DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

CHOICE TEN PER CENT. BONDS
and
NEW-YORK TOWN SEVEN PER CENTS.
FOR SALE BY
GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-JERSEY, NO. 119 Liberty-st.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 12, 1872.

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COM-PANY of New-Jersey offer to their stockholders and to the stockholders of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, pro rata, three million dollars of bonds, convertible into stock between Nov. 1, 1875, and Nov. 1, 1877, full particulars of which will be found in circular issued to the stockholders this day.
JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON,
ADAM NORRIE,
BENJ. WILLIAMSON,
JAS. BOORMAN JOHNSTON,
SIDNEY DILLON,
Finance Committee.

BANKING-HOUSE OF
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
Bills of Exchange on England, Ireland, Scotland and the Continent.
Commercial Credits for use in Europe, South America, East and West Indies, China and Japan.
Circular Notes and Travelers' Credits available in all parts of the world.
Also, Telegraphic Transfers of Money on Europe, Havana and California.
Deposit accounts received, bearing interest and subject to check at sight.
Certificates of Deposit issued and Collections made.
State, City and Railroad Loans negotiated.
CLEWS, HABICHT & CO.,
No. 11 Old Broad-st., London.

ARE YOU INSURED?
OFFICE OF THE RUTGERS FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
180 CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK, Sept. 16, 1872.
The annual election for a Board of Directors of this Company will be held at this office on MONDAY, Oct. 7, 1872. Polls open from 12 M. until 1 o'clock P. M.
JOSEPH W. DUGLISS, Secretary.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY COMPANY,
OFFICE, NO. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 7, 1872.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE bondholders and stockholders of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company for the election of three directors, to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of terms of service, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 353 West 4th-st., Cincinnati, Ohio, THURSDAY, Oct. 10, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The transfer-books will be closed from 2 o'clock P. M. the 14th day of September instant, until 10 o'clock A. M. the 14th day of October next.
By order. W. M. WALTON, Secretary.

HOME AND ADRIATIC
INSURANCE STOCK for sale by
WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

RAILROAD, STATE, CITY AND COUNTY BONDS bought and sold by
HANNA BROS.,
No. 11 Wall-st., and No. 2 New-st.
Investment securities a specialty.

BROOKLYN CITY SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS
WANTED BY
W. B. SCOTT & CO., No. 24 Pine-st.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION
Originated the anæsthetic use of nitrous oxide gas, administer it in the most approved manner, do nothing but extract teeth, and they certainly do that without pain, as 60,000 patients testify. See their signatures at the office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

OPENING DAY

AT

LORD & TAYLOR'S,

BROADWAY AND 20TH-ST.

TUESDAY, Oct. 8.

AT KINZEY'S.
GREAT BARGAINS
FROM AUCTION.
TRIMMING DEPARTMENT.
AT KINZEY'S.
PASSEMENTERIE GIMPS, 20c. to $1 50.
BLACK SILK GIMPS, 25c. to $9 ps.
AT KINZEY'S.
COLORED SILK TRIMMINGS, 15c. to $1 25 ps.
FANCY SILK TRIMMINGS, 3c. to 15c. yard.
AT KINZEY'S.
COLORED SILK GIMPS, 25c. to $4 25 ps.
IMPORTED SILK FRINGES, 10c. to $1 39 yard.
AT KINZEY'S.
BLACK SILK FRINGES, 6c. to 96c. yard.
COLORED SILK FRINGES, 6c. to $1 29 yard.
AT KINZEY'S.
COLORED SILK VELVETS, 25c. to $2 90 ps.
BLACK SILK VELVETS, 25c. to $3.
AT KINZEY'S.
YARD-WIDE PLUSHES, 25c. yard.
PLAIN AND FANCY VELVETEENS, 50c. up.
AT KINZEY'S.
SILK BONNET VELVETS, 79c. up.
LINING AND BONNET SILKS, 25c. yard up.
AT KINZEY'S.
RIBBON DEPARTMENT.
AT KINZEY'S.
BLACK SASH, FIVE INCHES WIDE, 23c.
WIDE ROMAN SASH, 69c. yard.
AT KINZEY'S.
WIDE BROCADE SASH, 69c. yard.
SASH RIBBONS, 25c., 31c., 40c., 50c.
AT KINZEY'S.
ROMAN SASH, THREE YARDS, $1 25.
RICH ROMAN RIBBONS, 25c., up.
AT KINZEY'S.
COLORED GROS GRAIN RIBBONS, 10c., 15c., 20c., up.
BLACK GROS GRAIN RIBBONS, 10c., 15c., 20c., up.
AT KINZEY'S.
CORD-EDGE RIBBONS, 5c., 6c., 9c., up.
FANCY BROCADE RIBBONS, 10c., 15c., 20c.
AT KINZEY'S.
TIE DEPARTMENT
AT KINZEY'S.
SILK VELVET, WITH TASSELS, 9c.
ALL-SILK ROMAN TIES, 10c.
AT KINZEY'S.
WIDE PLAIN WINDSOR TIES, 39c.
WIDE FANCY WINDSOR TIES, 39c.
AT KINZEY'S.
SCOTCH PLAIDS, FIVE INCHES WIDE, 39c.
TWILLED SILK TIES, FRINGED, 29c.
AT KINZEY'S.
RICH CHANGEABLE SILK TIES, 50c.
EXTRA IMPORTED SILK TIES, 50c. to 75c.
AT KINZEY'S.
FRENCH FLOWERS, 10c., 15c. spray, up.
FEATHER WINGS, 5c., 10c., 15c., 25c., 29c., up.
AT KINZEY'S.
OSTRICH POMPONS, 15c., 25c., 39c. up.
FANCY FEATHERS, 10c. to 75c.
AT KINZEY'S.
OSTRICH TIPS, 25c., 40c., 50c. up.
WINGS WITH BIRDS' HEADS, 39c.
AT KINZEY'S.
FELT, PLUSH AND STRAW HATS.
BOYS', MISSES' AND LADIES' HATS.
AT KINZEY'S.
HANDKERCHIEF DEPARTMENT.
AT KINZEY'S.
GENTS' ALL LINEN HEMSTITCH, 24c.
GENTS' HEMSTITCH WORKED INITIAL, 25c.
AT KINZEY'S.
GENTS' ALL LINEN HEMMED AND PRINTED, 20c.
GENTS' ALL LINEN HEMMED, 15c., 20c. up.
AT KINZEY'S.
NEEDLEWORK AND HEMSTITCH, 12½c., 15c., 20c. up.
HEMSTITCH AND PRINTED, 6c. up.
AT KINZEY'S.
LINEN TAPE BORDERED, 6c., 7c., 9c., 11c. up.
EXTRA FINE HEMSTITCH, 24c., 29c., 31c., 35c.
AT KINZEY'S.
LACE DEPARTMENT.
AT KINZEY'S.
LACE TIDIES, 20c., 23c., 25c. up.
APPLIQUE TIDIES, 23c., 25c. up.
AT KINZEY'S.
REAL GUIPURE LACES, 15c. to 40c.
WIDE GUIPURE LACES, 50c. to $1 69.
AT KINZEY'S.
FRENCH LACES, 5c., 6c., 8c., 10c., to 60c.
VALENCIENNES LACES, 2c., 3c., 5c., 6c., up.
AT KINZEY'S.
FRINGED GUIPURE LACES, 39c., up.
FRENCH THREAD LACES, 12c., up.
AT KINZEY'S.
FANCY RUFFLINGS, 15c., 20c., 25c. piece.
WIDE SKIRT RUFFLINGS, 25c. piece.
AT KINZEY'S.
LINEN TAPE TRIMMINGS, 25c. piece.
BLACK AND WHITE LACE BARBES, 90c., up.
AT KINZEY'S.
WIDE MUSLIN RUFFLINGS, 5c. yard.
MAGIC RUFFLINGS, 3c. yard.
AT KINZEY'S.
FINE LINEN COLLARS, 3c., 6c., 10c., 15c.
LINEN SETS, 25c., 31c., 36c., up.
AT KINZEY'S.
VALENCIENNES LACE COLLARS, 10c. to $2 96.
LACE AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS, 19c. to 50c.
AT KINZEY'S.
HAMBURG EDGINGS, 3c., 5c., 6c., 10c. yard, up.
HAMBURG INSERTIONS, 5c., 6c., 10c. yard, up.
AT KINZEY'S.
GLOVES AND HOSIERY.
AT KINZEY'S.
CLOSING LOT SOILED KIDS, 25c. pair.
LOT ITALIAN KID GLOVES, 39c. pair.
AT KINZEY'S.
MISSES' ALEXANDER KIDS, 50c.
LADIES' ALEXANDER KIDS, 60c.
AT KINZEY'S.
SPLENDID TWO-BUTTON KIDS, 69c.
EXTRA TWO-BUTTON KIDS, 79c.
AT KINZEY'S.
FINE BEAVER GAUNTLETS, 99c.
LISLE AND BERLIN GLOVES, 6c. to 31c.
AT KINZEY'S.
COTTON HOSE, 10c., 12½c., 15c., 20c. pair.
MISSES' FANCY HOSE, 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c.
AT KINZEY'S.
FULL REGULAR HOSE, 25c. pair.
ENGLISH HALF-HOSE, REGULAR, 20c., 25c.
AT KINZEY'S.
EXTRA FINE BALBRIGGANS, 39c.
SILK CLOCKED BALBRIGGANS, 37½c.
AT KINZEY'S.
FANCY GOODS AND JEWELRY.
AT KINZEY'S.
REAL WHITBY JET EAR-RINGS, 25c. up.
REAL WHITBY JET SETS, 69c. up.
AT KINZEY'S.
FANCY NECKLACES, 10c. to $1 69.
JET NECKLACES, 25c. to 96c.
AT KINZEY'S.
JET ORNAMENTS, from 10c. up.
JET BRACELETS, 25c. pair up.
AT KINZEY'S.
LEATHER BAGS, WITH BELTS, $1 29 up.
FRENCH JET SETS, 25c. set up.
AT KINZEY'S.
UNDER-WEAR DEPARTMENT.
AT KINZEY'S.
TRIMMED CHEMISE, FINE MUSLIN, 69c.
EMBROIDERED AND TRIMMED, 85c.
AT KINZEY'S.
TUCKED BOSOM AND TRIMMED, 86c.
EMBROIDERED AND PUFFED BOSOMS, 98c.
AT KINZEY'S.
TUCKED DRAWERS FINE MUSLIN, 47c.
RUFFLED AND TUCKED, 39c.
AT KINZEY'S.
BIAS TUCKING AND RUFFLED, 75c.
EMBROIDERED AND RUFFLED, $1.
AT KINZEY'S.
FINE MUSLIN TUCKED SKIRTS, 74c.
SIDE TUCKED EXTRA QUALITY, $1.
AT KINZEY'S.
EXTRA CLUSTER TUCKS AND RUFFLED, $1 25.
TRIMMED NIGHT DRESSES, 96c.
AT KINZEY'S.
EXTRA RUFFLED NIGHT DRESSES, $1.
TUCKED YOKE BACK AND FRONT, $1 57.
AT KINZEY'S.
EXTRA QUALITY MERINO UNDER-WEAR, 98c.
GENTS' MERINO UNDER-WEAR, 74c. up.
AT KINZEY'S.
LARGE LOTS OF GOODS OPENING FROM AUCTION EVERY DAY AT LOW PRICES.
WILLIAM KINZEY'S,
NO. 691 BROADWAY,
BETWEEN AMITY AND 4TH STS.

SMITH'S PATTERN BAZAAR, NO. 914 Broadway, near 20th-st.—Full lines of PARIS, BERLIN, and LONDON STYLES, SEVEN WEEKS EARLIER than COSTUME importers. EXAMINE before purchasing. READY-MADE imported suits. CLOTH MODELS given with each pattern. PERFECT GUIDES.

HOP BAGGING, BURLAPS, PLUSHES, Sealskins, Robes, Buckrams, Army-blue, Pants, Coats and Blankets. A. LESTER & CO., No. 103 Chambers-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL PROCURED for merchants, manufacturers and others; coal, mining properties, quarries, &c., negotiated. Persons with capital seeking business, advised of approved opportunities. References—The McKillop & Sprague Co.'s Commercial Agency, No. 109 Worth-st.; Theodore Sturges, Esq., Iron Merchant, No. 175 Pearl-st., and other leading houses.
GRIGGS, CARLETON & CO.,
Financial and Business Agents, No. 98 Broadway.

$20,000.—RARE OPPORTUNITY for investing this amount in a monopoly of sterling worth and character. Call in person on ELLIS & DURYEA, Business and Financial Agents, No. 48 Broad-st.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND BUSINESS of a first-class dry goods and grocery store, in one of the busiest villages on Long Island. Address NAT. W. FOSTER, Riverhead, Long Island.

THE
GRAND CENTRAL
FANCY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT
of
R. H.
MACY
& CO.

MACY. The largest Fancy Goods Depot GRAND
MACY. in America. CENTRAL.
MACY. GRAND
MACY. We are now opening daily all CENTRAL.
MACY. of the latest Novelties from GRAND
MACY. London, Paris, Berlin, CENTRAL.
MACY. Vienna and other European GRAND
MACY. markets, CENTRAL.
MACY. all of our own GRAND
MACY. importation. CENTRAL.
MACY. GRAND
MACY. Every novelty is represented CENTRAL.
MACY. in our complete stock of Hosiery, GRAND
MACY. Under-wear, Furs, Laces, CENTRAL.
MACY. Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, GRAND
MACY. White Goods, Housekeeping CENTRAL.
MACY. and Furnishing Goods, Small GRAND
MACY. Wares, Trimmings, &c. CENTRAL.
MACY. GRAND
MACY. Our Millinery Department CENTRAL.
MACY. has all of the new styles, shapes GRAND
MACY. and shades in Hats, Feathers, CENTRAL.
MACY. Silks, Satins, Velvets, Rib- GRAND
MACY. bons and Flowers, also of our CENTRAL.
MACY. own importation. GRAND
MACY. CENTRAL.
MACY. All of our Goods are sold at GRAND
MACY. at the lowest possible prices. CENTRAL.
MACY. A discount will be made to GRAND
MACY. those buying to sell again. CENTRAL.
SPECIALTY.
MACY. WE ARE NOW OPENING GRAND
MACY. 500 Dress and Opera Fans, CENTRAL.
MACY. latest Paris designs Pearl, GRAND
MACY. Shell, Ivory, Real Lace, &c. CENTRAL.
MACY. Prices much less than last GRAND
MACY. Season. CENTRAL.
MACY. R. H. MACY & CO., GRAND
MACY. 14th-st. and 6th-av. CENTRAL.

AT THE GREAT EAST SIDE FANCY AND
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
Five floors packed with new goods.

E. Ridley & Son,

Grand-st., New-York,
offer Cheap Goods in every department today.

Ribbons, Gros Grain, 15c., 20c. and 25c.
All Silk Gros Grains Bonnet Ribbons, No. 12, at 40c.
All Silk Gros Grains Bonnet Ribbons, No. 16, at 48c.
Newest shades in this assortment.
Silk Bonnet Velvets, $1 50, $1 75, $2, $2 50, $3.

FEATHERS AND FLOWERS,
DRESS AND CLOAK RIBBONS.
1,000 pieces Silk Fringes cheap.
Real Gimpure Laces less than importers' prices.

SPANISH LACE VAILS.
10,000 yards of Hamburg Edgings at 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c. and 31c. per yard, half importers' cost.

From Europe one case of Russia Leather goods.

Over 5,000 new Ties, Bows and Scarfs,
At 25c., at 50c., at 75c.
Bargains in Hosiery and Under-garments.

ROUND HATS AND BONNETS.
Largest and cheapest stock in this City.
Materials, Straw, Velvets and Felt, every shape, at 50c., 75c. and $1.
OUR NEW CURIOSITY ROOM OPEN.

KID GLOVES.
At 25c., at 50c.
Edward Two-buttons, 75c., $1, $1 25.
Gents' Kid Gloves, $1, $1 50 pair, warranted. Cheapest glove in America.
BARGAINS ALL OVER THE HOUSE.
E. RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.
Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.
Fifth block from the Bowery.

THIRD FLOOR.
Our JOBBING ROOM is filled with desirable cheap MILLINERY GOODS for cash.

GRAND OPENING!

E. R. CARTWRIGHT,
IMPORTER AND RETAILER OF
SILKS, SUITS, SHAWLS, LACES, &C.,
NO. 20 EAST 14TH-ST.,
WILL HAVE HIS GRAND OPENING ON
Tuesday and Wednesday,
OCT. 8 AND 9,
OF AUTUMN AND WINTER SILKS, SUITS, SHAWLS, DRESS GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, LADIES' UNDER-WEAR, DRESS TRIMMINGS, &c.

My friends and the public are respectfully invited to call.

My stock of SUITS and SILKS are richer and more select than any hitherto exhibited in New-York.

E. R. CARTWRIGHT
NO. 20 EAST 14TH-ST.,
Between 5th-av. and University-place.
M. R. HAZARD, Superintendent.

N. B.—The store will be kept open evenings during the week.

☞ All goods shown on the first floor. ☜
SUITS MADE TO ORDER.
DRESS-MAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT IN ladies' belts—DOUGHTY'S PATENT ADJUSTABLE FASTENING. Ladies, ask for it; take no other.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—D. LAWRENCE CLARK, plaintiff, against EMELINE SMITH, widow of Richard Smith, deceased, Ebenezer H. Brown, Ruth Mesick, Angelina Taylor, Richard Mesick, John Mesick, William S. Mesick and Maria Mesick, his wife, Alice Smith, Jeremiah Mesick, William Mesick, Dolly Mesick, Frederic Mesick, Henry Mesick, Henry J. Mesick, Josephine Ayres, Allen Smith, Almira G. Mitchell, Maria L. F. Smith, Alonzo D. Smith and Delia Smith, his wife, Hiram G. Smith and Rolinda M. Smith, his wife, Ella Cora Reed, Henry K. Ronk, Samuel V. Ronk, Benjamin F. Van Valkenburgh, Edward M. Hartshorne, Alexander Brand, defendants.—To the defendants above named and to each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in the City Hall of the City of New-York, on the 22d day of July, 1872, and a copy of which complaint is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, July 22 1872. KNOX & MASON, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
o7-law6wM* No. 74 Broadway, New-York City.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL LINE

OF STEAM-SHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CANADA, WEBSTER...Saturday, Oct. 12, at 1 P. M.
GREECE, ANDREWS...Saturday, Oct. 19, at 7½ A. M.
EGYPT, GROGAN.......Saturday, Oct. 26, at 1 P. M.
TO LONDON DIRECT.
THE QUEEN, THOMAS, Wed'sday, Oct. 9, at 9½ A. M.
HELVETIA, GRIGGS...Wed'sday, Oct. 23, at 11 A. M.

These steam-ships are

THE LARGEST IN THE TRADE.

Cabin passage......................$75 and $65, currency
Steerage...................................$28, currency

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32, currency.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

WHITE STAR LINE,

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CARRYING THE
UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS, sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

OCEANIC.........SATURDAY, Oct. 12, at 2 P. M.
ADRIATIC........SATURDAY, Oct. 19, at 7:30 A. M.
BALTIC..........SATURDAY, Oct. 26, at 1 P. M.
ATLANTIC........SATURDAY, Nov. 2, at 4:30 P. M.
CELTIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 9, at 12:30 P.M.
OCEANIC.........SATURDAY, Nov. 16, at 4:30 P. M.

From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt.

Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33, currency.

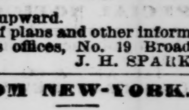
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York. J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

FROM NEW-YORK.

CUNARD LINE



THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM NEW-YORK.
Calabria..Wed'sday, Oct. 9	Abyssinia.Sat'day, Oct. 19
Russia..Wed'sday. Oct. 16	Batavia..Sat'day. Oct. 26
Cuba...Wed'sday. Oct. 23	Algeria....Sat'day. Nov. 2
Scotia..Wed'sday. Oct. 30	Parthia....Sat'day. Nov. 9
Java....Wed'sday. Nov. 6	

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports. For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green; for steerage passage, at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES holding bills of lading for goods per steam-ship CHINA, 21st of September, will please observe that her cargo will be transferred to the RUSSIA, leaving Liverpool 28th of September.
C. G. FRANCKLYN.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:
CITY OF LIMERICK.....Thursday, Oct. 10, 12 M.
CITY OF PARIS..........Saturday, Oct. 12, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BRISTOL.......Thursday, Oct. 17, 2 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON........Saturday, Oct. 19, 7 A. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Thursday, Oct. 24, 11 A.M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.....Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 P. M.
and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	30
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

Through Bills Lading given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

Reduction in Passage Rates.

ANCHOR LINE.

EXPRESS PASSENGER STEAMERS SAIL FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

THE NEW DEPARTURES.

SATURDAY STEAMERS.	WEDNESDAY STEAMERS.
Columbia..........Oct. 12	Iowa..........Oct. 9
Europa..........Oct. 19	Alexandria..........Oct. 16
Anglia..........Oct. 26	Caledonia..........Oct. 30
India..........Nov. 2	Olympia..........Nov. 6
California..........Nov. 9	Trinacria..........Nov. 13
Australia..........Nov. 16	Tyrian..........Nov. 20

At noon, from Pier No. 20 North River, New-York. Currency rates of passage to London, Liverpool, Glasgow, or Derry, by Wednesday's steamers, $60; by Saturday's steamers, $65 and $75; excursion tickets, $120; intermediate, $33; steerage, $28. Certificates at lowest rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Apply at the Company's offices to HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

GREAT WESTERN STEAM-SHIP LINE.

NEW-YORK TO BRISTOL, (Eng.)—DIRECT.

Taking goods and passengers for London, Cardiff, Newport, Gloucester, and all ports in Bristol Channel.

THE STEAMERS OF THIS LINE WILL SAIL FROM THE ATLANTIC DOCKS, BROOKLYN, AS FOLLOWS:
GREAT WESTERN, STAMPER......Tuesday, Oct. 12
ARRAGON, WESTERN.........Tuesday, Oct. 29
Cabin passage..........$70 currency.
Steerage..........$30 currency.

Parties wishing to send for their friends can obtain prepaid certificates. Drafts for £1 and upward.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 70 South-st.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:
VILLE DE PARIS...SURMONT....Saturday, Oct. 19
WASHINGTON........ROUSSAN...Saturday, Nov. 2
ST. LAURENT.......LEMARIE....Saturday, Nov. 16

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin..........$125 | Second cabin..........$75

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY as follows:
MANHATTAN, Capt. JAS. PRICE..Oct. 9, at 10½ A.M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH..........Oct. 16, at 3 P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. WHINERAY.......Oct. 23, at 11 A.M.
IDAHO, Capt. PRICE..........Oct. 30, at 3 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. MORGAN.....Nov. 6, at 9½ A.M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN, Nov. 13, at 3 P. M.
Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.
MERRIMACK, Capt. WEIR..........Oct. 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH....Nov. 23
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. SLOCUM..........Dec. 23

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.
HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 3 N. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.
CITY OF MEXICO, Sherwood..........Wed., Oct. 9
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only)....Wed., Oct. 16
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only)..Tues. Oct. 22
CITY OF MERIDA, Timmerman.......Tues. Oct. 29
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, Oct. 10.
MISSOURI, Capt. M. R. GREENE, via Nassau, Oct. 17.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, Oct. 24.
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 31 Duane-st., corner of Broadway.

SHIPPING.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

Sailing every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M. The steam-ships
JAMES ADGER, Capt. T. J. LOCKWOOD, Tuesday, Oct. 8.
GEORGIA, Capt. HOLMES, Thursday, Oct. 10.
MANHATTAN, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, Saturday, Oct. 12.

Superior accommodations for passengers. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued in connection with the South Carolina Railroad to all points South and South-west, and over the North-eastern Railroad to Florence, Cheraw, and all points on the Cheraw and Darlington Railroad, and with steamers to Florida ports. Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT. Goods forwarded free of commission. Bills of lading furnished and signed at the office. Local Passenger and Freight Office, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents.

For through freight tariff, or further information in reference to through freight, apply to
BENTLEY D. HASDELL,
General Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 317 Broadway.
EXTRA STEAMERS WILL BE DISPATCHED AS SOON AS LOADED.
Entrance on Thomas-st.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO

CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO
ASPINWALL, PANAMA, SANTA MARTHA, GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 10th, 20th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

Oct. 10.—Steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. GRAY, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with steamer ARIZONA, Capt. FARNSWORTH, touching at Acapulco, Manzanillo and Mazatlan, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Departures of 10th and 20th each month connect with the Company's steamer, touching at San Benito, Tonata, Salina Cruz and Port Angel. Freight for all way ports received until 4 P. M. of Oct. 8.

An extra steamer will leave San Francisco Oct. 16, 1872, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,
THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS
VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, THURSDAY, Oct. 8, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South-st.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHEESEMAN, THURSDAY, Oct. 10, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P.M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, Oct. 12, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, Oct. 12, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS, Agent A. G. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway.	GEORGE YONGE, Agent C. R. R., No. 409 Broadway

FOR NASSAU, N. P.
CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer MISSOURI, Capt. M. A. GREENE, will sail on THURSDAY, Oct. 17, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

STEAMBOATS.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP COMPANY,

FALL RIVER LINE

FOR BOSTON, via NEWPORT and FALL RIVER, Daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 5:15 P. M., From Pier No. 28 North River, foot Murray-st.,
The world-renowned steamers
BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE,
Capt. A. G. SIMMONS, Capt. B. M. SIMMONS.

The most direct route to Taunton, Middleboro, Plymouth, New-Bedford, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, and all points on the South Shore and Cape Cod Railway. Also, through tickets to Framingham, Fitchburg, Lowell, Concord, Nashua, Manchester, Lawrence, Plymouth, the WHITE MOUNTAINS, and all points north.

For tickets and state-rooms, apply at No. 241 Broadway; No. 529 Broadway, corner Spring; Broadway, corner 23d-st.; Dodd's Express offices, No. 244 Broadway; and No. 10 Court-st., Brooklyn, or at the office on the pier. A. P. BACON, Superintendent.
H. H. MANGAM, General Freight Agent.

FALL RIVER LINE.—SPECIAL NOTICE.
CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after MONDAY, Oct. 14, 1872, the steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE will leave Pier No. 28 North River, for Boston, via Newport and Fall River, at 4 P. M., instead of 5¼ P. M., as heretofore.
A. P. BACON, Superintendent.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—The largest and most magnificent river steamers in the world. The ST. JOHN, DREW and DEAN RICHMOND. One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, every afternoon, (Sunday excepted,) at 6 o'clock. Arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West, North and East. Returning, leave the steam-boat landing at Albany at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North and East.

Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and at Dodd's Express, No. 944 Broadway, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

STEAMER SEA BIRD—FOOT FRANKLIN-ST., FOR RED BANK and intermediate landings.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, 28th..2.30 P. M.	Friday, 27th.....3:30 P. M.
Monday, 30th....2:30 P. M.	Monday, 30th.....6:30 A. M.
Tuesday, Oct. 1..2:30 P. M.	Tuesday, Oct. 1..7:00 A. M.
Wednesday, 2d...3:00 P. M.	Wednesday, 2d...7:00 A. M.
Thursday, 3d....3:30 P. M.	Thursday, 3d.....7:30 A. M.
Saturday, 5th...9:30 P. M.	Friday, 4th.......8:00 A. M.

ALBANY AND TROY BY DAY LINE boats C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW, leave Vestry-st. Pier at 8:30 A. M., and 34th-st at 8:45, landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown and Nyack, (by ferry-boat,) Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Tivoli, Catskill and Hudson.

Trip tickets to Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall and Newburg, returning same day, $1.

Connecting for all points, West and North.

Last passage up, Oct. 5; down, Oct. 7.

CITIZENS' EVENING LINE STEAMERS for Troy direct.—Steamers SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL leave Pier No. 36 North River, foot North Moore-st., daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M., making sure connections with all trains going North, East and West. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points on Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroads.

NORTH RIVER & N. Y. ST.-BOAT CO.—Harrison-st. Pier.—Strs. CHRYSTENAH daily 3½ P. M., except Sundays, for Yonkers, Irvington, T'town, Nyack, R Lake, H'straw, G. Pt., Verplancks, Peekskill; ADELPHI, at 4, for Englewood, Yonkers, Hastings, D. Ferry, T'town, S. Sing, H'straw; ALEXIS, at 5, for Nyack and intermediate landings. Nyack & T'town Ferry connects with H. R. trains.

FOR STAMFORD AND GREENWICH.—The steam-boat NELLY WHITE leaves daily from Pier No. 37 East River at 3, and foot of 33d-st. at 3:15 P. M.

FOR NORWALK, DANBURY, AND LITCHFIELD.—The steamer AMERICUS leaves daily from foot of Market-st. at 2:45 and 33d-st. at 3 P. M.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, and 12 night.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
CLASSES FOR DANCING,
AT NO. 212 5TH-AV.,
WILL COMMENCE OCT. 5.

Twice-a-week classes on Mondays and Thursdays, Tuesdays and Fridays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Once a week, on Saturday morning and Friday evening. Monday and Thursday evenings for gentlemen.

For terms, &c., send for circular.

ACADEMY OF DANCING.
LYRIC HALL, No. 723 6th-av., and ADELPHI HALL, Broadway, 52d-st. and 7th-av. Mr. TRENOR is pleased to announce that his superior academy rooms are now open. See circulars.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 82 5TH-AV., CORNER 14TH-ST., NOW OPEN. PARTICULARS IN CIRCULAR.

MR. AND MRS. HLASKO'S ACADEMY FOR DANCING, No. 64 West 34th-st.—Instruction commences SATURDAY, Nov. 2. For children at 10 A. M.; for families 4, and gentlemen 8 P. M. Send for circular.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 175 State, corner of Court-st., Brooklyn; classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular; inclose twenty-five cent stamp for a revised edition of the Dancers' Assistant.

MANUEL'S PRIVATE DANCING Academy, Harvard Rooms, Reservoir-square, 6th-av., corner 42d-st., will open SATURDAY Oct. 19. For terms, &c., send for circular.

DUMAS'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 24 West 4th-st., near Broadway.—Day and evening classes. All dances taught in one quarter; six in six private lessons.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

MADISON-SQUARE HOUSE.
21st-st. and Broadway.
Elegant suites of apartments, with private table if required. The establishment has recently changed hands, has been thoroughly renovated and newly fitted up. The finest rooms of any house on Broadway, commanding a full view of 5th-av., Madison-square and Broadway.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.,
And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

MISS H. E. OGDEN'S,
No. 5 East 31st-st., parlor floor, handsomely furnished; also, two bedrooms on second floor; bath, closets, and every convenience, with private table.

TO LET—TO A GENTLEMAN, WITHOUT board, in a private family, above 17th-st., and near the Central Park and Madison-avenue cars, a neatly-furnished bedroom, with closets, gas, and hot and cold water; references required. Apply at No. 284 Pearl-st., Room No. 4.

A FAMILY OF ADULTS, OCCUPYING their own house, will let a furnished second floor, with board, to a family or party of gentlemen; private bath-room, closets, &c.; references given and required. Call on Monday or Tuesday at No. 153 East 46th-st.

A LARGE, HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED room, all modern improvements, on second floor, will be rented to a single gentleman; location 30th-st., near Madison and 4th avs.; family strictly private; references exchanged. Address, with name, J. T. C., Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

APARTMENTS, WITH PRIVATE TABLE, wanted for gentleman, wife, two young children and nurse; location must be central, and terms moderate; boarding-houses not noticed. Address X. Y. Z., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY, in 17th-st., near 5th-av., will rent their second floor, handsomely furnished, with breakfast or full board, to a party of gentlemen or adults; best of references. Address MORTIMER, Box 164 *Times* Office.

GENTLEMEN IN BUSINESS NEAR Fulton or Wall-street Ferries, can find at No. 104 Columbia Heights choice suites of rooms, with fine view of the Bay, and all the appointments of an elegant home.

THIRTY-FOURTH-ST., NO. 117 EAST, near Park-av.—Second floor, handsomely furnished, with or without private table; also, front room and hall-room on third floor, southern exposure; unexceptionable references given and required.

AN ENTIRE FLOOR, CONSISTING of four rooms, en suite, handsomely furnished, ample pantries, &c., to let, with private table and attendance; family small and private. No. 21 West 30th-st.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 206, OPPOSITE Madison-square.—Mrs. SEAVER can be found at the above number, where unusually desirable suites of rooms, with or without private table, may be secured for the Winter.

PARTIES DESIRING FURNISHED apartments, with or without board, in first-class location, can be supplied; full particulars given by applying to W. J. COLES, Agent, No. 1,267 Broadway. Houses to let.

ROBINSON'S HOTEL AND FAMILY restaurant, 16th-st., near 5th-av.; large, commodious, new and elegantly-furnished rooms, in suites or singly, for permanent or transient guests; rates moderate.

NO. 70 IRVING-PLACE, GRAMERCY Park—Extra large rooms, second floor, all en suite or singly, handsomely furnished; large hall-rooms for gentlemen, with fires; other rooms also; house and table first class.

NO. 107 WEST 41ST-ST., BETWEEN 6th-av. and Broadway—One large front room (southern exposure) for gentleman and wife, with or without board; also, one for single gentleman; terms reasonable; references.

FIFTH-AV., ABOVE 45TH-ST.—A MEDIUM-sized four story, high stoop, brown stone; nearly new, extra finish, all modern improvements; elegant furniture, at a bargain; terms easy; owner going abroad. H. R. DREW & CO., No. 155 5th-av.

PARTIES DESIRING LARGE SECOND floor, four rooms and bath-room, newly painted and furnished, in genteel location, with private table, address M. E., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

SECOND FLOOR—ENTIRE OR SEPARATELY, with or without private table; also, upper front sunny suite; strictly first class; references. No. 33 West 33d-st.

NO. 28 WEST 12TH-ST., WEST OF 5TH-AV.—With board, newly-furnished rooms, for family or party of gentlemen; house and table first-class.

TO LET—LARGE, HANDSOME ROOMS, singly or en suite, for gentlemen; location unexceptionable; references required. Address Box No. 3,259 Post-office.

FIFTH-AV.—AN ELEGANT PARLOR floor, with private table, can be had permanently; also, a suite of three rooms, on second floor, to let until Dec. 1, in the spacious double house, 45 5th-av.

FIFTH-AV., NEAR 31ST-ST.—A PRIVATE family offer one or two floors, with private table and attendance if desired. Apply for address at Everett Library, No. 588 6th-av.

NO. 64 WEST 10TH-ST.—TO LET, without board, an entire second floor newly furnished, with bath, &c.; convenient to 6th-avenue cars and restaurants.

NO. 124 EAST 24TH-ST., NEAR 4TH-av.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, with board, for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; house first class, owned by occupant; references exchanged.

NO. 241 EAST 13TH-ST.—A CHOICE OF very desirable rooms, with board, for families or a party of gentlemen; location and house unexceptionable.

A HANDSOME SECOND FLOOR TO let, consisting of three large and one small room, with board; private table if desired. No. 36 West 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

TO LET.—TWO OR THREE NICELY-FURNISHED rooms, with every convenience, with or without board; reference required. Call at No. 13 Bank-st.

TWENTY-FIFTH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY—An elegant suite of rooms to let; private table; no other boarders. Refer to WILLIAM J. COLES, No. 1,267 Broadway.

A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED rooms to rent for the Winter, at Mrs. LUDLOW'S, No. 39 West 14th-st.; references given and required.

FIFTH-AV., NEAR 20TH-ST.—AN ELEGANT parlor floor, and other rooms, with board; strictly first class. Refer to W. J. COLES, No. 1,267 Broadway.

NO. 112 WEST 38TH-ST.—A PLEASANT front room on the second floor to let, with board; suitable for a gentleman and wife; references required.

NO. 349 4TH-AV., BETWEEN 25TH and 26th sts.—Accommodation for either single or married gentlemen; all modern improvements; rooms neatly furnished; board first-class.

ONE SUITE OF ROOMS, SECOND floor; also one single room, to let, with board, in a family occupying their own house; first class. No. 43 West 22d-st.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 294—AN ELEGANT suite of rooms, with board, for an adult family; also, pleasant front room for single gentleman; references; private family.

TWENTY-FIRST-ST., NO. 350 WEST, first door from 9th-av.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, with board, for families or single gentlemen; table unexceptionable; price moderate; references.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OFFER AN ELEGANT suite of three rooms, two bedrooms and parlor; private table if desired; references exchanged; location unexceptionable. Apply at 51 West 36th-st.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 138.—A HANDSOME suite of rooms on first floor, with private table; also, rooms for gentlemen, without board.

NO. 263 5TH-AV.—AN ELEGANT SUITE of parlors to rent, with private table; also, rooms for single gentlemen, without board.

ROOMS, HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED, TO let singly or en suite; with or without first-class board, at No. 35 West 16th-st.

NO. 57 WEST 39TH-ST.—NEWLY-FURNISHED front and hall room, southern exposure, to let, with board.

NO. 50 WEST 28TH-ST.—TO LET, handsomely-furnished rooms, with unexceptionable board; reference exchanged.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET, WITH first-class board, desirable rooms, No. 50 West 46th-st. References exchanged.

NO. 65 WEST 48TH-ST.—ROOMS, EN suite or singly, with board. A refined home. Unexceptionable references.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, WITH or without board. Inquire No. 354 West 17th-st.

NO. 63 PARK-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS to let, with or without private table.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

WINTER RESORT.
ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL,
Nassau, N. P., Bahamas, opens for the Winter season Nov. 1. For full information address J. Lidgewood, Agent, 758 B'way, N. Y. Lewis F. Cleveland, Prop'r.

SUMMER RESORTS.

VERMONT SUMMER HOME, POULTNEY, Vt., Rev. J. NEWMAN, D. D., Proprietor. Open from May 1. Special rates to families and season borders.

COUNTRY BOARD.

GLEN RIDGE, CORNWALL, N. Y.—BOARD for the FALL. Terms moderate.
JAMES G. ROE.

BOARD WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN, WIFE AND SON DEsire two rooms in a central part of the City, with board, in a quiet, neat, plain, homelike family; $130 per month, and the cash promptly paid, and the best references given and required. Address QUIET, Box No. 542 Post-office.

MEETINGS.

ASSOCIATION OF THE ALUMNI OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—The annual meeting of the Association for the election of officers and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held in the College Library, 49th-st., near Madison-av., on MONDAY EVENING, the 7th inst., at 8 o'clock. J. H. VAN AMRINGE, Sec'y.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
at the TIMES Up-town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.;
and the TIMES West-side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A GENTLEMAN GOING TO EUROPE wishes to sell a pair of handsome, well-matched bay horses, 15¾ hands, a landaulet in excellent order, made by Wood Bros., a set of double harness and a handsome sorrel horse suitable for a coupé, phaeton or the saddle. Apply at No. 175 2d-av.

HORSE-BLANKETS, FOR CARRIAGE and stable use, lap robes, whips, &c., the best goods in the market at low prices.
MAGNUS BROTHERS,
No. 104 Fulton-st., near William.

PRIVATE STABLES WANTED.—APPLICATIONS are constantly made to us for up-town stables to rent. We have such now, and would request those having them to call upon us or send us memoranda. F. G. & D. BROWN, No. 90 Broadway.

TO LET—A HANDSOME NEW COUPE, harness, and horse, by the month. This is worthy the attention of parties desiring a fine establishment. Inquire at stables, Nos. 63 or 138 East 12th-st.

FOR SALE—A LIGHT VICTORIA IN EXCELLENT condition. Inquire at office of General Manager, Fourth-avenue Railroad, corner 4th-av. and 32d-st.

TO LET—STABLE IN MACDOUGAL ALLEY, No. 23; six stalls, gas, water and coachman's bedroom. Inquire at No. 23 Washington-square.

FOR SALE—A YOUNG, HANDSOME CARRIAGE dog, very cheap, at No. 659 9th-av., between 45th and 46th sts.

SADDLERY, HARNESS, HORSE-CLOTHING, manufactured extensively by
C. B. SMITH & CO., No. 40 Warren-st.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New-Jersey.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of DANIEL W. LITTELL, bankrupt.—District of New-Jersey, ss.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Daniel W. Littell, of the County of Union and State of New-Jersey, in said district; he has been duly adjudged bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at New-Brunswick in said district, on the 22d day of October, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of John C. Elmendorf, Esq., one of the Registers in bankruptcy of said district.
SAMUEL PLUMMER,
United States Marshal for said District.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the District of New-Jersey—In the matter of GIOVANNI B. BORIOTTI, bankrupt—In bankruptcy—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Giovanni B. Boriotti, of the County of Morris, in said district, adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Patterson, in said district, on the 15th day of October, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Thomas D. Hoxsey, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.
SAMUEL PLUMMER,
United States Marshal.
Per JOHN C. BAILY, Deputy.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of FRANK G. BUFFORD, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Frank G. Bufford, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 21st day of October, 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, Nos. 12 and 14 John-street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 27th day of September, 1872.
s30-1aw3wM* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BORDEN W. PLUMB, bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having filed in Court a petition for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 29th day of October, 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the Chambers of said Court, before Mr. James F. Dwight, one of the Registers in the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 7 Beekman-street, (corner of Nassau,) Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, Oct 5, 1872.
o7-1aw3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DAVID J. SULLIVAN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—Take notice that a petition has been filed in said Court by David J. Sullivan, of New-York, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts provable under said act, and that the 29th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-street, New-York City, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

To the creditors of said bankrupt who have proved their debts.
JAMES F. DWIGHT, Register.
GEORGE F. BETTS,
o7-1aw3wM Clerk of the District Court.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JULIUS DEITSCH and MOSELY EZEKIEL, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Julius Deitsch and Moseley Ezekiel, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1872, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.
GEORGE H. SHARPE,
Marshal—Messenger.

NO. 3,623.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of PEARSON H. KIPP and JOSEPH Y. MARSH, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Pearson H. Kipp and Joseph Y. Marsh, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 16th day of September, A. D. 1872.
WILLIAM H. MARSH, Assignee,
No. 1,402 Broadway, New-York City.
A. P. HINMAN, Attorney for Assignee, No. 14 Wall-street, New-York City. se23-1aw3wM*

NO. 3,173.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FRANK G. BUFFORD, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Frank G. Bufford, of the City of New York, in the County of New York, and State of New York, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District. Dated at New York, the 4th day of October, A. D. 1872.
JOHN H. PLATT, Assignee,
o7-1aw3wM* No. 40 Wall-st., New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York—In the matter of BORDEN W. PLUMB, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Borden W. Plumb, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district. Dated at New-York the 5th day of October, A. D., 1872.
JNO. SEDWICK, Assignee,
o7-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ABRAHAM MESEROLE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of Theodore F. Jackson, No. 45 Broadway, Williamsburg, in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 10th day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 8th day of April, 1872.
ARCHIBALD K. MESEROLE, }
JEREMIAH V. MESEROLE, } Executors.
THEODORE F. JACKSON, }
ap8-1aw6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS C. ASSON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their residence, No. 115 East 19th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 11th day of November next. Dated New-York the 2d day of May, 1872.
ELIZABETH G. ASSON,
THOMAS M. ASSON,
Executors.
JAMES GRIDLEY, Proctor Executors, No. 59 Nassau-st. 1aw-6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MATTHIAS CLARK, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at the office of Alexander S. Clark, No. 74 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 14th day of April next.—Dated New-York, the 5th day of October, 1872.
SAMUEL Y. CLARK,
ALEXANDER S. CLARK,
JOHN M. CLARK,
Administrators of Matthias Clark, deceased.
oc7-1aw6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY D. BULKLEY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 98 Liberty-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of March next. Dated New-York the 7th day of September, 1872.
s9-1aw6mM* HENRY W. BULKLEY, Executor.

LIFE POLICY HOLDERS MAY OBtain independent and experienced advice, policy valuations, &c., from D. P. FACKLER, Consulting Actuary, No. 293 Broadway, Rooms Nos. 4 and 5.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LUCCA.
ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..........................MAX MARETZEK
POSITIVELY NO FREE LIST.
THIS (MONDAY,) OCT. 7, at 8 P. M.,
Fourth appearance in America of
Mme. PAULINE LUCCA.
Last time of
L'AFRICAINE.
L'AFRICAINE.
Selika..........................Mme. PAULINE LUCCA
Inez..........................Mme. LEONI LEVIELLI
Signors ABRUGNEDO, MORIAMI, JAMET, &c.
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, at 8 P. M.,
Fifth subscription night.
FAUST.
FAUST.
Mme. PAULINE LUCCA,
Señora SANZ, Signor VIZZANI,
Signors SPARAPANI and JAMET.
FRIDAY, sixth subscription night.
SATURDAY, second Grand Matinée.
Tickets can be obtained at the Academy of Music and at Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway.

FORTY-FIRST EXHIBITION
OF THE
AMERICAN INSTITUTE.
63d-st., and 2d and 3d avs.
Now open and in full operation.
Containing an
IMMENSE NUMBER
of
WONDERFUL SPECIMENS
of
ART, SCIENCE AND MECHANICS.
It forms an
EXTENSIVE DEPOSITORY
of the
WORKS OF AMERICAN GENIUS,
and
WELL DESERVES THE INSPECTION AND ATTENTION
of the
AMERICAN PEOPLE.
CONCERT MUSIC
AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
by
KEATING'S CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA.
PROGRAMME:

Overture, "Pique Dame,"	Suppe
Quartet, (solos for horn, flute, clarionet and violoncello	Flotow
Waltz, "Wein, Weil and Gesang,"	Strauss
Aria, "Robert le Diable,"	Meyerbeer
Selection, "Traviata,"	Verdi
Overture, "Martha,"	Flotow
Oboi solo	Mr. Henry Malsch
Waltz, "Beautiful Rhine,"	Kela Bala
Finale, "Lucia di Lammermoor,"	Donizetti
March, "Wedding,"	Mendelssohn

THEO. THOMAS SYMPHONY CONCERTS.
AT STEINWAY HALL.
The public is respectfully informed that Mr. Theo. Thomas, in compliance with numerous requests, will give a
SERIES OF SIX SYMPHONY CONCERTS
during the Fall and Winter on the following dates:
SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 9.
SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 28.
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 11.
SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 1.
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 29.
SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 26.

In resuming these Concerts, the character of which is too well known to need comment, Mr. Thomas wishes to state that, while the general tendency of the programmes will be the same as in former years, his special aim will be to restrict them to works of the highest eminence, both of the old masters and those of the present day. Owing to the efficient state of the orchestra, he will be better able than ever before to illustrate the progress of musical art. Important novelties will be given during the season, which will be announced later.

Some of the most prominent artists now in the country will appear.

PRICE OF ADMISSION.
SUBSCRIPTION TICKETS, including reserved seat, $8.
ADMISSION TICKET, $1 50.
Reserved seats, 50 cents extra.
Subscriptions are now received at all the principal music-stores, and at the warerooms of Steinway & Sons, where also circulars can be obtained.

ASSOCIATION HALL,
4th-av. and 23d-st.
THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 10,
Rev. HUGH STOWELL BROWN,
of Liverpool, England,
Will deliver his lecture on
THE PEOPLE'S PROVERBS.
Tickets and reserved seats, 75c., at Schirmer's, No. 114 Broadway, Association Hall, and the Baptist book-stores.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
St. James Theatre, corner 28th-st. and Broadway.
GREATEST SUCCESS IN THE CITY.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD AND BACKUS.
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS,
Every Night and Saturday Matinee.

THE DEDICATORY SERVICES ON the opening of the Presbyterian Hospital will be held at the Hospital, on 70th-st., between 4th and Madison avs., on THURSDAY, 10th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. HENRY M. TABER, Recording Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1872.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR DIMENSION STONE REQUIRED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE NEW GOVERNMENT BUILDING AT ST. LOUIS, MO.
OFFICE OF SUPERVISING ARCHITECT, }
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 21, 1872. }

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. of the 26th day of October, 1872, for furnishing and delivering at the site of the proposed Government building at St. Louis, Mo., all of the dimension required for the exterior of the building.

The species of stone from which a selection will be made will be confined to granite, marble and sandstones, and the qualities especially insisted upon will be uniformity of color and texture, durability, and the capacity for working under the chisel or hammer.

A sample block, 12x12x12 inches, showing on each face a different kind of cutting, and on one the natural fracture of the stone must be submitted with each bid.

No stone that has not been tested by actual use as cut stone in buildings for at least ten years will be considered, and absolute proof that it has been so used for that period must be furnished.

The stone must further have a good grain and be free from all discoloring substances, and the quarry from which it is procured must be fully opened and capable of furnishing the quality and quantity desired within one year.

About 400,000 cubic feet, more or less, will be required, the actual average of the stones cannot now be given, but will approximate forty feet, the largest stone containing about 200 cubic feet.

The stone will be ordered on a schedule of net sizes, in order that the contractor may make proper allowances for cutting in the quarrying, and on this schedule payment will be made allowing an addition of one inch to each face on granite and marble stock and of one-half inch to each cut face of sandstone.

Bidders will state how soon they can commence delivering the stone and the amount per week they can deliver; the stone and the amount per week they can deliver. They will also state the average and maximun size of the stones that can be obtained from their quarry.

No bids will be received except from the owners or lessees of the quarries from which the stone is proposed to be furnished, and a certificate from the Recorder of the County in which the quarry is situated that the bidder is the owner or lessee of the quarry must accompany the bid.

All proposals must be made on and in full accordance with the printed forms to be obtained on application at this office or from the Superintendent, Mr. Thomas Walsh, St. Louis, Mo., and must be accompanied by a penal bond in the sum of fifty thousand dollars, ($50,000) that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded to him, and give bond therefor in the penal sum of one hundred thousand dollars, ($100,000) and a valid and binding lease of the quarry to the Government as security for the faithful performance of the contract, the lease to take effect upon the failure of the contractor to comply with the terms of the contract, said lease to authorize the Government to take full possession of the quarry and work it at the expense of the contractor in case of default.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to divide the contract and use two or more kinds of stone.

Proposals must be inclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed, "Proposals for dimension stone for the new Government building, St. Louis, Mo.," and addressed to A. B. MULLETT, Supervising Architect.

PROPOSALS FOR HEAD-STONES FOR NATIONAL MILITARY CEMETERIES.
WAR DEPARTMENT, }
QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 1, 1872. }

Proposals are invited for marking the graves in the National Cemeteries, as required by law, to be addressed to the Quartermaster-General, Washington, D. C.

Proposals should state the price for each head-stone, properly inscribed and set at the head of the grave in each National Military Cemetery.

Bids may be for the whole work of all the cemeteries, or for that of several cemeteries in a district, or for a single cemetery.

The bonds required will be, in amount, twenty (20) per cent. of the whole amount of each contract.

All proposals received by the Quartermaster-General will be opened on the 12th day of October, 1872, at noon, at the office of the Quartermaster-General, Washington, D. C., in presence of bidders, and contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidders as soon as a comparison of the samples and prices can be completed, provided the samples are deemed suitable by the Secretary of War.

All samples should be distinctly marked in order to prevent mistakes.

Lists of the cemeteries, with the number of graves in each, together with full information as to conditions, requirements, &c., will be furnished on application in writing to the Quartermaster-General, Washington, D. C.

Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Head-stones for National Military Cemeteries," and addressed to the Quartermaster-General, Washington, D. C. M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General, Bvt. Major-General U. S. A.

STORES FOR UNITED STATES ARMY.
WAR DEPARTMENT, }
QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 23, 1872. }

Manufacturers are requested to send to this office printed descriptive cuts and price-lists of such stores as they make, and can recommend for use of the Army in garrison and camp.

The rooms in quarters of officers are generally of moderate size, not over fifteen or sixteen feet square.

The cooking stove or range, for troops, should be of size to cook for eighty (80) men.

Wrought-iron, as less liable to breakage, is preferable to cast-iron for these large cooking-stoves.

Pieces should be put on board cars or vessels securely packed for transportation.

Pieces of spare parts are also desired. From these lists it is intended to select those which, being suitable for the purpose, will be least costly in each geographical military department, or at each post to be supplied. (Signed,) M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster General,
Brevet Major-General United States Army.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, }
ARMY BUILDINGS, HOUSTON AND GREENE STS., }
NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1872. }
SEALED PROPOSALS FOR BLASTING and removal of rocks in Port Chester Harbor, New-York, will be received until noon of Oct. 30, 1872.
For further information apply to this office.
JOHN NEWTON,
Lieut.-Col. Engineers, Brevet Major-General.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, }
ARMY BUILDING, HOUSTON AND GREENE STS., }
NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1872. }
SEALED PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING the bar at Belleville, on the Passaic River, New-Jersey, will be received until noon of Oct. 30, 1872.
For further information apply to this office.
JOHN NEWTON,
Lieutenant-Colonel Engineers, Brevet Major-General.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. BOUCICAULT.
EDWIN BOOTH..........Proprietor and Manager
THIRD WEEK.
MR. AND MRS. DION BOUCICAULT,
(Miss Agnes Robertson,)
in the great Irish drama,
ARRAH NA POGUE.
Mr. BOUCICAULT.....as.....SHAUN THE POST
As originally performed by him upward of
ONE THOUSAND NIGHTS.
Mrs. BOUCICAULT (Miss Agnes Robertson) as
ARRAH OF THE KISS.
Mr. SHIEL BARRY..........as..........FEENY
EACH EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE.

In preparation, JESSIE BROWN, in which Miss AGNES ROBERTSON (Mrs. Dion Boucicault) will sustain her original character. Also, for the first time in New-York, KERRY; or, NIGHT AND MORNING, in which Mr BOUCICAULT will perform. These celebrated plays will be produced as soon as the public show their desire for any change of the present performance.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Sole Lessee and Manager...Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY
ROI CAROTTE.
THE GRAND PARISIAN SPECTACLE.
SEVENTH WEEK.
ROI CAROTTE MATINEE, SATURDAY at ONE.
The *Home Journal* says: "The strongest troupe of STARS ever congregated at any one place of amusement is now gathered at the GRAND OPERA-HOUSE in ROI CAROTTE. Mrs. John Wood, John Brougham, Rose Hersee, Emma Howson, Stuart Robson, the Majiltons and the Lauri Family have each separately formed the chief and almost only attraction at many theatres in New-York and elsewhere. They are all to be seen in ROI CAROTTE."

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
LAST NIGHTS
OF
DIAMONDS.
Characters by Miss Davenport, Fanny Morant, Mrs. Gilbert, Linda Dietz, Sara Jewett, Georgie Langley, Nellie Mortimer, Mr. George Clarke, James Lewis, W. J. Lemoyne, S. H. Griffiths, W. Davidge, Henry Crisp, B. T. Ringgold, C. H. Rockwell, D. Whiting, and others.
SIXTH DIAMONDS MATINEE,
SATURDAY, at 1½.
SHORTLY—The brilliant comedies of The Belle's Stratagem, The Road to Ruin, The Inconstant, and THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR.

RUBINSTEIN CONCERTS.
STEINWAY HALL.
RUBINSTEIN AND WIENIAWSKI—TO-NIGHT.
Mr. Grau has the honor to announce the
LAST RUBINSTEIN CONCERTS,
and LAST APPEARANCE IN NEW-YORK,
(previous to their departure for Boston,) of
ANTON RUBINSTEIN, the greatest living Pianist,
HENRI WIEINAWSKI, the world-renowned Violinist,
LOUISE LIEBHART, the celebrated Soprano,
Mlle. LOUISE ORMENY, the favorite Contralto,
for MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, at 8.
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Oct. 9, at 2.
FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 11, at 8.
Orchestra under direction of Mr. Bergmann.
Seats $2 and $3, according to location. Admission $1 and $1 50. At Steinway Hall, and Nos. 701 and 114 Broadway.
TO-MORROW—Last concert in Brooklyn.
IN NEWARK, THURSDAY, Oct. 10.

RUBINSTEIN MATINEE—WEDNESDAY.
STEINWAY HALL, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.
The immense success attending the
RUBINSTEIN MATINEES
has induced Mr Grau to give a
LAST GRAND RUBINSTEIN MATINEE
on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Oct. 9, at 2 o'clock.
Matinee reserved seats, $2; admission, $1; at Steinway Hall, Schirmer's, Nos. 701 and 114 Broadway.

RUBINSTEIN—BROOKLYN ACADEMY.
TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 8, last appearance in Brooklyn of RUBINSTEIN and WIENIAWSKI. Seats, $2; admission, $1; at box-office and No. 114 Broadway, New-York.

DRY DOCK
CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.
FIFTH WEEK OF THE GREAT SHOW!
Foot of Houston-st., East River.
25 CENTS ADMISSION
To see G. F. BAILEY & CO.'S fine collection of
LIVING WILD ANIMALS,
In conjunction with the
GREATEST CIRCUS COMPANY
Ever organized in this country.
Open every afternoon and night.
DON'T DELAY GOING
to see the superb exhibition of Wild Beasts, and the great Circus Riders, before the approaching cold weather
CLOSES THE SEASON.
Admission to all only 25 cents.
The Dry Dock, Belt, Grand, and 42d sts., and Avenue C cars run near the show ground every two minutes.

A CARD.
THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
(formerly at No. 820 Broadway and No. 82 5th-av.,)
NOW LOCATED AT NO. 5 EAST 14TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.,
NEXT DOOR TO DELMONICO'S,
is the only chartered Music School in the State, and has no branch in this City, nor any connection with a similar institution using our name as nearly as possible, evidently with a view of obtaining patronage thereby.
Every branch of music is here taught, by the most eminent instructors in the land, at a price within the reach of all; also all foreign languages.
Instruction day and evening.
The subscription books are now open.
THE MOLLENHAUER CONSERVATORY, formerly in Schermerhorn-st., has been incorporated in the
BROOKLYN BRANCH,
Nos. 102, 104 and 106 Court-st., near State.

GRAND RALLY OF THE WOMEN
AT
COOPER INSTITUTE,
MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, at 7½ o'clock.
The meeting will be addressed by
ELIZABETH CADY STANTON,
ISABELLE BEECHER HOOKER,
MATILDA JOSLYN GAGE,
OLYMPIA BROWN,
LILLIE DEVEREUX BLAKE,
SUSAN B. ANTHONY.
EVERYBODY CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND.

MR. GEO. VANDENHOFF
Having returned from Europe will resume his
READINGS AND LECTURES.
New lectures, with illustrations: THE FOOLS, CLOWNS AND JESTERS OF SHAKESPEARE. Address New-York Hotel.

"A PAIR OF BLUE EYES."—A charming romance now commences in NEW-YORK WEEKLY REVIEW, the oldest and best musical and dramatic paper; containing also "The Dry-Goods Drama," "Strike Home," all the gossip, Lucca, Rubinstein, reviews, &c. Office, No. 25 Frankfort-st.

NEW MUSIC.—JUST PUBLISHED, "GEN. John A. Dix Grand March," by James M. Deems. Price, 35 cents.
W. HALL & SON, No 721 Broadway.

LOAN OFFICES.

NO. 1,267 BROADWAY, ROOM B, over *Herald* Branch. (Parlor for ladies.) Also No. 418 6th-av. Money advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c. Same bought and sold.
LINDO BROS.

AT NO. 43 CHATHAM-ST.—MONEY loaned on diamonds, watches and jewelry.
WM. GAMMON.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK MIDLAND RAILWAY—NEW-JERSEY DIVISION.—Passenger depots in New-York, foot of Cortlandt-st. and Desbrosses-st. Freight received at Pier No. 39½ North River, and Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, Jersey City.
TIME OF TRAINS LEAVING NEW-YORK,
Adopted July 1, 1872.
5:20 A. M., Way-train for Bloomingburg and intermediate stations.
8 A. M., Express Mail for Ellenville, Liberty Falls, and intermediate stations.
10:40 A.M. Way-train for Bloomingdale and intermediate stations.
1 P. M., Way-train for Wortendyke and intermediate stations.
3:40 P. M., Way-train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M., Express-train for Hackensack, Paterson, Wortendyke, Franklin, Middletown, Ellenville, and Liberty Falls.
5:10 P. M., Way-train for Bloomingdale and intermediate stations.
6:10 P. M., Way-train for Wortendyke and intermediate stations.
Returning, leave Ellenville at 5:55 A. M. and 3:50 P. M.; arrive in New-York 10:40 A. M. and 9:20 P. M. Leave Liberty Falls, 5:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; arrive in New-York, 10:40 A. M. and 9:20 P. M. Leave Middletown at 6 A. M., 7 A. M., 4:59 and 6:40 P. M.; arrive in New-York, 10:20 A. M., 10:40 A. M., 9:20 P. M., and 12:35 A. M.
C. W. DOUGLAS, General Superintendent.
WM. H. WEED, General Ticket Agent.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.
Commencing on Monday, Sept. 16, 1872. Through Trains will leave Grand Central Depot.
8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Watertown, Rochester and Montreal.
10.00 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
11.00 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
3.40 P. M., Special Express for Albany and Troy.
4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping-cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6.00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping-cars for Watertown, Ogdensburg and Canandaigua.
8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads. This train runs on Sundays.
11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.
C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD
TIME TABLE.
On and after Saturday, July 27, trains will leave Hunter's Point as follows:
8:30 A. M., Greenport and Sag Harbor Mail.
11:00 A. M., Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead way.
4:00 P. M., Greenport and Sag Harbor Express.
4:00 P. M., Locust Valley and Hempstead Express.
5:00 P. M., Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead Express.
6:30 P. M., Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead way.
SUNDAY TRAINS.—For Huntington, Northport, Roslyn, Glen Head, Glen Cove and Locust Valley, leave Hunter's Point at 9:00 A. M. and 6:45 P. M. Returning, leave Northport at 6:00 A. M. and 3:25 P. M. Locust Valley at 6:45 A. M. and 4:00 P. M. Glen Cove at 6:50 A. M. and 4:05 P. M. Glen Head at 6:55 A. M. and 4:11 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS.

STEINWAY HALL—PATTI—MARIO.
THE LAST STRAKOSCH CONCERT,
TO-MORROW (Tuesday) EVENING, OCT. 8, at 8.
MLLE. CARLOTTA PATTI, Mlle. CARRENO, Miss CARY, SAURET, RONCONI, and Signor MARIO will appear on their return from Boston, where they have met with the most triumphant success, in ONE GRAND FAREWELL CONCERT, prior to their departure for Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and the Western cities.
Conductor..........................Signor MARZO
Reserved Seats, $2, which can be secured today, at 9 A. M., at Steinway Hall; Schirmer's, No. 701 and No. 114 Broadway.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager..Mr. LESTER WALLACK
EVERY EVENING until further notice,
Mr. W. S. Gilbert's original comedy,
PYGMALION
AND
GALATEA!
which has already been acted at Haymarket Theatre, London, for more than
TWO HUNDRED NIGHTS.
Characters by Mr. GEORGE BONIFACE, Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mr. G. F. BROWNE, Miss CATHERINE ROGERS, Miss EDITH CHALLIS, Miss FANNY HUNT, (who has kindly undertaken the part at very short notice in consequence of the sudden illness of Mrs. F. FOSTER,) Mme. PONISI.
Due notice will be given of the first appearance of Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. LYTTON, Mr. EDWIN, Mr. LEONARD, Miss EFFIE GERMON and Mrs. JOHN SEFTON.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. MURRAY.
MONDAY, Oct. 7, 1872.
OVERWHELMING SUCCESS
of the eminent and popular artist,
MR. DOMINICK MURRAY,
who is nightly received with acclamations of delight by HOUSES CROWDED TO THE DOME, in his great successful local drama, entitled
ESCAPED
FROM SING SING.
In which he will personate five different characters.
SECURE YOUR SEATS
IN ADVANCE and AVOID CROWD.
MATINEE PERFORMANCE AT 2 P. M.
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday production of the new fairy burlesque extravaganza, called LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.
Preceded by the comedy in one act of a
PRETTY PIECE OF BUSINESS.

PAULINE MARKHAM,	LISA WEBER,
BELLE HOWITT,	EMMA GRATTAN,
THERESA WOOD,	JENNIE ARNOT,
GEORGE ATKINS,	A. H. SHELDON,

&c., will appear.

OLYMPIC THEATRE. MLLE. AIMEE
HAYES & COLVILLE......Lessees and Managers.
Brief season of the newly-organized
AIMEE PARISIAN OPERA BOUFFE.
C. A. CHIZZOLA & CO.......... ....Directors.
Commencing
MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 14,
with the highly-popular opera,
LA GRANDE DUCHESSE.
Mlle. AIMEE in the grand role, La Grande Duchesse.
MONS. JUTEAU (first appearance)..........FRITZ.
MONS. LECUYER (first appearance)..Gen. BOUM.
Mons. MARCAS (first appearance) PRINCE PAUL.
Mlle. ROLLAND (first appearance).........WANDA.
Grand Chorus and Orchestra
under the direction of MONS. VON GHELE.
In active preparation and under rehearsal,
GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT,
with new scenery by Jas. E. Hayes.
Sale of seats commences Friday at 9 A. M.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.
Proprietor..........................Mr. Sheridan Shook
Manager..........................Mr. A. M. Palmer
Fourth week and uninterrupted success of
AGNES,
with the charming young actress,
MISS AGNES ETHEL,
for whom the play was written, in the title rôle Agnes.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY, at 1½ o'clock.
Seats secured six days in advance.
Box-office open every day from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Doors open at night at 7½; curtain rises at 8 o'clock.
Carriages may be ordered for 10¼ o'clock.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA-HOUSE,
No. 200 Bowery, opposite Spring-st.
TONY PASTOR and his GREAT STAR TROUPE.
A new comic drama entitled
A DUTCHMAN IN LONDON.
GUS WILLIAMS as PETER FUNDERNICKELS.
CARRIE LAVARIES' MELODIES of IRELAND.
An entirely new bill of mirth and humor.
MATINEES TUESDAY AND SATURDAY.
LADIES ADMITTED FREE ON FRIDAYS.

DAN BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. 23D-ST.
Every evening at 8. BRILLIANT SUCCESS of the Excelsior Minstrel Troupe. Messrs. Kelly and Leon, Dan Bryant, Nelse Seymour, Dave Reed. Family matinée SATURDAY next at 2.

EMERSON'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS, 720 BROADWAY. 720.
The Master Troupe of the world.
Every Evening and Saturday Matinee.
T. MAGUIRE and BILLY EMERSON Proprietors.

THE TURF.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
JEROME PARK RACES.
Oct. 2, 5, 8, 10 and 12.
Extra trains will leave Grand Central Depot on race days at 12 M. and 12:30 P. M., returning immediately after the races. Special cars reserved for ladies. Excursion tickets, 40 cents. Fourth-av. City cars run direct to depot.
C. M. BISSELL, Superintendent.

AMERICAN JOCKEY CLUB.
FALL RACES AT JEROME PARK,
OCT. 5, 8, 10 AND 12.
Races commence each day punctually at 1½ o'clock. A. BELMONT, President.
C. WHEATLY, Secretary.

MUSICAL.

Chickering.

WARE-ROOMS,
11 East Fourteenth St., New York.
—o—
41,000
OF THESE
Standard Instruments
NOW IN USE.
☞Send For Circular.

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.
NO. 211 4TH-AV., BETWEEN 17TH and 18TH STS.,
Prof. HENRY SCHROEDER, Director.
THE MOST PROMINENT
MUSICAL INSTITUTE
in thorough instructions in Vocal and Instrumental Music and Foreign Languages, by the most celebrated Professors. For particulars and prospectus apply to F. BUSS, Secretary.

A GREAT OFFER! HORACE WATERS, 481 Broadway, N. Y., *will dispose of* 100 *PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS, of six first-class makers, including Waters', at* very low prices for cash, *or part cash, and balance in small monthly installments; the same to let, and rent applied if purchased. New 7-octave first-class PIANOS, modern improvements, for* $275 *cash. Now ready, a CONCERTO PARLOR ORGAN, the most beautiful style and perfect tone ever made. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. Sheet Music and Music Merchandise.*

UPRIGHT PIANOS.
A LARGE AND SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT,
FOR SALE OR RENT, AT
OUVRIER & SONS, MANUFACTURERS,
No. 27 West 13th-st.,
Between 5th and 6th avs.

AT HAINES BROS.,
No. 27 Union-square.
First-class handsome new PIANO-FORTES for sale on very reasonable terms,
and several used a little, very low for cash.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS,
SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap; rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union-square, (No. 165 4th-av.)

W. H. DAVIS & SON, 40 Downing-st., Organ Builders, offer for sale two 12-stop organs pedal bass; also one 8-stop do; also one second-hand 6-stop. These are warranted superior toned and in workmanship.

MISS MARIA BRAINERD
Will receive applications for pupils in music, especially singing, at her residence, No. 135 East 18th-st. Will superintend vocal instruction in a school.

HALLAM'S MUSICAL ACADEMY, No. 12 Union-square—Piano, Violin, Organ, Singing, Harmony, class or private instruction. Pupils under Mr. Hallam's tuition or supervision. Terms moderate.

INSTRUCTION ON THE PIANO-FORTE given by a well-known and highly efficient teacher, at her own or pupil's residence; terms very moderate. Mrs. C., No. 308 West 23d-st., West-side *Times* Office.

SIGNOR A. BENDELARI WILL RESUME his instruction in singing on Sept. 30. He will be at his residence, No. 9 East 17th-st., every Monday and Thursday from 12 to 2 P. M.

AIDA.—BEAUTIES OF VERDI'S OPERA OF "Aida," the latest composition of this celebrated author; price, 60 cents; sent free by mail. OAKES & CLAYTON, No. 7 Washington-place.

SERENADE RUSSE.—COMPOSED AND performed by the author, Anton Rubinstein. Price, 50 cents. Sent free by mail.
OAKES & CLAYTON, No. 7 Washington-place.

UPRIGHT PIANOS—7-OCTAVE, SPLENDID rose-wood case, warranted for six years, at very low prices for cash. Also some fine square pianos, $250. No. 55 WEST 16TH-ST., near 6th-av.

PROF. J. A. DAWSON, FIRST PRIZE of the Brussels Conservatory of Music, will take pupils on the piano-forte. Address 46 West 14th-st.

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY GOOD second-hand pianos for half their value, $110, $160 &c., at No. 425 West 28th-st., near 9th-av.

TO RENT—A STEINWAY SQUARE PIANO, Stool and Music-rack. Inquire at 445 West 23d-st.

THE ARCH CONSPIRACY.

Doom of the Negro Pronounced by the Greeley Leaders.

Horace Greeley Expected to Execute the Sentence if Elected—The First Act in the Drama Opens in Georgia—The Eyes of an Honest Greeleyite Opened.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The following extract from the minority report of the Kuklux Committee, which was presented to Congress after Mr. Greeley's nomination at Cincinnati, and after the Democratic leaders had resolved to make him their candidate for the Presidency, discloses the real purposes of the coalition so far as the negro is concerned. Three of the gentlemen whose names are signed to it are among the most enthusiastic supporters of Horace Greeley in the Democratic ranks, one of them, Mr. Blair, was at Cincinnati urging his nomination by the soreheads, and another, Mr. Bayard, made a strong speech in his favor at the Baltimore Convention. It will be seen that they predict for the negro the fate of the Indians. The report has just been printed at the Government printing-office. The entire document is of a piece with the infamous Brodhead letter, and reiterates its exact sentiments. It is as follows:

But while the negroes of the South have position and power in the administration of public affairs now, who can say, who can look into the future so clearly as to enable him to say how long this unnatural state of things will last. No one is so prescient as to be able to fix the period of its duration, but that it must end somehow, and at some time not in the distant future, no philosophic thinker will doubt. It is altogether too abnormal, too much opposed to the instinctive feeling—some will say prejudices—of the white race, to endure beyond the peculiar condition of popular opinion brought about by a war prosecuted in the end for freedom, if not the enfranchisement of the negro. Gradually, in time, and under a change of circumstances, this exceptional state of the popular mind will wear out and pass away, and public opinion will vibrate back to its old condition, as it existed prior to the disturbing influences of the war. This will be brought about by one of two things: either by a rupture of the Government itself, or the springing up of some new and all-powerful party out of the ruins of the existing political organizations. When either of these two things shall occur, and God grant it may not be the first, it will be the political death of the negro on this continent. So far as it relates to his future solidity as a race commingled with the whites within the Union, he will be in a worse condition than he was in a State of Slavery, for the inevitable tendency will be to segregate him from the white race, and if not transported to some other country, he will slowly but surely pass away like the aborigines, and his place among us, like that of the Indian, will be known no more, forever.

(Signed,)
FRANK P. BLAIR.
T. F. BAYARD.
S. S. COX.
JAMES R. BECK.
P. VAN TRUMP.
A. M. WEDDELL.
J. C. ROBINSON.
J. M. HANKS.

THE GEORGIA ELECTION BEGINS TO TELL.

An election will be held here on Tuesday for Delegate to Congress and members of the Legislature. Mr. Boswell, who was the Greeley candidate for Congress, prints a card this morning retiring from the contest, thereby insuring the election of Gen. Chipman, the regular Republican nominee. Mr. Boswell had considerable support among the colored people, but the news from Georgia convinced him of the hollowness of the Sorehead promises, so far as the acceptance of the situation and the legitimate results of the war are concerned. In his card he says:

Georgia speaks, and she speaks for injustice to the colored people of her section; proscription at the polls means proscription away from them. I want reconciliation and peace, but do not want it at the expense of those who dared to defend the Union when the Union needed their defense. I want peace where all of the people can rest content, without regard to color, or race, or sentiments. Permit me to say in conclusion, that if the Democratic Party wins here, it will exercise the same persecutions it has in former days. Let us bury the past, and unite once more for the sake of the national ticket. I thank the people who have stood by me faithfully and honestly, and say to them, for them and their welfare, I withdraw my name from the political contest for Congress.

OCT. 5, 1872.

The Georgia Railroad Outrages—A Bridge Burned and the Mails Seized by a Mob.

From the Chattanooga (Tenn.) Herald, Oct. 3.

The regular train on the Alabama and Chattanooga Road went out Wednesday morning at 7½ o'clock. Nothing of an unusual character occurred until the train had passed a short distance beyond Trenton, when a bridge was discovered partially burned. This was soon repaired, and the train passed through to Attalla without further hindrance.

The evening mail train from Attalla was not so fortunate. When it arrived at Trenton, about 2½ in the afternoon, it was seized upon by the Dade County mob, and detained. The train, with the United States mails, was still in their possession at our latest report. It is probable that no train will go out on the road today.

Vigorous steps will at once be taken to apprehend the offending parties and bring them to justice. When a mob, acting under the real or pretended authority of a State Governor, can and will seize upon the mails of the country and appropriate or detain them indefinitely, all attempt at law and order had as well cease at once. If Mr. Stanton cannot be put in peaceable possession of property intrusted to the hands of receivers from whom he receives his office, by the Supreme Court of the United States, then the Federal Government is a failure and States rights is the supreme law of the land. We feel sure that such high-handed outrages will not be permitted to continue long. The people of Dade County certainly do not consider what dangerous risks they are incurring. Under the law of Georgia, bridge-burning is punished by death, which punishment, under certain circumstances, may be commuted to imprisonment for life. Obstructing a train, under the laws of the same State, is made a penitentiary offense.

The prisoners who were arrested and paroled on Tuesday, all but one or two, returned yesterday, and took the evening train for Atlanta in charge of the United States Marshal of North Georgia.

ROME.

The Death of the Pope's Brother.

The London *Times* of Sept. 21 says: "There is every reason to believe that the Pope has been seriously affected by the death of his brother, Count Joseph Mastai-Ferretti. His Holiness himself has left his eightieth year behind him, and, although he springs from a long-lived family, he cannot be insensible to a warning that comes from so near. It must not be forgotten what deep anguish took possession of his soul when, in July, 1869, he lost another brother, the Count Gabriel Ferretti. On that occasion the Pope gave a public exhibition of his sorrow by ascending on his knees the Scala Santa—that flight of steps near the Lateran, which, the tradition says, was conveyed to Rome from Jerusalem, where it is said to have led to Pontius Pilate's judgment seat. The Mastai-Ferretti were a large family, not rich, and of a nobility of no very ancient date, but they were, most of them, distinguished by personal bravery, high honor, and decided liberal principles. Though, in the earliest year of his Pontificate, Pius IX. was supposed to be bent on reconciling the Papacy with modern civilization, his brothers did not press very eagerly forward among the multitude by which he was applauded, either because they knew him too well to have faith in his Liberalism, or because they were too disinterested to incur even the suspicion of benefiting by the exaltation even of a popular Pontiff, and had made up their minds that their brother's reign, whatever other blame might be attached to it, should not be liable to the charge of nepotism. After the Pope's flight to Gaeta, and the reaction to which France lent her countenance and support, the intercourse between Pius IX. and his brothers came altogether to an end, and some of them even quitted the Pontifical dominions, only returning after the annexation of their native place, Sinigaglia, to the Kingdom of Italy. However strong in his conceit of himself the Holy Father may have been at all ages, and more sure than ever of his infallibility since the decision of the Vatican Council, it is by no means impossible that this calm and silent, but consistent, opposition of all the members of his family, of which he, perhaps, took no heed while they were all full of life, is now producing a depressing effect upon him, as they are dropping off one by one and give no sign. We are not told whether, in this instance, the Holy Father received timely information of the approaching end of his near relative, and sent him his apostolical benediction *in articulo mortis*, as he did in the case of his other brother, Count Gabriel. The late Count has, we believe, long lived in retirement in his family residence, in his quaint and picturesque, but decayed, old native city—a place dead for eleven months in the year, and only galvanized into something like animation during the few weeks of its old-established and once-celebrated fair. Upon Sinigaglia being recalled to municipal freedom under the auspices of Victor Emmanuel, the Brothers Mastai-Ferretti filled for several years some unimportant offices in the city. Their own personal worth and their well-known if not outspoken hostility to priestly rule in general, and to their brother's policy in particular, strongly recommended them to the good opinion of their townspeople, and gave them an ascendency which neither their fortune, at no time considerable, nor their aristocratic title, which, as we said, hardly amounted to any very high distinction, could have obtained for them. The Mastai claim descent from a comb-maker, who migrated from the Venetian Provinces in the sixteenth century, and, settling in the Marches, accumulated a small fortune by which one of his descendants was enabled to contract a matrimonial alliance with a lady of the widely-spread Ferretti family. In the case of the *Abate*, who became a Bishop, a Cardinal, and a Pope, as in that of his two brothers, the Count who is now dead, and Count Gabriel, who died before him, such social position as they respectively achieved was almost entirely due to personal worth."

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

The Ignorance of the Fourth Ward Police—A Woman's Life Endangered by Carelessness and Negligence of Duty.

A handsome and well-educated woman entered the Fourth Precinct Station yesterday afternoon, and informed Sergt. Kelly, who was at the desk at the time, that she was very ill and desired medical aid immediately, also adding that she felt as if she would have a miscarriage. Instead of telegraphing for the ambulance, as it was clearly their duty to do, and making further inquiry into the case, Capt. Ulman and his subordinate officers sent the woman to the Park Hospital in charge of Officer Meyer. When she arrived at the hospital, after walking from the Oak-street Station, the unfortunate woman was in a terrible condition, and utterly exhausted. Warden Brown carried her into the female ward of the institution, and senior assistant Amabile proceeded to ascertain her name and business. She said that her name was Emma Bristol, a native of England, thirty-two years old, and that she had been in this country seven years, living in this City for the last year. Examination showed that a miscarriage was to be expected, and Dr. Amabile felt convinced that the woman's condition was one of malpractice. She did not, however, account for her condition. House Surgeon Hardy, on examination, in conjunction with Dr. Amabile, unhesitatingly decided that not only had there been malpractice, but that instruments had been used. Later in the evening Dr. Amabile taxed the woman with this, and she finally admitted that the doctor's opinion was correct. The woman said that she arrived in Boston from England seven years ago, and worked in various stores through the country until a year ago, when she came to this City and obtained employment in A. T. Stewart's store, at Broadway and Ninth-street. Coming out from her work every evening she met a young man, and in course of time became acquainted with him. Three months ago, in the Grand House, New Bowery, he effected her ruin, and on Friday, at the same place, used an iron instrument for a criminal purpose. The woman said that the man's name was George Tompkins, and that he kept a wholesale tea store. Where he lived or where his place of business was she refused to state. Her condition is extremely critical. The surgeons of the hospital, it is understood, will report the case to Superintendent Kelso.

CONFLICT OF OPINION.

The Fire Commissioners Quarreling With Controller Green About Money Matters—A Test Case Proposed.

There is at present a dead-lock in the financial affairs of the Board of Fire Commissioners, owing to a conflict of opinion between the Commissioners and Controller Green as to the proper construction of an act of the Legislature regulating the powers of the Board.

The Commissioners have formerly been empowered by the provisions of the charter to draw upon the City Treasury for such an appropriation of money as they deemed necessary to pay the expenses of the Department for a stated period, and to have it placed to their credit in the bank selected by the authorities, generally the Tenth National Bank. This provision of the charter was subsequently repealed, and all bills of the Department are ordered to be sent to the Controller, to be by him audited and paid. Controller Green puts the strictest construction upon this act, refuses to place any considerable sum of money at the disposition of the Commissioners, and insists that all bills of whatsoever nature, contracted by the Department, shall be sent to his office for audit and payment. The Commissioners, who have been accustomed to the handling of appropriations as large as $1,000,000, and to the paying of current expenses after their own fashion, have—or at least some of them have—taken umbrage at this strict construction of the law by the Controller, and propose to test the legality either of his action or of the validity of the act. Application has been made, by them in the Supreme Court to commence proceedings against Controller Green, and so to test and settle the vexed question.

A number of secret executive meetings of the Board have been held, and all that can so far be positively ascertained is that the preliminary application of a suit has been made. It is understood that the five Commissioners are not in harmonious accord in the action begun. They are said to be divided as follows: Commissioners Hinchman, Blair and Hennessey in favor of fighting the Controller; Commissioners Shaler and Golladay against such action.

Meanwhile the employes of the Department are delayed in their payments from the City, some of the clerks having over six weeks' pay due them. Controller Green is understood to have no desire to oppose the demands of the Commissioners, other than to stand by the letter of the law. Should the matter not be compromised before further proceedings are taken in Court, the question at issue might be so decided as to seriously alter the position of this and other Departments of the City Government to the Controller's office.

Rev. Morgan Dix on Dr. Vinton, at Trinity Church.

At the morning service yesterday in Trinity Church, Rev. Morgan Dix preached from the 146th Psalm: "His breath goeth forth, he returneth to his earth; in that very day his thoughts perish." He alluded in the opening of his sermon to the sadness of death and its uses. It is a check to human pride, and one of the strongest allies to religion outside of the Church. There have been men who in days gone by strove to obtain an elixir which should forever give them the power over death. But their failure was certain, and the grim king remained to correct the folly and confirm the wisdom of man. Were it not for this limitation, we would soon forget all about religion and trample upon it. Inside the portals of the Church of Christ are new uses for this termination of Life. Outside it is an avenger, inside among believers it affords them the last opportunity of making a full and complete offering of their souls to God, and is the beginning of that eternal blissful rest for which their souls have longed. Reviewing this phase of death's utility, the reverend gentleman came to the thoughts which arise in the mind of those who, at the altar, commemorate some dear spirit departed. It is the eighth day, said he, since he who was pastor and minister in this sanctuary was laid in the grave—Dr. Vinton. I cannot refer to him without deep emotion. Twenty-three years ago my acquaintance with him began. He was then as a tower of strength to us young men, who longed to see him attain the highest position in the Church. Bright, vigorous, and of splendid mind, how shall he be remembered, but as one who held fast to the faith of Christ to the end. Though brought up in a somewhat narrow religious manner, he made great strides until he reached the position of one of the noblest Doctors and clergymen in the Church. To the last he retained the sense of his priesthood, and clung to it to death, and with his failing breath asked to be buried with his snow-white alb and stole crossed upon his breast. This is not the occasion for an extended allusion to him; but I will say to you what he would have me do: "Set your house in order."

Turf Notes.

The Fall meeting of the Fleetwood Park Association closes today, and if the weather is propitious there will be a great crowd of spectators, as the two races on the programme for the day promise to be most brilliant affairs. The first race is for a purse of $2,000, for horses that have never beaten 2:31, which has fourteen entries, viz.: Edwin Thorn's b. m. Enigma, John Lovett's b. m. Gazelle, D. Jenkins' gr. s. Joe Brown, J. H. Phillips' ch. m. Fanny Fern, J. D. Walton's b. g. Kansas Chief, M. Roden's gr. m. Heatherbloom, W. Wellington's br. g. Wellington, Jas. McKee's b. m. Young Thorn, J. J. Bowen's b. g. Comee, J. N. Woodward's b. m. Belle Brandon, P. Manee's b. m. Mary A. Whitney, M. W. Olcott's blk. g. Contraband, H. Newland's br. s. William Turnbull, and M. Carroll's br. s. Jubilee Lambert. The great race of the day and meeting is the purse of $3,000, free for all, and $2,500 additional to any horse beating 2:17. George Palmer, American Girl, and Rosalind are entered in this, and the contest between them will be close and exciting.

The Fall meeting at Herdic Park, Williamsport, Penn., is announced to take place on Oct. 23, 24, 25, 26.

AFFAIRS IN ENGLAND.

The Geneva Award—Public Sentiment on the Decision—Taxation Prospects—Relations Between Capital and Labor—Commercial Uneasiness.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 20, 1872.

Not much is said about the Geneva award. What is said shows that people rather smart under it. It is certain at least—and one of your contemporaries will, perhaps, be surprised to hear it—that there have been as yet no illuminations, no guns fired, or other marks of rejoicing. It is only fair to say that the money part of the question is not much regarded. Three millions is certainly not a great deal for a rich country to pay, and just now England is very rich and prosperous. The sum looks worse in detail than in gross. It is calculated that a penny of income tax—that is, a penny in the pound on all incomes of one hundred pounds and upward—yields just about a million and a half; and tax-payers are, therefore, fined at the rate of twopence in the pound for the negligence of this country. This helps to bring it home to everybody. It is probable that the Government will be able to meet the demand out of the surplus of the year, but whether an additional twopence of income tax is or is not imposed is only a matter of form. If the three millions did but go across the ocean, there would be, either this year or next year, relief to tax-payers to that extent, and in the long run they will have to make up the loss. The worst sting of the award is the humiliation it carries with it. There is no getting rid of the fact that England has been put in the wrong, and a great deal of fine argument demolished. There are some people who try to take comfort from the ingenious assurances of a New-York paper that it is, somehow or other, the United States which is under a cloud, and that there is something particularly glorious and triumphant in being condemned for misconduct to pay a fine of three millions sterling. It is felt, however, that this is a sort of glory of which a very little goes a long way. It is a familiar observation that the weakest and most ricketty child is often the pet of the family and the idol of its complacent parents. The favorite argument in England against the American claims has always been that the country was not bound to go beyond its own municipal laws and usages, and that, even admitting these to have been in any respect imperfect, it would have been a breach of neutrality as against the Confederates to have amended them after the war commenced. It appears to have caused much distress that this pretty theory should have been so rudely demolished by the Geneva Tribunal. It always seemed to me amazing that men of sense should not see how dangerously, if this theory was good for anything, it cut two ways. It is obvious that if one of two combatants went to war reckoning upon the advantages he would derive from the imperfect preparations of a neutral to maintain its neutrality, the temptation to go to war thus presented to one combatant would be, in effect, a breach of neutrality against the other. I know there are many Englishmen who at the time thought that it was foolish, as well as futile to plead the imperfections of our municipal law as a reason for not discharging to the fullest extent international obligations. The general feeling of the country, however, was then the other way, and the declaration of the Tribunal on this point is distressing to the vanity of a country which prides itself on its logic and common sense, as well as on its honor. The truth is, that public opinion was formerly warped by a fear lest England should be thought to be cringing toward the United States, and are tempted to strain the law in favor of the South in order to save itself from the charge of cowardly conciliation to the North. This was really the origin of all the mischief. England has since shown more moral courage, but the recollection of this passage of its history can never be a pleasant one. Two years ago, though the Government was sound enough, there was a considerable body of Englishmen, who just in the same way, and for the same reason, were anxious to espouse the cause of the French against the Germans.

TAXATION PROSPECTS.

As I said before, it is probable that the Government will be able to pay the American debt out of the surplus of the year, with something over to go on with. It has been, so far, a year of thriving and industry and enormous gains, and almost every branch of revenue has profited by it. The Chancellor of the Exchequer is supposed to be extremely cheerful and serene. He has been sailing round Scotland in a yacht, looking in on the people at different points, and making pretty speeches to them about their superior moral character and the greatness of their country, speeches which the simple-minded Scots accept as quite serious, and which they greatly relish. Mr. Gladstone is understood to be not quite so easy in his mind. He knows that prosperity, like sunshine, has its shadows. Mr. Lowe once horrified the commercial world, soon after he became Chancellor of the Exchequer, by declaring that the money market must take care of itself, but Mr. Gladstone is not quite sure of its capacity to do so. The trade and industry of the country are real enough, but they rest in some respects on artificial and unstable bases. The operatives, in the enjoyment of unexpectedly high wages, imagine that their power to command their own prices is quite without limits; and it would be too much to hope that they will be undeceived in this respect without some severe struggle. Worse in its economical effects than their determination to insist upon higher wages is their disinclination to work. They have hardly any other conception of enjoyment than drinking, and they seem to think that higher wages cannot be satisfactorily expended without longer hours of leisure for the consumption of liquor. The output of each has already been seriously reduced from this cause, and the iron-makers are also bent upon shorter hours of labor. It is useless to point out to the men that as they can get such a good market price for their work, it is their interest to sell as much of it as possible in case the market turns. All they gain they spend. They require a keener taste for indulgences, and when a change comes, and markets fall, they are just so much the less prepared to accommodate themselves to their new circumstances. On the other hand, the employers, who find that the men insist upon hard commercial terms when their own interests are in question, are pretty sure to enforce the same terms when their turn comes. I know several large establishments which have been in the habit of keeping on their men even at a loss rather than turn them loose, but who have been so harassed with strikes that they have resolved to employ them just as they are wanted, and they believe that even paying the highest wages they will save money by this system. It is obvious, however, that the relations between capital and labor are not likely to be harmonized in this manner. If there is a hard Winter, if bread is dear and coal scarce, and meat mounts in price—which are all on the cards—there can hardly fail to be a spirit of discontent among the working classes. An attempt has been made to obtain coal from France and Belgium; but this can only be a temporary remedy. Prices will soon go up on the Continent as well as here. The harvest has been a bad one, and, though this is now of less consequence than it once was, still it has its effect. The cattle-plague is spreading, and the farmers are calling out for more stringent precautions against the introduction of diseased animals, while on the other hand there is a popular cry against restrictions of any kind, as tending to increase the injurious monopolies of the landed interest.

COMMERCIAL UNEASINESS.

Under these circumstances it is hardly surprising that there should be a good deal of commercial uneasiness. The markets are subjected to influences on the effect of which it is impossible to reckon with confidence. Prices kept up by an artificial limitation of production are apt to lead to a reaction when the demand falls off. It seems to be assumed at present that the prices of all kinds of things must necessarily rise in the same proportion, and no margin is allowed for a decrease of consumption. Those who deal in articles of luxury must, when articles of necessity are dearer, make their choice between lowering their prices and selling a smaller quantity of goods. The money market itself is in a ticklish condition. A plethora of money provokes rash speculations; and for the last two years there has been a violent determination of specie to London. The war and the transfer of capital from France to Germany have produced dangerous elements of disturbance. The rise in the bank rate of discount has been followed by a general fall of securities and several houses supposed to have been touched by the bankruptcy of Gledstanes were still regarded with suspicion. It may be that men of business are frightened only at their own good fortune, and believe things are too good to last, or there has been an inflation which may at any moment collapse.

F. H. J.

FOREIGN NOTES.

The obituary of the London *Times* of Sept. 20 contains an announcement of the death of Mr. William Highgason, of St. James'-road, Holloway. It is stated that he was one hundred and seven years of age.

Three Chinese have taken out a patent in Paris for the invention of a new automatic and autographic continuous telegraphic instrument, by the aid of which apparatus the dispatch is transmitted to the receiver as an exact fac-simile of the transmittor's autograph.

The official *North German Gazette* remarks that if the Queen of England did not join in the meeting of Sovereigns at Berlin, it was simply because she did not wish to do so. It is inexact, the *Gazette* says, to speak of the exclusion of England. The hope is subsequently expressed that the English Press will return to a more amicable disposition toward Germany, such as prevails there toward England.

The *Swiss Times*, of Sept. 18, reports the latest ascent of Mont Blanc as follows: "Last week four English ladies, the Misses Murray, and their brother, arrived at the Grands Mulets, accompanied by four guides. Continuing their ascent on the following day, they reached the grand plateau, when the youngest, twelve years of age, feeling fatigued, went back to the Grands Mulets. The three others, however, aged respectively twenty-one, seventeen and fourteen years, continued their ascent, and arrived at the summit of Mont Blanc about midday. At 9 o'clock in the evening they were again at Chamounix, where they were triumphantly received at the Hôtel du Mont Blanc. Such an ascent, it is said, has not been made for several years.

According to a statement made at the Statistical Congress, held this year in St. Petersburg, the total number of deaths from small-pox in the German Army during the recent Franco-German war was 263. This small mortality is attributed to the system of compulsory revaccination, which every man who enters the army must undergo. On the other hand, in the French Army, where revaccination is not compulsory, the number of deaths, as stated by a French authority, was 23,469. This terrible difference, says the *Wiener Medizin Wochenschr*, must puzzle the greatest opponents of vaccination.

Confirmation has been given by other well-informed French journals to the statements of the *Univers* respecting Cardinal Antonelli's representation to the three Emperors about the meeting place of the next conclave. *Le Français*, an organ of liberal clericalism, is specially informed that the Emperor Francis Joseph has on two distinct occasions within the past few months expressed to Pius IX. his sentiments of devotion to the Church, with an assurance that in case of the conclave not being able to meet at Rome, Austria will place Trent at the disposal of the members of the Sacred College. *Le Français* has reason to know that two other hospitable Samaritans are in the field—England having offered the Island of Malta for the contingency in question, and M. Thiers having suggested Monaco as a suitable spot for the assembly, where it could be protected by the combined fleets of France and Austria.

The French papers announce the completion of the plans of the new strategic railway intended to connect together the works and advanced forts destined to co-operate in the future defense of Paris. The line is to be greatly extended, and will not describe a regular circle, as in many places it will make considerable détours in order to connect the more advanced forts. It will also be brought into communication with the other important railways, and will thus, as it were, be connected with the whole of France. The scheme was suggested a year ago, though only now is it perfectly completed, and the plans also include a precise and detailed estimate of the cost of the work. Of course the primary object of this strategic line is the defense of the capital. But once established and in working order, it will be also found serviceable for the various local interests of Paris. The stations and landing-places are to be strongly fortified, and at many points the rails will be protected by épaulements constructed on a new system. The scheme is, it is stated, to be presented to the President—who already knows all the details—for his final approval towards the end of the current month.

The Opera and the Concert Season.

"L'Africaine" will be sung at the Academy of Music this evening....At Steinway Hall, the last but two of the Rubinstein concerts may be attended....The last Patti-Mario concert, to take place previous to the departure of Mr. Strakosch's company for the West, will be given to-night at Steinway Hall.

Suicide of a Young Man.

Stephen D. Hicks, son of a restaurant keeper at No. 219 Greenwich-street, a young man twenty-three years of age, took arsenic in a glass of lager-beer ten days ago. A physician was called and the matter kept from the public. Hicks, who had been drinking very hard previous to taking the arsenic, gradually sank, and died on Saturday night. He was born in Brooklyn, and well educated. Coroner Young will hold an inquest in the case.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

The Cosmopolitan Conference was addressed, yesterday, on "Finance," by Mr. Hotchkins.

The Teutonia Maennerchor gave an evening entertainment at Dramatic Hall, in Houston-street, last night.

An unknown sailor, about thirty-five years old, dropped dead in Washington Market yesterday.

The scholastic exercises of Columbia College, East Forty-ninth street, between Madison and Fourth avenues, will commence this morning.

Valentine Gudaz, a cook, was held for trial at the Tombs, yesterday, for dishonoring a little girl named Cecilia Lucke, eleven years old, living at No. 36 Rose-street.

The Odd Fellows' Saengerbund gave an entertainment at the Walhall, in Orchard-street, last evening, which included a concert and a dramatic representation.

At the Turn Hall, in Fourth-street, a soiree and concert was given last night, the proceeds of which will be donated in aid of the school of the West Side Turnverein.

The Beethoven Maennerchor gave an entertainment at its club-house, in Fifth-street, last evening, which was largely attended by the friends of this popular organization.

A man named Fuller, residing at No. 761 Sixth-avenue, was yesterday locked up at Jefferson Market for beating Mme. Bushman, of No. 161 Greene-street.

The singing school established by the North-eastern Saengerbund for the education of vocalists was reopened for the season, at the Germania Assembly Rooms, yesterday, when a number of new pupils were admitted.

A large and select audience, composed principally of inhabitants from the Provinces of Elsass and Lorraine, filled Central Park Garden, last night, where a concert was given for the benefit of the Elsass-Lorraine Society.

John Kudger, of No. 21 Clinton-street, while leaving a lager-beer saloon in Pitt-street, near Stanton, on Saturday night, was stabbed in the back and slightly wounded by an unknown man.

Patrick Maloney, a boy nine years old, living in Avenue D, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, quarreled on Saturday night with another boy called "Baldy," and was slightly stabbed in the left side.

The Church of the Disciples, Steinway Hall, Fourteenth-street and Fourth-avenue, was reopened yesterday. The services were conducted by Rev. Geo. H. Hepworth, at the conclusion of which a lecture was delivered by him on the "True Working Church."

During a quarrel at their residence, Thirtieth-street and Third-avenue, last night, John O'Connell attempted to cut his wife Catherine's throat. He failed, but cut her seriously on her right arm and back of her neck. He was arrested and locked up in the Twenty-first Precinct.

At Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, before Justice Koch, Phillip Seller, of No. 529 West Thirty-eighth-street, was locked up for having beaten Mrs. Jane Menish, of No. 329 same street, on the head with a club, inflicting dangerous wounds.

Patrick Murphy, a boy fifteen years old, residing in Sixteenth-street, near First-avenue, during a quarrel on Saturday night was stabbed in the arm and severely wounded by Thomas Montgomery, eighteen years old, of Thirty-ninth-street, near First-avenue, who was held for trial at Essex Market Court yesterday.

Raymond Carr, of No. 64 South Fifth-avenue, who stabbed Emanuel Burnett, of Mount Washington, Columbia County, N. Y., in the liquor saloon, corner of South Fifth-avenue and Grand-street, was committed by Justice Koch, yesterday. Burnett still lies in a precarious condition.

The Evening High School, in Grammar School No. 35, in West Thirteenth-street, near Sixth-avenue, and the evening schools in the City, will be opened to-night. There are sixteen male, fifteen female, and three colored schools in the City, and they will continue open for eighteen weeks.

The Grand Commandery of the State of New-York will join in the annual conclave at Norwich, N. Y., on the 8th inst. The Sir Knights will meet in a body at the asylum, corner of Grand and Centre streets, at 4 o'clock this evening. The band of the Fifty-fifth Regiment will be present, and will proceed to the Barclay-street ferry, en route to the gathering at Norwich.

BROOKLYN.

Catherine Schaubacker, a domestic, in Ninth-street, while retiring to bed was seriously burned by the explosion of a kerosene lamp.

John N. Wade, a machinist, was arrested, yesterday, on a charge of stealing a watch, valued at $30, from William Sheedy, Hamilton-avenue and Sixteenth-street.

The residence of D. M. Brown, No. 393 Third-street, was entered by burglars on Saturday night. They bursted open a bedroom door and aroused the family. The depredators fled without booty.

Alfred Linquin, a Swede, residing at No. 654 Atlantic-avenue, was observed, yesterday, wandering through Lafayette-avenue, bleeding profusely from a cut on the head. He stated that he had been waylaid in South Brooklyn, knocked down and robbed of $14.

Shortly after 1 o'clock, yesterday, three boys entered through the fan-light of Henry C. Hughes' provision store, corner of Union-place and Dupont-street, Greenpoint, and robbed the money drawer. Stephen Welters and a boy named Madden, two of the guilty parties, have been arrested.

Yesterday morning a fire broke out in the three-story brick building, corner of North Third and Second streets, E. D., owned by Mrs. McAteer. The store and basement was occupied by John Schneider as a bakery. His loss amounts to $800; insured. Mary Duggan, aged twenty-three years, and Mrs. Marshall, an old lady sleeping in the attic of an adjoining building, were nearly suffocated by smoke. The damage to the building was trifling. Cause of the fire unknown.

LONG ISLAND.

Yesterday Bishop Loughlin dedicated the new Catholic Church called "Our Lady of Loretto," in Hempstead.

Treadwell Wood and Charles Granger, two horse-thieves, were captured in Huntington, on Saturday.

The new Methodist Church at Great Neck, built on the Benjamin Wood estate by Joseph Skinner, was dedicated yesterday. It cost $8,000.

There are forty-two cases on the calendar of the Circuit Court to be held at Riverhead today. The important ones are the Horton divorce case and the fish factory nuisance.

NEW-JERSEY.

The work of rebuilding the Watson Manufacturing Company's shop in Paterson will be commenced this week. Meantime the Company will commence work in temporary buildings on Dale-avenue, in order to fill about $200,000 worth of orders that they have on hand.

Rev. H. Mason Gallaher, late of Brooklyn, commenced his labors at the Broad-street Baptist Church, Elizabeth, yesterday, preaching, both morning and evening, to large audiences. The society has agreed to pay Mr. Gallaher $10,000 per annum, and have given his wife a house worth $15,000.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—In Admiralty.—188, Ryan vs. Heckscher, Jr.; 150, Thomas vs. Steam-tug Gen. McCandlass; 12, Commercial Steam-boat Company vs. Ferry-boat America; 177, New-Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company vs. Propeller John Taylor; 194, The New-Jersey Litherage Company vs. Steam-tug E. Levy; 165, Chapman vs. Sanchez y Dolz.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I.—No calendar.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II.—Held by Leonard, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—1618½, People ex rel. Stember vs. Maguire; 770, Sheldon vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; —, Hollerer et al. vs. Rufner et al.; 568, Wilson vs. Reddy; 656, Cobb vs. Steen et al.; 670, Meyer vs. Pittston and Elmira Coal Company; 720, Tuska vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 790½, Page vs. Williams; 800 Meyer et al. vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 270½, (R. C.,) Jewett et al. vs. Black et al.; 3446, Van Brunt vs. Kerr et al.; 3766, Tryon vs. Merritt et al.; 404, Liddle vs. Duncan et al.; 556, Batty vs. Warren; 740, Linn vs. Chardavorgne; 752, Wilie vs. Steinfless; 808½, Corry vs. Hillyer et al.; 810, Williams vs. Neuninger; 812, The Bank of New-York National Banking Association vs. Bull; 814, Winslow vs. Dibble.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Held by Barrett, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—Demurrers.—1, Howe Machine Company vs. Frank et al.; 2, Parish vs. Sherman et al.; 3, Goodenough vs. Spencer et al.; 4, Foley vs. The Mayor, &c., of New-York; 5, The Board of Supervisors of New-York vs. Tweed; 6, Traphagan vs. Matthews; 7, Foley vs. The Mayor, &c., of New-York; 8, Stevenson vs. The Mayor, &c., of New-York; 9, The Mayor, &c., of New-York vs. Tweed; 10, The Board of Supervisors of New-York vs. Connolly; 11, Board of Supervisors of New-York vs. Davidson; 12, Board of Supervisors of New-York vs. Tweed; 13, Board of Supervisors of New-York vs. Ingersoll; 14, Board of Supervisors of New-York vs. Miller; 15, Isidor et al. vs. Altman; 16, Marks et al. vs. Altman; 17, Tysen vs. McCauley; 18, Cipperly vs. Altman; 19, Fannon vs. Hamilton et al.; 20, Byrne vs. The New-York City Central Under-ground Railway Company.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by ——, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Calendar called at 12 M.—First Monday motion calendar.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Barbour, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—29, Howell vs. Kelly, Sheriff; 1429, Godfrey vs. Williamsburg City Fire Insurance Company; —, Keck, Sr., et al., vs. Werder; 531, Reineman et al. vs. Buckman; 1813, Agate vs. Lowenbein; 1699, Simon vs. Herman; 1743, Clarke vs. Buetjer; 1697, Hynes vs. Deusher et al.; 807, Schaus vs. Manhattan Gas-light Company; 1143, Bruff vs. Ward et al.; 1133, Healy vs. Welch et al.; 685, Gladsden vs. Commercial Fire Insurance Company; 819, Chapman vs. Phenix Bank of New-York; 547, Courtney vs. Baker et al.; 1711, Friedhoff, Administrator, &c., vs. Staten Island Railroad Company; 1713, Same vs. Same; —, Duquepenoux vs. The Broadway and Seventh-avenue Railroad Company.

SUPREME COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Morrell, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1334, Muller et al. vs. Higgins; 1160, Eastmond et al. vs. Smith et al.; 1193, Knickerbocker et al. vs. Smith et al.; 1200, Keep et al. vs. Smith et al.; 1262, Davidson vs. Smith et al.; 390, Hall vs. Baldwin et al.; 1298, Levy et al. vs. Jones et al.; 1323, Cassidy vs. Noff et al.; 1330, Nigg vs. Welden; 686, Steinfeld vs. Sommers; 1174, Breen vs. Rich et al.; 30, Skaats vs. Delarand; 1344, Ross et al. vs. Mooee et al.; 82, Shandley vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 546, Knowlton vs. The New-York and Providence Steam-ship Company.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Loew, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—506, Bullock vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 2080, (by order,) Angevine vs. Sandford; 1632, Prawn vs. Mutual Protective Life Insurance Society Union; 68, McCauley, Administrator, vs. Gans; 1618, Knapp vs. Meigs et al.; 374, Paris et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff; 1854, (by order,) Schwartz vs. Brennan, Sheriff; 1855, (by order,) Moses et al. vs. Brennan, Sheriff; 1858, (by order,) Hall vs. Brennan, Sheriff; 659, Battersbell, Jr., vs. Solomon; 1,051, Bernhard vs. Kapp; 429, Diamond vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 1,092, O'Rourke et al. vs. Hall et al.; 1,589, King vs. Disch; 1,597, Rogers vs. Brennan, Sheriff; 1,419, Frank vs. Frank; 1,548, Mason vs. Graham; 1,366, Carroll vs. Third-avenue Railroad Company; 885, Carrington vs. Coulter; 1,547, Walker vs. Craftsmen Life Assurance Company; 1,337, Richards vs. Wellington; 1,543, Cohen vs. O'Conner; 1,545, Cohen vs. O'Conner; 977, Philson vs. Van Nest; 548, Wheeler vs. Comstock; 1598, Hadden vs. Shapter; 1303, Schott, Administratrix, &c., vs. Wright et al.; 1211, Broeckman vs. Faber; 2495, (by order,) Seaman vs. The Mayor et al.; 665, Holyoke Machine Company vs. Erkenbrack; 97, Bender vs. Evarard; 1385, Weller vs. Hoffman; 1631, Dever vs. Hadren; 866, Kreyniberg vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 1256, Shields vs. Lasky; 1500, Adams vs. Sylvester; 1359, Garcia vs. Wheeler, Jr.; 1369, Bronk vs. The New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company; 846, Hanan vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 632, Perrine vs. Lohman; 1456, Schuberth vs. Heyman; 1330, Platt vs. Platt; 1156, Quick vs. Tinker; 1606, New-York Steam Engine Company vs. Stover; 1034, Cohn vs. United States Sewing-machine Company; 612, Leetch vs. Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company; 613, Same vs. Same.

Part II.—No calendar until first Monday in November.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Robinson, J.—Calendar called at 12 M.—Demurrers—1, Davis, Receiver, vs. Mallory; 2, Pecare vs. Newcombe; 3, Fergenspan vs. Roche et al.; 4, De Hars vs. Gardener; 5, Bangs vs. The Blue Ridge Railroad Company; 6, Savidge vs. Barmera; 7, Matthews vs. The Mayor, &c.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Held by Gross, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—526, Ripley vs. Macomber; 528, Leviners vs. Borick; 530, Dillon vs. Reigelmann; 532, Raess vs. Runk; 534, Cocks vs. Collins; 536, Quimby vs. Parker; 540, Wach vs. Wood; 538, Udall vs. Schenck; 542, Wallach vs. Schmidt; 544, Pillow vs. Dilger; 546, The Amazon Insurance Company vs. Cottingham; 548, Matthews vs. Racey; 550, Stuber vs. Dohlbenner; 552, Daly vs. Miller; 554, Spiro vs. Ehrhart.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Tracey, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—527, Murray vs. Jackson; 529, Francis vs. Jackson; 531, O'Brien vs. Muller; 535, Hackett vs. Lawler; 533, Steinhart vs. Fibel; 537, Connell vs. Barnard; 539, Totten vs. McGuinness; 541, Beatus vs. The Williamsburg City Fire Insurance Company; 543, McDougall vs. Hatch; 545, Fettereton vs. Kaufmann; 547, Wetlje vs. Rinckloff; 549, Auld vs. Chase; 551, Watson vs. Smith; 553, Mayer vs. Elias; 555, Schermerhorn vs. The Metropolitan Gas-light Company.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.—834, Bracht vs. Elsas; 5, Mahoney vs. Quinn; 7, Dillon vs. Kohlstaedt; 89, Schuster vs. Elsass; 127, Reynolds vs. Hammersly; 142, Fischer vs. Schwarzbaum; 151, Uhl vs. Scholdknecht; 214, Schloert vs. Schuster; 259, Douglass vs. Guiner; 320, Dohrmann vs. Smith; 343, Gili vs. Barry; 398, Van Ingren vs. White; 442, Schuberth vs. Griswold; 414, Levy vs. White; 444, Ermnerts vs. Donnelly.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.—Held by Hackett, Recorder.—Ellen O'Brien, Anna McGovern, Jane Reilly, Charles McCann, William Howard, Patrick Kane, Hugh Kelly, John Glacken, Joseph Barret, Alexander Anderson, burglary; John Smith, Thomas Kelly, James O'Donnell, James Reilly, grand larceny; James Owens, larceny from the person; Thomas Hackett, felonious assault and battery; Michael Toosney, assault and battery.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 5.

By Judge Barrett.

In the matter of the Department of Public Parks for and in behalf of the Mayor, &c., relative to the opening and widening of certain streets; motion to set aside report denied.

Cronin *vs.* Bailey; order settled.

In the matter of the petition of Silber to vacate assessment; motion granted.

In the matter of the petition of Addison Smith to vacate assessment; motion granted.

In the matter of the petition of Edward Jones to vacate assessment; motion granted.

By Judge Leonard.

Brady *vs.* Smith; order delivery the admission proposed in writing; motion to be denied and costs $10 to abide the event.

[Advertisement.]

THE OCTOBER ELECTIONS.—Many are interested in these elections, but all acknowledge that the Fall style of Hats sold at KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway, is unapproachable in elegance, comfort and durability.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises......6:02 | Sun sets......5:33 | Moon sets..8:44
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook..11:08 | Gov. Island..11:47 | Hell Gate..1:19

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......SUNDAY, Oct. 6.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Franconia, Bragg, Portland, with mdse. and passengers to Ferguson & Wood.

Steam-ship Fanita, Deane, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Lorillard Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Hailey, (Br.,) Petrie, Rio Janeiro Sept. 10, with coffee and 4 passengers to Busk & Jevons.

Steam-ship Wyanoke, Couch, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Albemarle, Walker, Charleston Oct. 3, with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Steam-ship Herman Livingston, Cheeseman, Savannah Oct. 3, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. R. Garrison.

Steam-ship New-Orleans, Gager, New-Orleans Sept. 29, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steam-boat Agnes, Haulhoren, New-Orleans 7 ds., with ordnance stores to United States Quartermaster; vessel to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Steam-ship Sherman, Whitehurst, New-Orleans Sept. 28, with mdse. and passengers to Fredk. Baker; Oct. 1, off Sombrero, passed a Mallory steamer bound S.; 4th, off Hatteras, signalized bark Freedman's Rights, of Yarmouth, N. S., standing S. W.

Steam-ship Magnolia, Palmer, Savannah Oct. 3, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. R. Garrison.

Bark Prince Alfred, (of Liverpool,) Pfeiffer, Hiogo March 5, and St. Helena 10th, with mdse. to Recknagel & Co. Passed Anjier April 24; was off the Cape of Good Hope for 35 ds., with strong S. W. gales, during which stove boats, bulwarks and rails, and lost and split sails; rounded the Cape June 28, and crossed the equator Aug. 31, in lon. 32 10.

Bark Wanderer, (Norw.,) Rolfsen, Cardiff 56 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Came the northern passage, and had westerly gales; Sept. 16, lat. 40, lon. 55, had a hurricane from E. to N. W., lasting 48 hours, during which lost and split sails; has been 14 ds. W. of the Banks.

Bark Magdalena, Griffin, Ciudad Bolivar 20 ds., with hides, cotton, &c., to order—vessel to D. A. De Lima.

Bark Victoria, (of Milford, Eng.,) Williams, Iquique May 18, via Callao June 26, with nitrate of soda to Janssen, Schmidt & Ruperti—vessel to master. Passed Cape Horn July 28, and crossed the equator Aug. 30 in lon. 37 30; has had light winds and calms most of the passage.

Bark Sultan, (of London,) Davis, Havana 14 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to Tetens & Bockmann. Has had fine weather the entire passage; Oct. 5, lat. 38 30, lon. 73 30, spoke bark Eastern Province, (Br.,) from Dublin, for Delaware Breakwater, 42 ds. out.

Bark Dio Fili, (Aust.,) Scopino, Antwerp July 14, via Lisbon 45 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co. Came a southern passage, and had variable winds, and been 12 ds. W. of Bermuda.

Bark Tenax, Proposite, (Norw.,) Olsen, Tralee, Ireland, Sept. 4, in ballast to Tetens & Bockmann. Came the northern passage, and had fine weather up to Oct. 4, when, in lat. 40, lon. 68, experienced a revolving gale, commencing from N. E., and veering round by S. to N. W., accompanied with very heavy rains, and lasting 24 hours. Was 16 ds. W. of the Banks.

Brig Helen G. Rich, (of Harrington,) Strout, Cow Bay 15 ds., with coal to C. B. Swain & Son—vessel to John Zittlosen. Has had westerly winds the entire passage.

Brig Milwaukee, (of Cherryfield,) Strout, Machias, 8 ds., with lath to Jed Frye & Co.

Brig Robin, (of St. Andrews,) Woodman, St. John, N. B., 7 ds., with lumber to E. R. Emerson—vessel to Carver & Barnes. Oct. 4, off Nantucket, had a squall from S. W. lasting about an hour; at the same time saw schr. R. P. Chase, (of Searsport,) who had lost foremast and bowsprit in same squall.

Brig Gilmore Meredith, (of Boston,) Ayres, Fernandina, Fla., 11 ds., with lumber to order—vessel to S. C. Loud & Co. Has had fine weather, with light, variable winds; is anchored in Quarantine, having sickness on board.

Schr. Wm. Durant, Brown, Port Johnson, for Boston.

Schr. Piscataqua, (of Portsmouth, N. H.,) Eldridge, San Blas 18 ds., with cocoanuts to L. F. Nickerson. Left no vessels; has been 6 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. W. gales.

Schr. Wilhamine, Scott, Boston 4 ds., with ice to master.

Schr. C. M. Newins, Ruland, East Harbor, T. I., 11 ds., with salt to H. Darrell & Co.—vessel to master. Left no vessels; has had variable weather and been 5 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Schr. J. Mary Ward, (of Calais,) Ward, Brunswick, Ga., 7 ds., with lumber to T. M. Mayhew—vessel to Jed Frye & Co. Oct. 4, lat. 37, lon. 72 39, spoke schr. Lettie Wells, from Brunswick, Ga., for Boston.

Schr. Nettie Bowers, (of Camden,) Spear, Cardenas 13 ds., with molasses to Phinney & Jackson—vessel to H. W. Loud & Co.

Schr. Wigwam, (of Cherryfield,) Field, Jacksonville 7 ds., with lumber to Alsop & Clark—vessel to Simpson, Clapp & Co.; sld. in company with schr. Angola for Fall River.

Schr. Edward Kidder, Baker, Gardiner, Me., for Philadelphia; put in for a harbor.

Schr. Lark, Parker, Calais, with lumber to George E. Holyoke & Co.

Schr. Ocean Belle, Abbott, Machias, with lumber to Simpson, Clapp & Co.

Schr. Olive Branch, Hall, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Broadfield, Britt, Calais, with lumber to G. Boardman.

Schr. Charles R. Sawyer, Snow, Portland, with lumber to William Jones.

Schr. Mauna Loa, Sanborn, Machias, with lumber to Chase, Talbot & Co.

Schr. A. D. Henderson, Henderson, Vinalhaven, with stone for Brooklyn Bridge.

Schr. C. L. Hix, Rockland, with stone for Post-office.

Schr. Corvo, Pickering, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Alleghanian, Young, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Alexandria, Falkenburg, Jonesport, with spiling to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. A. A. Rowe, Dickens, George's Banks, with fish to D. Haley.

Schr. F. M. Tolver, Perry, Portland, with lumber for Elizabethport.

Schr. Ben Bolt, (Br.,) Drake, St. Andrews, N. B., 10 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Osseo, —— St. John, N. B., with lumber to order.

Schr. Sinbad, Avery, Thomaston, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Palladium, Ryder, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Darius Eddy, Conant, Bangor, with lumber for Newark.

Schr. J. S. Terry, Raynor, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Rosina, Rosina, Robinson, Jonesport, with spiling to master.

Schr. Ida Herbert, Gould, Gloucester, with fish to J. A. Stetson.

Schr. North Pacific, Eaton, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Willow Harp, Hawkins, Warren, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Exertion, Pendleton, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. M. A. Rice, Rice, Portland, with lumber for Newark.

Schr. Victor, Stokes, Portland, with lumber for Elizabethport.

Schr. Zampa, Jewett, St. John, N. B., with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Henry Cole, Odber, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Success, Richards, New-London, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Kate Scranton, Palmer, Providence, for Rondout.

Schr. S. H. Wainwright, Abrams, Portland, with lumber for Elizabethport.

Schr. Ida L. Howard, Harrington, Portland, with lumber to George E. Holyoke & Co.

Schr. Hannah Westbrook, Littlejohn, Portland, with lumber to James Murray.

Schr. Expedite, Rackett, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. John Blanch, Mott, Calais, for Philadelphia.
Schr. Samuel Crocker, Tripp, Taunton, for Rondout.
Schr. Martha Innis, Wylie, Rondout, for Lynn.
Schr. Granite State, Burgess, Rockport, Mass.
Schr. E. M. Smith, Harris, New-London.
Schr. George and Edgar, Sammis, Cape Ann.
Schr. S. S. Buckingham, Hubbard, Portland, Conn.
Schr. Robert Smith, Nickerson, New-Bedford.
Schr. Daniel Webster, Parker, New-London.
Schr. Lady Jane, Haggerty, New-Haven.
Schr. Thomas B. Smith, Boman, New-Bedford.
Schr. Salmon, Washburn, Jones, Taunton.
Schr. Charles W. Bentley, Huntley, Newport.
Schr. C. C. Sadler, Beebe, Cromwell, Conn.
Schr. Agnes, Chester, Providence, for Rondout.
Schr. Saratoga, Weeks, Providence, for Rondout.
Schr. Peter Ritter, Arnold, Portland, Conn.
Schr. Annie Leland, Smith, Providence.
Schr. D. & E. Kelly, Kelly, Boston.
Schr. E. K. Dresser, Brown, Boothbay.
Schr. Helen Augusta, Lane, Portland, Conn.
Schr. Only Son, Johnson, Providence.
Schr. S. S. Lee, Springer, New-Bedford.
Schr. L. M. Strout, Handy, Fall River.
Schr. W. H. Brown, Perry, Providence.
Schr. Grace Girdler, Smith Norwalk.
Schr. Joseph Skidmore, New-Haven.
Schr. Lizzie Raymond, Lord, Fall River.
Schr. Josephine, Allen, Newport.
Schr. Seaport, Whitney, Providence.
Schr. Gilbert Green, Fisher, Norwich.
Schr. Eurotas, Inman, Virginia.
Schr. Revenue, Nickerson, Boston.
Schr. Tarquin, Chatfield, Fall River.
Schr. Aurora, Haskell, New-Bedford.
Schr. Angler, Besse, New-Bedford.
Schr. Elm City, Kelly, New-Bedford.
Schr. Lucy Church, Baker, New-Bedford.
Schr. Sea Flower, Tinker, Hyannis.
Schr. Lamartine, Butler, New-Bedford.
Schr. Tangent, Dix, Providence.
Schr. Louisa, Baker, Providence.
Schr. J. Paine, Stevens, Rockport.
Schr. Mauna, Morris, Dennis.
Schr. Monitor, Chase, Providence.
Schr. Farragut, Hart, Boston.
Schr. Bay State, Crockett, Boston.
Schr. Walton, Morgan, Fall River.
Schr. Effort, Weeks, Providence.
Schr. Henry Finch, Bunnell, Baltimore.
Schr. H. L. Herrick, Partridge, Virginia.

BELOW—Brig Nellie, Owens, St. Croix, with mdse. to Roche, Bros. & Co.

SAILED—Steam-ship Humboldt, for Stettin; ship Alex. McNeil, for Valparaiso.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 6.—Arr. yesterday, bark Restless, from Mobile. Arr. today, steamers Oriental, from Savannah; Achilles, from Philadelphia; bark Florence, from Baltimore; brigs Magnet, from Archangel; Elizabeth, from Malaga; Caroline Eddy, from Philadelphia; schr. A. M. Bliss, from Turk's Island.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 6.—Arr. steamers Tyne Queen, from Philadelphia; Charleston, from New-York; Sea Gull, from Baltimore; J. W. Everman, from Philadelphia; City Point, from New-York; bark Tiber, from Liverpool; Mary McKee, from Philadelphia; schr. Lewis Ehrman, from Baltimore.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 6.—Arr. steam-ship Seminole, from Boston; schrs. H. G. Bird, from Rockland; Seguin, from Bath.

Cld. Oct. 5, ship Sceamer, for Havre.

Sld. steam-ship Huntsville, for New-York; schr. F. J. Lockwood, for Jacksonville.

Spoken.

March 24, by bark Prince Alfred, from Hiago, off Amoy, bark Catherine, (N. G.,) from Shanghai, for Swatow, 7 ds. out; April 3, lat. 11 S., lon. 110 30 E., a British ship, showing fourth pennant and Nos. 4, 9, 1, from London, for Shanghai; 15th, lat. 0 26 S., lon. 108 43 E., bark Goudwet, (Dutch,) from Sourabaya, for Bankok; 17th, lat. 1 10 S., lon. 107 E., ship John Milton, (Br.,) from Yokohama, for New-York, 30 ds. out; same time, bark Nuevo Sonturo, (Span.,) from Singapore, for Barcelona, 18 ds. out; 18th, lat. 1 04 S., lon. 104 E., ship Ocean Mail, (Br.,) from Cardiff, for Hong Kong, 97 ds. out; May 29, lat. 31 S., lon. 34 E., ship Norwood, (Br.,) from Manila, for London, 60 ds. out; June 4, lat. 28 S., lon. 32 E., bark Rebecca, (N. G.,) from Manila, for Falmouth, 69 ds. out; Aug. 26, lat. 6 30 N., lon. 28 W., ship Iumanata, (Br.,) from Liverpool, for Sydney, N. S. W.; 27th, lat. 5 30 N., lon. 25 15, ship Danebridge, (Br.,) from London, for San Francisco, 36 ds. out; 28th, lat. 4, lon. 27 13, schr. Mozambique, (N. G.,) from Hamburg, for Madagascar, 38 ds. out; 29th, lat. 2 55, lon. 29 25, bark Bluch Harre, (Span.,) from Bordeaux, for New-Orleans, 32 ds. out; 31st, lat. 4, lon. 32, passed schr. Hirondel, (Br.,) bound S.

European Marine News.

PLYMOUTH, Eng., Oct. 6.—The North German Lloyds steam-ship Holsatia, Capt. Barends, from New-York, for Hamburg, arr. at this port at 10 o'clock this morning and proceeded.

FALL OPENING,
TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, OCT. 8.
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